

## **RUTGERS, THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW JERSEY**

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Financial Statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Required Supplementary Information and Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance

June 30, 2023

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

# RUTGERS, THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW JERSEY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

## **Table of Contents**

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022	21
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022	23
Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022	25
Notes to Financial Statements	27
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) – Schedules of Employer Contributions, Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability	73
Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	76
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	91
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	92
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State of New Jersey Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid	94
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	97



KPMG LLP Suite 4000 150 John F. Kennedy Parkway Short Hills, NJ 07078-2702

## **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Governors
The Board of Trustees
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey:

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements for the years then ended as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the University, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of Rutgers University Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not



a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of employer contributions, schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedules of the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the message from the president, message from the executive vice president and chief financial officer, Rutgers by the numbers, major facilities projects, list of governors and trustees, letter from the executive vice president and chief financial officer and university administrative officers but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.



In connection with our audits of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 9, 2024 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Short Hills, New Jersey February 9, 2024

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

June 30, 2023

The following management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides a comprehensive overview of the financial position of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (the University or Rutgers) at June 30, 2023 and 2022, and its changes in financial position for the fiscal years then ended, with fiscal year 2021 data presented for comparative purposes. Management has prepared the basic financial statements and related footnote disclosures along with this MD&A in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for public colleges and universities. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related footnotes of the University, which directly follow the MD&A.

In fiscal 2023, the financial reporting entity of Rutgers included over 29 degree granting schools and colleges, offering more than 150 undergraduate majors, more than 400 graduate programs and degrees, with approximately 68,000 students enrolled. These schools are located at Rutgers University-New Brunswick, Rutgers University-Newark, and Rutgers University-Camden. Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences (RBHS), a division within Rutgers, is an academic health care center providing medical education, and conducting research. On July 29, 2016, Rutgers Health Group (RHG), a non-profit corporation, was incorporated by combining the University's clinical operations into a single entity. RHG operations commenced on July 1, 2017 to deliver high quality, cost-effective patient care at clinical locations supportive of the University's teaching and research missions; to participate in education and research exclusively in support of the charitable, scientific and educational purposes of the University; and to support the University's education and training of healthcare students, post-graduate students and professionals. On July 27, 2018, RWJBarnabas Health (RWJBH) and the University announced plans to partner and create the state's largest academic health care system dedicated to providing high-quality patient care, leading-edge research and world-class health and medical education that will transform and advance health care in New Jersey. RWJBH is now primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the joint clinical effort. This RWJBH-lead management structure renders the purposes and mission of RHG essentially moot. Therefore, the University, as RHG's sole corporate member, restructured it to maintain its corporate existence in a dormant format in June 2021. RHG is a blended component unit of the University, however due to its inactivity any additional disclosures have been omitted. Effective July 18, 2023, RBHS and its mission areas of teaching, research, clinical care, and service will be known collectively

On July 1, 2022, the University established a subsidiary single member limited liability company called Scarlet Assets Management Company, LLC (SAMCO) as an alternative solution to maximize revenue generation from licensing the University's multimedia rights assets and to become a platform for other revenue enhancing opportunities for the University, who is its sole member. No transactions existed in fiscal year 2023 for SAMCO.

The University also maintains educational services in many other communities throughout the State of New Jersey (the State). The University operates research and institutional facilities on over 6,000 acres in all 21 counties and 98 municipalities.

The University's financial report includes three basic financial statements: the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statements of Cash Flows. These statements focus on the financial condition of the University, the changes in financial position, and cash flows of the University's business-type activities as a whole rather than the accountability of funds.

The financial statements for the Rutgers University Foundation are presented discretely. The Foundation was formed to aid the University in obtaining private funds and other resources to meet the needs and achieve the goals of the University.

## Implementation of GASB 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96). This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs or subscriptions) for government-end users. The standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in GASB 87, Leases, as amended. Under this statement, the University is required to recognize a SBITA liability and a right-to-use SBITA asset.

The University implemented GASB 96 as of July 1, 2021. As a result, fiscal year 2022 has been adjusted and adjusted amounts are reflected for MD&A purposes. Fiscal year 2021 remains unchanged. (See Note 2)

## Financial Highlights

The University's financial condition at June 30, 2023, improved with an increase in net position of \$60.8 million. Total operating revenues increased by \$135.1 million, or 4.3%, with increases of 12.2% in auxiliary revenue, 11.0% in grant and contract revenues, 22.9% in net patient service revenues and 1.6% in health service contract revenues offset by decreases of 2.8% in net tuition and fees and 9.2% in other operating revenues. Operating expenses increased by \$169.5 million, or 3.8%, while net non-operating revenues decreased by \$39.8 million, or 3.1%,

primarily due to a decrease in COVID Relief Funds of \$188.8 million and other postemployment benefits of \$125.5 million, offset by an increase in fair value of investments of \$190.6 million and annual appropriations and fringe benefits of \$80.4 million.

Tuition revenue is a significant source of funding for the University. Tuition and fee rates increased on average 2.9%, however the enrollment declined from 69,541 students in fiscal 2022 to 67,620 students in fiscal 2023. Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, decreased \$30.0 million, or 2.8% in fiscal year 2023.

Auxiliary revenues increased \$32.3 million as a result of increases in housing and dining rates of 3.0% and 5.0%, respectively, along with increased housing occupancy and meal plans due to the continued physical return of students to on-campus activities.

Annual appropriations from the State represent a vital part of the University's funding. In fiscal 2023, State appropriations including operating aid and fringe benefits paid on behalf of Rutgers by the State increased due to additional appropriations which resulted in an \$80.4 million increase, to \$1,026.6 million, or an 8.5% increase from fiscal 2022. State appropriations, including other postemployment benefits (received from)/paid by the State, as well as federal appropriations, contributions, endowment and investment income, governmental student aid, and COVID relief funds are shown as non-operating revenue.

Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments represent realized and unrealized gains and losses on University investments mostly associated with the University's endowments maintained in the long term investment pool. The University recognized \$58.8 million in net increases in fair value of investments in 2023.

In May 2023, the University received \$300 million from the State of New Jersey through the federal Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund (SFRF), established pursuant to the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, of which \$260 million will be used for the New Jersey Health + Life Science Exchange (HELIX) project, a public-private development consisting of three buildings in downtown New Brunswick. Rutgers Health at the HELIX will be the new home to Rutgers Robert Wood Johnson Medical School (RWJMS) and a Rutgers translational research facility. The remaining funding of \$40 million will be used to support capital improvements in Camden and Newark. The HELIX project is estimated to cost \$735 million with the Rutgers portion estimated to cost \$567 million which will be further funded by tax credits administered through the New Jersey Economic Development Authority Aspire program and through the issuance of tax-exempt and taxable bonds.

#### GASB 68 and GASB 75

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68). This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. The University participates in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) both defined benefit cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plans. GASB 68 requires accounting for the proportionate share of the net position present value of projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of the employee service net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. A cost-sharing employer is also required to recognize its proportionate share of pension expense and report deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources for its proportionate share. The changes in net position liability adjusted for the deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources result on pension expense.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. GASB 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to OPEB in the basic financial statements, in addition to requiring more extensive disclosures and required supplementary information.

For MD&A purposes, the amounts recorded for GASB 68 and GASB 75 have been shown separately.

#### Statements of Net Position

The Statements of Net Position present the financial position of the University at the end of the fiscal year and includes all assets (current and noncurrent), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (the difference between total assets, deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) of the University. Current assets are classified as such if they are available to satisfy current liabilities, which are generally defined as being due within one year of the date of the Statements of Net Position. Net position is one indicator of the financial condition of the University, while the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. A summarized comparison of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

## Condensed Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 (dollars in thousands)

	2023	2022	2021
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 1,506,040	\$ 1,343,083	\$ 1,358,299
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net	3,930,717	3,989,222	4,042,635
Other noncurrent assets	2,359,874	2,260,986	2,294,217
Total Assets	7,796,631	7,593,291	7,695,151
Deferred Outflows of Resources	319,993	309,602	354,501
Total Assets and Deferred			
Outflows of Resources	8,116,624	7,902,893	8,049,652
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	1,180,817	879,290	811,745
Noncurrent liabilities	3,829,407	3,813,893	4,120,603
Total Liabilities	5,010,224	4,693,183	4,932,348
Deferred Inflows of Resources	410,246	574,380	596,297
Total Liabilities and Deferred			
Inflows of Resources	5,420,470	5,267,563	5,528,645
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	1,734,606	1,712,133	1,819,126
Restricted - nonexpendable	941,498	904,434	977,936
Restricted – expendable	699,037	699,646	695,120
Unrestricted	(678,987)	(680,883)	(971,175)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,696,154	\$ 2,635,330	\$ 2,521,007

For MD&A purposes, the tables below show the impact of GASB 68 to the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 (dollars in thousands)

	As Reported	GASB 68 Reported Adjustment	
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 1,506,040	\$ -	\$ 1,506,040
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net	3,930,717		3,930,717
Other noncurrent assets	2,359,874		2,359,874
Total Assets	7,796,631		7,796,631
Deferred Outflows of Resources	319,993	(238,581)	81,412
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	1,180,817	-	1,180,817
Noncurrent liabilities	3,829,407	(1,633,519)	2,195,888
Total Liabilities	5,010,224	(1,633,519)	3,376,705
Deferred Inflows of Resources	410,246	(181,153)	229,093
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	1,734,606	-	1,734,606
Restricted - nonexpendable	941,498	-	941,498
Restricted - expendable	699,037		699,037
Unrestricted	(678,987)	1,576,091	897,104
Total Net Position	\$ 2,696,154	\$ 1,576,091	\$ 4,272,245

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

	GASB 68 As Reported Adjustment		Before GASB
<b>A</b>	As Reported	Adjustment	68 Adjustment
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 1,343,083	\$ -	\$ 1,343,083
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net	3,989,222		3,989,222
Other noncurrent assets	2,260,986		2,260,986
Total Assets	7,593,291		7,593,291
Deferred Outflows of Resources	309,602	(219,519)	90,083
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	879,290		879,290
Noncurrent liabilities	3,813,893	(1,552,681)	2,261,212
Total Liabilities	4,693,183	(1,552,681)	3,140,502
Deferred Inflows of Resources	574,380	(338,871)	235,509
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	1,712,133		1,712,133
Restricted - nonexpendable	904,434		904,434
Restricted - expendable	699,646	-	699,646
Unrestricted	(680,883)	1,672,033	991,150
Total Net Position	\$ 2,635,330	\$ 1,672,033	\$ 4,307,363

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

		GASB 68	Before GASB
	As Reported	Adjustment	68 Adjustment
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 1,358,299	\$ -	\$ 1,358,299
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net	4,042,635	-	4,042,635
Other noncurrent assets	2,294,217		2,294,217
Total Assets	7,695,151		7,695,151
Deferred Outflows of Resources	354,501	(255,803)	98,698
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	811,745	-	811,745
Noncurrent liabilities	4,120,603	(1,666,638)	2,453,965
Total Liabilities	4,932,348	(1,666,638)	3,265,710
Deferred Inflows of Resources	596,297	(383,193)	213,104
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	1,819,126	-	1,819,126
Restricted - nonexpendable	977,936		977,936
Restricted - expendable	695,120	-	695,120
Unrestricted	(971,175)	1,794,028	822,853
Total Net Position	\$ 2,521,007	\$ 1,794,028	\$ 4,315,035

#### Current Assets and Current Liabilities

Current assets include unrestricted and restricted cash and cash equivalents, investments that mature within one year, receivables, inventories, and other short-term assets. Noncurrent assets include unrestricted investments that mature in more than a year, cash and cash equivalents and investments that are restricted by donors or external parties as to their use, and capital assets. Receivables deemed to be collectible in more than a year are also included as noncurrent. Current assets increased by \$146.5 million from 2022 to 2023. This is primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$113.5 million and an increase in accounts receivable of \$28.3 million. The cash and cash equivalents increase resulted from an increase in capital grant funds received in advance of the HELIX project of \$300 million, offset by an increase in operating expenses. The increase in accounts receivable is primarily related to increases in governmental and sponsored programs of \$83.1 million and student accounts receivable of \$52.6 million offset by decreases in patient and health service contract receivables of \$109.6 million. Governmental and sponsored programs increased due to timing of state appropriations received and increased activity in sponsored programs, and the increase in student accounts receivable resulted from slower payments due to a temporary suspension in past due notices and holds on student records. Current assets decreased by \$15.2 million from 2021 to 2022. This is primarily due to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$176.0 million and short-term investments of \$5.5 million offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$165.2 million primarily related to health service contract receivables.

The following table summarizes the University's changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments as of June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 (dollars in thousands):

	2023		2022		 2021
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Current					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	541,651	\$	428,165	\$ 604,204
Noncurrent					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-	1,928
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		48,659		42,756	 87,427
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		590,310		470,921	 693,559
Investments					
Current					
Short-Term Investments		18,578		19,695	25,145
Noncurrent					
Long-Term Investments		700,315		654,038	607,766
Long-Term Investments - Restricted		1,310,085		1,277,795	1,327,974
Total Investments		2,028,978		1,951,528	 1,960,885
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	2,619,288	\$	2,422,449	\$ 2,654,444

Current liabilities include all liabilities that are payable within the next fiscal year. Unearned revenues, principally from summer programs and grant revenue received in advance, are also presented as current liabilities. Liabilities that are due to be paid beyond the next fiscal year are reported as noncurrent liabilities.

Current liabilities increased \$301.5 million from \$879.3 million in 2022 to \$1,180.8 million in 2023. The increase is primarily attributable to capital grant funds received in advance for the HELIX project. Current liabilities increased \$67.6 million from \$811.7 million in 2021 to \$879.3 million in 2022. The increase is primarily attributable to a \$50.4 million increase in scheduled principal payments related to general obligation bonds and an infrastructure loan. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased as a result of retroactive salary increases related to the ratification of union agreements and increased fringe benefits costs. The University's current assets cover current liabilities by a factor of 1.3 times in 2023, 1.6 times in 2022, and 1.7 times in 2021. The ratio continues to represent an indicator of good liquidity and the ability to bear short-term demands on working capital. The University's current assets also cover approximately three months of its total operating expenses, excluding depreciation in 2023, 2022, and 2021.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. In 2023, deferred outflows of resources increased by \$10.4 million, primarily due to GASB 68 related increases in pension liability, adjusted by a net increase in subsequent contributions. This was offset by a decrease in loss on refunding.

In 2022, deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$44.9 million, primarily due to the GASB 68 pension adjustment of \$36.3 million, which was due to the changes in the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the difference between assumptions and actual experience.

#### Endowment and Other Investments

The primary financial objective of the investment management of the endowment is to preserve and enhance its real (inflation-adjusted) purchasing power while providing a relatively predictable, stable, and constant (in real terms) stream of earnings for current use. The long-term investment goal of the endowment is to attain a total return of at least 4.0% plus inflation net of fees and expenses. The investment objectives of the endowment are based upon a long-term investment horizon allowing interim fluctuations to be viewed in an appropriate perspective. Most of the University's endowment is maintained in the long-term investment pool managed by the University's Joint Investment Committee. The total annual return for the long-term investment pool was 6.9%, (9.7%), and 35.1% in fiscal years 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The average annual return over the 5-year period ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 was 6.6%, 7.1%, and 11.8%, respectively.

The University distributes endowment earnings in a way that balances the annual support needed for operational purposes against the requirement to preserve the future purchasing power of the endowment. The endowment spending-rate policy is based on total return, not just cash earnings. The total distribution for the endowment was \$65.8 million in fiscal 2023, \$57.6 million in fiscal 2022, and \$52.0 million in fiscal 2021.

The University's endowments consist of permanent (true), term and quasi endowments. Permanent or true endowments are funds received from donors stipulating that the principal gift remain inviolate and be invested in perpetuity with the income generated from the investment to be expended for a specific purpose as designated by the donor. These permanent endowments increased \$37.2 million to \$941.6 million for fiscal 2023 and decreased \$73.5 million to \$904.4 million for fiscal 2022. Term endowments are those funds received from donors that function as endowments until a specified event occurs. The University's term endowments increased \$0.3 million to \$61.5 million in fiscal 2023 and decreased \$2.8 million to \$61.2 million in fiscal 2022. Quasi endowments primarily consist of unrestricted funds that have been designated by the University for long-term investment purposes, and therefore, act as endowments. The University's restricted and unrestricted quasi endowments increased \$52.3 million in fiscal 2023 to \$867.8 million and increased \$31.4 million in fiscal 2022 to \$815.5 million.

From a net position perspective, earnings from the endowment, while expendable, are mostly restricted in use by the donors. It is important to note that of the University's endowment funds, only \$532.2 million, or 28.4%, can be classified as unrestricted net position in 2023, \$483.3 million, or 27.1% in 2022 and \$444.3 million, or 24.3% in 2021. From this unrestricted endowment, a significant portion of the income is internally designated by the University for scholarships, fellowships, professorships, and research efforts.

## Capital Assets and Debt Activities

The University Physical Master Plan, Rutgers 2030, envisions development at Rutgers over a 15-year time frame and is comprehensive in its scope, taking into account buildings, the natural and constructed landscape, transportation and infrastructure. While our physical master plan provides guidance and vision for capital projects over the next 8 years, many projects are now under way that will dramatically improve the student experience on our campuses, support our strengths in arts and sciences, and grow critical disciplines. These projects have been made possible by the generosity of our private donors, by creative partnerships with the public sector, and by funds made available through the historic Building Our Future Bond Act approved by New Jersey voters in November 2012, as well as other state bond programs.

Capital asset additions totaled \$211.0 million in 2023, as compared to \$251.9 million in 2022. Capital asset additions primarily comprise replacement, renovation, and new construction of academic, research, clinical and facilities as well as significant investments in equipment, including information technology. These capital asset additions were primarily funded with the State's Higher Education Capital Improvement Funds, bond proceeds, and gifts designated for capital purposes.

## Major projects completed during fiscal 2023 include:

Bruce and Phyllis Nicholas School of Engineering Student Projects Studio Teaching/Research project which entails construction of
a new single story 5,000 square foot of building. The building has been sited to allow for an addition to the west, should the program
require expansion. The building will be the first Net-Zero building at Rutgers – meaning the total amount of energy used by the
building on an annual basis is equal to the amount of renewable energy created on the site. The building will accommodate a launch

pad for innovative project development, enhanced student experience and an expansion of Rutgers' commitment to research and innovation. The facility will offer opportunities for industry-student collaboration on real-world technological challenges and will create an environment that fosters teamwork, originality and problem solving and management skills. The dedicated space is adequately sourced and will be home to student engineering organizations associated with specialized competitive opportunities.

## In addition, as of June 30, 2023, the University had various projects under construction or in the design stage. Significant projects include:

- The HELIX project is a public private partnership with the city of New Brunswick located on a four-acre redevelopment site across the street from the New Brunswick train station. This building will be a 573,000 square foot high-tech high-rise with Rutgers occupying a total of 441,000 square feet which will be on floors 2 to 4 (Translational Research), floors 5 to 8 (RWJMS and the Chancellors Suite), and the 12<sup>th</sup> floor (Vivarium). Floors 9 to 11 will house the New Jersey Innovation Hub and Core Partner spaces.
- The One Stop Student Center Services Center (One Stop) at Rutgers University-Newark will represent an integrated and coordinated cross-functional service in the areas of financial aid, student accounts and registration. The center will serve as a "single point of service" across the areas to promote a progressive, simplified, and consistent student experience and a culture that supports student satisfaction and success. This 22,000 square foot project comprises the renovation of 15,500 square feet and the addition of 6,500 square feet. Project completion is at 9%. The anticipated completion date is summer 2025.
- The Brandt Behavioral Health Treatment Center and Residence project will be comprised of two buildings that provide residences and clinical treatment for up to 16 clients, as well as daily ambulatory treatment for hundreds of youths from the surrounding communities. The treatment center will provide space for ambulatory healthcare for both occupants of the residence and clients living off-site but visiting during the day. The one-story, 15,600 square foot treatment building will accommodate counseling and socialization spaces, studio therapy spaces (art, music, etc.), and departmental/administrative spaces for the clinical program. The two-story, 26,600 square foot residential building will accommodate 16 private bedroom suites, interactive kitchen and dining space, fitness space, social spaces small-scale too large to accommodate all residents, and support functions for the residential program. Construction is underway and 55% complete.
- The Fire Safety Improvements project will include assessment, prioritization, design (where required), and renovations to buildings and select systems improvements as required to upgrade existing systems, provide new infrastructure, and abate conditions highlighted by code-mandated fire safety inspections. Work will concentrate on areas that have been identified as priorities by University Facilities, University Emergency Services, and the New Jersey Division of Fire Safety. The primary benefit of the project is enhancement of fire safety in buildings protection of life and property. Fire safety improvements will provide for safe occupancy, reduce risk of claims, and increase compliance with state code. The University's image will benefit from a proactive program that provides for strategic enhancements. Project completion is at 50%.
- The Medical Science Building Services project consists of renovations to provide new medical research laboratories, elevator and fire alarm upgrades, reconfiguration and/or expansion of all medical education spaces, and enhancements of the exterior appearance of the existing building. Phase I focuses on the schematic design effort and the design development for 650,000 gross square feet of the building and key infrastructure upgrades. These efforts are the first step towards modernizing the building and providing much needed upgrades to the facility. Phase III Design which is underway, will build upon the designs from Phases I and II, and will include preparations to complete construction plans, pre-construction services, minor renovations, asbestos abatement, and relocations. Project completion is at 72%. The anticipated completion date is fall 2025.
- The Building and Site Improvements project will include assessment, prioritization, design, asbestos abatement (where required), and renovations to buildings and select site improvements to accessible routes (exterior walkway, ramps, entrance doors, and door operators), public lavatories, circulation within major areas of the building, classroom and hall seating, and elevators are likely candidates for prioritization. Accessibility improvements will enhance the experience of students, visitors, faculty and staff, reduce risk of claims, and increase compliance with the state codes and federal law. Project completion is at 6%. The anticipated completion date is fiscal year 2026.

## Several major projects completed during fiscal 2022 include:

Rutgers Center for Autism Services consisted of the development of a new one-story 10,000 gross square foot workday Program
Building on the Douglass campus. The building serves as a location where approximately thirty adult clients would be dropped off
then picked up daily, with participants spending the day on vocational activities around the campus. The new facility includes multifunctional gathering space, vocational training space and administrative offices for faculty and support spaces.

- Student Services One-Stop on Busch Campus supports student services needs under one roof. Students benefit from a highly accessible, one-stop service center that allows them to easily address their needs in a single, streamlined location, connected to the transportation hub. The project consisted of the gut renovation of half of the first floor of the Administrative Services Building (approximately 13,000 square feet) for the front-facing student services space, with an associated small addition that will allow for an effective entrance and waiting area. The second and third floors (26,000 square feet each) underwent substantial renovations including HVAC systems, window units, and new finishes and furnishings.
- Busch-Livingston and Newark Co-Generation Plants upgrades included replacement of the three aging turbines with a capacity
  increase of at least 2.8 Megawatts, which will improve reliability and efficiency, reduce energy costs, reduce emissions, and produce
  energy credits. The new equipment eliminates the use of 8,000,000 gallons of water per year, much of which is discharged to sanitary
  sewers. Both projects also included electrical and mechanical upgrades.

## Net Pension Liability

In June 2012, GASB issued GASB 68. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. The University participates in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS), both defined benefit cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plans. GASB 68 requires that the proportionate share of the net pension liability be recognized by each participating employer in the plan. The net pension liability is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of employee service net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. A cost-sharing employer is also required to recognize its proportionate share of pension expense and report deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources for its proportionate share. The changes in net pension liability adjusted for the deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources result in pension expense. Prior to 2015, the University only recognized pension expense for these plans up to the amount contributed to the plan by the state as indicated within the fringe benefit rate provided by the state. Historically, the state has directly covered pension contributions on behalf of the University and has no current plans to change that. GASB 68 also required the recording of the deferred outflow of resources of \$238.6 million, \$219.5 million and \$255.8 million, a net pension liability of \$1,633.5 million, \$1,552.7 million and \$1,666.6 million, and a deferred inflow of resources of \$181.2 million, \$338.9 million and \$383.2 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

The amounts recorded as a result of GASB 68 have been shown separately within the MD&A.

#### Net Position

Net Position represents the residual interest in the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources after the deduction of its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The change in net position measures whether the overall financial condition has improved or declined during the year. Net position consists of four major categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position (nonexpendable and expendable), and unrestricted net position. Prior to the pension adjustment required by GASB 68, the University's net position decreased by \$35.1 million in 2023 (decreased by \$7.7 million in 2022 and increased \$541.0 million in 2021).

The first category, net investment in capital assets, represents the University's capital assets of land, buildings and equipment net of accumulated depreciation and net of outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Fiscal 2023 increased by \$22.5 million (\$107.0 million decrease in 2022 and \$83.8 million decrease in 2021).

The next category is restricted net position, which is divided into two categories, nonexpendable and expendable. Nonexpendable restricted net position are those resources that have been set aside and invested as required by the provider of the resources. These funds are not available for expenditures, but rather must be invested in perpetuity with the earnings on those investments to be used as specified by the external donor at the time the resources are received. The nonexpendable net position includes the permanent endowments mentioned previously under the Endowment and Other Investments section. The restricted nonexpendable net position increased \$37.1 million in fiscal 2023 (\$73.5 million decrease in 2022 and \$231.1 million increase in 2021) as a result of increases in fair value of investments. The decrease of \$73.5 million in 2022 was the result of decreases in fair value of investments.

Expendable restricted net position is available for expenditure by the University, but must be spent for purposes as specified by external donors. This category includes contributions received from donors and unspent income from endowed funds. There was a decrease of \$0.6 million in fiscal 2023 (\$4.5 million increase in 2022 and \$76.4 million increase in 2021). The increase of \$4.5 million in 2022 was the result of increases in sponsored programs.

The final category is unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position is available to the institution for any lawful purpose. Substantially all of the University's unrestricted net position has been designated by the governing boards or management to support specific programs such as student activities, research projects, continuing education and summer programs, agricultural experiment station activities, junior year abroad programs, auxiliary enterprises and other self-supporting organized activities relating to educational departments as well as capital projects.

Many of these designations result from the funds being earned through special purpose fees charged for the specific purposes. The University, therefore, has an obligation to its students to maintain these funds for the purposes that they were received. Prior to the adjustment for GASB 68, there was a decrease of \$94.0 million in unrestricted net assets for 2023 (\$168.3 million increase in 2022 and a \$317.2 million increase in 2021). Subsequent to the GASB 68 adjustment, unrestricted net assets increased \$1.9 million in 2023 (\$290.3 million increase in 2022 and \$312.6 million increase in 2021).

## Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the fiscal year. Activities are classified as either operating, non-operating, or other. Revenues received and expenses incurred as a result of the University providing goods and services to its customers are considered operating activities. Non-operating revenues are those received for which goods and services are not directly provided. The financial reporting model classifies state appropriations and contributions as non-operating revenues. The operating deficit demonstrates the University's dependency on state support and gifts. In addition, appropriations, grants and gifts received by the University, specifically for capital expenditures as well as gifts received from donors as endowments, are reported as other revenues. A summary of the University's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 is as follows (dollars in thousands).

# Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 (dollars in thousands)

	2023	2022	2021
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$ 1,047,194	\$ 1,077,165	\$ 1,033,775
Grants and contracts	784,980	707,202	671,098
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances)	296,162	263,899	79,555
Net patient service revenues	290,251	236,263	253,780
Health service contract revenues	786,004	773,958	710,497
Other operating revenues	108,389	119,427	149,777
Total operating revenues	3,312,980	3,177,914	2,898,482
Operating expenses	4,586,942	4,417,424	4,141,411
Operating loss	(1,273,962)	(1,239,510)	(1,242,929)
Non-operating revenues/(expenses):			
State appropriations (including fringe benefits paid directly by			
the state)	1,026,580	946,216	869,993
OPEB (Received from)/Paid by the State	(83,716)	41,757	76,691
Contributions	53,824	48,289	49,634
Endowment and investment income	43,356	33,324	24,937
Decrease Upon Hedge Termination	•		(55,263)
Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments	58,820	(131,758)	442,976
Increase in Fair Value of Swaps	8,064	24,918	18,896
Governmental student aid	211,285	219,576	223,105
COVID Relief Funds	11,107	199,918	135,388
Interest on capital asset related debt	(90,882)	(96,357)	(94,586)
Net other non-operating revenues	25,771	18,124	40,795
Net non-operating revenues	1,264,209	1,304,007	1,732,566
(Loss)/Income before other revenues	(9,753)	64,497	489,637
Other revenues	70,577	49,826	46,689
Increase in net position	60,824	114,323	536,326
Net position at beginning of year	2,635,330	2,521,007	1,984,681
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,696,154	\$ 2,635,330	\$ 2,521,007

For MD&A purposes, the tables below show the impact of GASB 68 and 75 to the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (dollars in thousands)

	As Reported	GASB 68 & 75 Adjustments	Before GASB 68 & 75 Adjustments
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$ 1,047,194	\$ -	\$ 1,047,194
Grants and contracts	784,980		784,980
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances)	296,162		296,162
Net patient service revenues	290,251		290,251
Health service contract revenues	786,004		786,004
Other operating revenues	108,389		108,389
Total operating revenues	3,312,980		3,312,980
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and Wages	2,416,827	-	2,416,827
Fringe Benefits	810,740	95,942	906,682
OPEB (Benefit)	(83,716)	83,716	-
Supplies and Services	1,061,751		1,061,751
Grant Aid to Students	140,687		140,687
Depreciation	240,653		240,653
Total operating expenses	4,586,942	179,658	4,766,600
Operating loss	(1,273,962)	(179,658)	(1,453,620)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
State appropriations (including fringe benefits paid directly by the state)	1,026,580	,	1,026,580
OPEB Received from the State	(83,716)	83,716	
Contributions	53,824		53,824
Endowment and investment income	43,356		43,356
Net increase in fair value of investments	58,820		58,820
Increase in Fair Value of Swaps	8,064		8,064
Governmental student aid	211,285	-	211,285
COVID Relief Funds	11,107	-	11,107
Interest on capital asset related debt	(90,882)	-	(90,882)
Net other non-operating revenues	25,771		25,771
Net non-operating revenues	1,264,209	83,716	1,347,925
(Loss) before other revenues	(9,753)	(95,942)	(105,695)
Other revenues	70,577		70,577
Increase in net position	60,824	(95,942)	(35,118)
Net position at beginning of year	2,635,330	1,672,033	4,307,363
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,696,154	\$ 1,576,091	\$ 4,272,245

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

	As Reported	GASB 68 & 75 Adjustments	Before GASB 68 & 75 Adjustments
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$ 1,077,165	\$ -	\$ 1,077,165
Grants and contracts	707,202		707,202
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances)	263,899		263,899
Net patient service revenues	236,263		236,263
Health service contract revenues	773,958	-	773,958
Other operating revenues	119,427		119,427
Total operating revenues	3,177,914		3,177,914
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and Wages	2,275,911		2,275,911
Fringe Benefits	674,950	121,995	796,945
OPEB Expense	41,757	(41,757)	
Supplies and Services	953,220	-	953,220
Grant Aid to Students	235,228	-	235,228
Depreciation	236,358		236,358
Total operating expenses	4,417,424	80,238	4,497,662
Operating loss	(1,239,510)	(80,238)	(1,319,748)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
State appropriations (including fringe benefits paid directly by the state)	946,216		946,216
OPEB Paid by the State	41,757	(41,757)	
Contributions	48,289		48,289
Endowment and investment income	33,324		33,324
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(131,758)		(131,758)
Increase in Fair Value of Swaps	24,918		24,918
Governmental student aid	219,576		219,576
COVID Relief Funds	199,918		199,918
Interest on capital asset related debt	(96,357)		(96,357)
Net other non-operating revenues	18,124		18,124
Net non-operating revenues	1,304,007	(41,757)	1,262,250
Income before other revenues	64,497	(121,995)	(57,498)
Other revenues	49,826		49,826
Increase in net position	114,323	(121,995)	(7,672)
Net position at beginning of year	2,521,007	1,794,028	4,315,035
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,635,330	\$ 1,672,033	\$ 4,307,363

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

	As Reported	GASB 68 & 75 Adjustments	Before GASB 68 & 75 Adjustments
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$ 1,033,775	\$ -	\$ 1,033,775
Grants and contracts	671,098	•	671,098
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances)	79,555	•	79,555
Net patient service revenues	253,780	•	253,780
Health service contract revenues	710,497	•	710,497
Other operating revenues	149,777		149,777
Total operating revenues	2,898,482	•	2,898,482
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and Wages	2,138,543		2,138,543
Fringe Benefits	721,468	(4,642)	716,826
OPEB Expense	76,691	(76,691)	
Supplies and Services	799,201		799,201
Grant Aid to Students	189,371		189,371
Depreciation	216,137		216,137
Total operating expenses	4,141,411	(81,333)	4,060,078
Operating loss	(1,242,929)	81,333	(1,161,596)
Non-operating revenues (expenses): State appropriations (including fringe benefits paid directly by			
the state)	869,993		869,993
OPEB Paid by the State	76,691	(76,691)	
Contributions	49,634		49,634
Endowment and investment income	24,937	•	24,937
Decrease Upon Hedge Termination	(55,263)	•	(55,263)
Net increase in fair value of investments	442,976	•	442,976
Increase in Fair Value of Swaps	18,896	•	18,896
Governmental student aid	223,105	•	223,105
COVID Relief Funds	135,388	•	135,388
Interest on capital asset related debt	(94,586)	•	(94,586)
Net other non-operating revenues	40,795		40,795
Net non-operating revenues	1,732,566	(76,691)	1,655,875
Income before other revenues	489,637	4,642	494,279
Other revenues	46,689		46,689
Increase in net position	536,326	4,642	540,968
Net position at beginning of year	1,984,681	1,789,386	3,774,067
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,521,007	\$ 1,794,028	\$ 4,315,035

Operating revenues represent 69.7%, 68.0%, and 68.3% of total revenues in fiscal years 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, excluding OPEB (received from)/paid by the State, interest on capital asset related debt, increase in fair value of swaps and net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments. Significant components of operating revenues include the following:

Student Tuition and Fees, net of scholarship allowances is the largest component of operating revenues. Tuition and fees are reflected net of scholarship allowances, which represent scholarships and fellowships applied to student accounts for tuition and residence fees. These scholarships and fellowships are funded through federal and state grant programs, gifts raised by the Foundation, and University funds. The University provided \$342.7 million of a total \$483.4 million of student aid directly to student accounts. The remaining \$140.7 million was paid to students and is reflected as grant aid to student expense. Scholarship allowances allocated to tuition and fees amounted to \$295.3 million. Another \$47.4 million was allocated to residence fees, which are included in auxiliary enterprises. Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances decreased \$30.0 million in fiscal year 2023. The decrease resulted primarily from a decrease in enrollment of approximately 1,900 students. The decrease in students was offset by an increase in tuition and fee rates of 2.9% for the 2022-2023 academic year. Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, increased \$43.4 million in fiscal year 2022. The change resulted primarily from the removal of the freeze in tuition and a decrease in fees rates in fiscal 2021 and the approval of 2.5% increase in tuition and 2.9% increase in fees rates for the 2021-2022 academic year.

Grants and Contracts includes revenues for sponsored programs from federal, state, and nongovernmental grants and contracts that normally provide for the recovery of direct and indirect costs. In fiscal years 2023 and 2022, total grant and contract revenue was \$785.0 million and \$707.2 million, respectively, an increase of \$77.8 million, or 11.0%. The increase was mainly the result of increases on the RBHS and New Brunswick campuses of \$53.0 million and \$20.3 million, respectively, resulting from new contracts and newly hired research faculty. In fiscal years 2022 and 2021, total grant and contract revenue was \$707.2 million and \$671.1 million, respectively, an increase of \$36.1 million, or 5.4%. The increase was mainly attributable to an increase in sponsored program revenues of \$19.9 million within the RBHS school and \$14.3 million within units in the New Brunswick campus.

Auxiliary Enterprises includes revenues from the University's housing, dining facilities and other student related services, as well as other business type activities such as the bookstore and the golf course that provide support to the University's primary missions of education, research, and public service. Total auxiliary revenues were \$343.6 million and \$298.6 million in fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively, less scholarship allowances of \$47.4 million and \$34.8 million in fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. Auxiliary net revenues increased in fiscal year 2023 by \$32.3 million or 12.2%. The largest increases occurred in Housing and Dining, due to average rate increases of 3% and 5% respectively, along with increased housing occupancy and meal plans in 2023, due to the continued physical return of students to on-campus activities. Auxiliary net revenues increased in fiscal year 2022 by \$184.3 million or 231.7%. The largest increases occurred in Housing and Dining, as a result of students returning to campus for the academic year 2021-2022 after COVID-19 restrictions were reduced.

Net Patient Service Revenues include revenues related to patient care services, which are generated within RBHS behavioral healthcare, faculty practice operations, community healthcare centers and cancer center, under contractual arrangements with governmental payers and private insurers. In fiscal year 2023, net patient service revenue was \$290.3 million compared to \$236.3 million for fiscal year 2022, an increase of \$54.0 million, or 22.9%. The increases occurred primarily at RWJMS in the amount of \$35.8 million, University Behavioral Healthcare (UBHC) \$10.1 million, and Cancer Institute of New Jersey (CINJ) \$6.1 million. The increases were mainly due to increase in charges and patient service mix. In fiscal year 2022, net patient service revenue was \$236.3 million compared to \$253.8 million for fiscal year 2021, a decrease of \$17.5 million, or 6.9%. The largest decreases were at RWJMS in the amount of \$7.6 million, CINJ \$7.1 million, and UBHC \$4.2 million. The decreases were mainly due to an increase in contractual allowances at RWJMS, and a decrease in patient volume at UBHC.

Health Service Contract Revenues include revenues from physician services provided under agreements with certain New Jersey hospitals, such as University Hospital of Newark, Cooper Hospital, RWJBH, New Jersey Department of Corrections and others. It also includes reimbursements for graduate medical education residency programs provided by housestaff in connection with RWJMS, New Jersey Medical School (NJMS), and Rutgers School of Dental Medicine (RSDM). In fiscal year 2023, health service contract revenue was \$786.0 million, which included affiliate and other contract revenues of \$655.2 million and housestaff revenues of \$130.8 million, representing an overall increase of \$12.0 million, or 1.6% over related revenues for fiscal 2022. Housestaff revenues increased at NJMS, partially offset by a decrease at RWJMS. Affiliate and contract revenues increased by \$10.8 million, primarily at NJMS, UBHC and the Chancellor's unit, partially offset by decreases at RWJMS and University Correctional Health Care (UCHC). In fiscal year 2022, health service contract revenue was \$774.0 million, which included affiliate and other contract revenues of \$644.4 million and housestaff revenues of \$129.6 million, representing an overall increase of \$63.5 million, or 8.9% over related revenues for fiscal 2021. Housestaff revenues increased at RWJMS and NJMS. Affiliate and contract revenues increased due to testing for COVID-19, and there was also an increase in affiliate revenues because of the IPA signed with Barnabas Health, Inc., a New Jersey non-profit corporation and an affiliate of RWJBH.

Significant components of non-operating revenues include the following:

State Appropriations include both operating assistance and fringe benefits paid on-behalf of Rutgers by the State. Total operating assistance was \$515.1 million, \$481.6 million, and \$439.0 million in fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Fringe benefits paid on-behalf of Rutgers by the State totaled \$511.5 million, \$464.6 million, and \$431.0 million in fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

COVID Relief Funds, include HEERF I, II, and III, GEERF I and II, and CRF I and II. HEERF provides budgetary relief to higher education institutions through numerous provisions and also provides for additional aid to be distributed directly to students. The University recognized \$9.8 million in HEERF revenue in fiscal year 2023 and \$197.8 million in fiscal year 2022. GEERF provides funds to support students and faculty for continuity of operations during the period of disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. The University recognized \$1.2 million in GEERF revenue in fiscal year 2023 and \$1.9 million in fiscal year 2022. CRF funds provide support for costs such as those related to cleaning and disinfecting supplies, the transition to online learning and support for COVID-19 testing, among other eligible costs. The University recognized \$60.1 million in CRF revenue in fiscal year 2021, as the funds were fully spent.

Governmental Student Aid is also a significant component of non-operating revenues. The University's students benefit from various federal programs, such as, Pell Grants and the Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants. In addition, the State provides aid through the Tuition Aid Grant (TAG) program and the Educational Opportunity Fund (EOF). The University received a total of \$96.3 million in fiscal year 2023 from federal programs, a 3.2% decrease from the \$99.5 million received in fiscal year 2022. In fiscal year 2022, the University received a total of \$99.5 million from federal programs, a 3.1% increase from the \$96.5 million received in fiscal year 2021. The University also received \$115.0 million from the State in fiscal year 2023, a decrease of 4.2% over the \$120.1 million received in fiscal year 2022. In fiscal year 2022 the University received \$120.1 million from the State, a decrease of 5.2% over the \$126.7 million received in fiscal year 2021.

Contributions include gifts received by the University through Foundation fundraising activities. The University received a total of \$53.8 million in contributions in fiscal year 2023 compared with \$48.3 million in fiscal year 2022. The slight increase of \$5.5 million is mainly the result of an increase in gifts received for scholarships and institutes. The University received a total of \$48.3 million in contributions in fiscal year 2022 compared with \$49.6 million in fiscal year 2021. The slight decrease of \$1.3 million is mainly the result of less gifts received for scholarship funds.

Other Revenues consist of grants and gifts received by the University for capital projects, as well as additions to permanent endowments. The University received a total of \$39.5 million in fiscal year 2023 for capital grants and gifts compared with \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2022. The University recognized \$23.6 million in federal capital grants related to the HELIX project. The University received \$31.1 million in fiscal year 2023 and \$28.5 million in fiscal year 2022 in gifts to add to our endowment as a result of the Foundation's activities.

Operating Expenses are reported by natural classification in the Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and by functional classification in the notes to the financial statements (See Note 14).

The natural classification of expenses demonstrates that the major expenditure of the University in fiscal year 2023 is salaries and wages accounting for 52.7% of total operating expenses with GASB 68 and 75 adjustments (51.5% in 2022 and 51.6% in 2021) and 50.7% without the GASB 68 and 75 adjustments in fiscal year 2023 (50.6% in 2022 and 52.7% in 2021). Negotiated and other staff salary and wages increased 6.2% in fiscal year 2023 (3.2% in 2022 and deferred in 2021). Pension expense for the GASB 68 adjustment was (\$95.9) million in fiscal year 2023 compared to (\$122.0) million in fiscal year 2022 and \$4.6 million in fiscal year 2021. OPEB (benefit)/expense for the GASB 75 adjustment was (\$83.7) million in fiscal year 2023, \$41.8 million in fiscal year 2022 and \$76.7 million in fiscal year 2021. The decrease of \$125.5 million in fiscal year 2023 and decrease of \$34.9 million in fiscal year 2022 is due to changes to the OPEB plan and changes in the actuarial assumptions and amortization calculations used by the State of New Jersey in developing the GASB 75 OPEB revenue and expense for the University.

## Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future

The University has assessed the economic impact coming out of the COVID-19 pandemic as it has nearly returned to pre-pandemic levels of operations. The transformations experienced in the workplace, in higher education demand, and inflation in the general economy have been profound, demonstrated by the University's first-approved deficit budget in recent years. The University is determining a path to financial sustainability that aims over the next three to five years to balance its operating budget and generate additional funds to support capital needs, technology advancements, new program development, and rebuilding of reserves. This journey toward financial sustainability will be guided by the advancement of Rutgers' values:

- Driving inclusive access to Academic Excellence;
- Building a Beloved Community; and
- Advancing the Common Good through the excellence of our healthcare services, scholarly research, and outreach programs.

The University continues to plan its enrollment strategy, taking into consideration demographic changes that continue to impact the traditional college-age population, a returning demand from international student populations, the attendance trends in county colleges that impact our transfer population, and the demand for graduate and professional school programs. The University is also planning for additional conditions that could impact other aspects of the University's financial position and structural deficit:

- Inflation through certain cost areas such as energy, commodities, and travel;
- Increased competition for employees, resulting in wage pressures;
- Compensation increases from the recent collective bargaining agreements with unions representing employees throughout the University;
- Extraordinary increases in benefit costs from the State for employees whose benefits are not paid for by the State; and
- Other increased pandemic-related costs.

The University is addressing these challenges using the lens of its values by considering the following opportunities:

- Developing a University-wide enrollment strategy to take advantage of all opportunities including increasing out-of-state students to
  at least the pre-pandemic level and maintaining in-state student levels.
- Implementing new programs to meet the needs of constituents and employers and provide incremental net income to the University.
- Evaluating tuition and fee increases for fiscal year 2025 and beyond, while balancing access with cost of operations.
- Continuing legislative initiatives to support increases in Operating Base appropriation, increased New Jersey Tuition Aid Grant
  amounts to help provide financial assistance for in-state students, and additional relief from the reimbursement for state-provided
  fringe benefits covering non-state supported employees.
- Setting appropriate revenue targets for gifts and contributions, endowment and investment income, and other revenue sources.
- Streamlining expense outlays through service and program reviews to repurpose funds to support the University's highest priorities.
- Maximizing the use of our facilities and auxiliary assets for revenue generation opportunities.

## STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

						Compon	ent U	nit
	Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		Rutgers University Fo			oundation		
	2023		2022			2023		2022
ASSETS:								
Current Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	541,651	\$	428,165	\$	3,412	\$	3,140
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		-		-		11,172		6,846
Short-Term Investments		18,578		19,695		57		29
Short-Term Investments - Restricted		-		-		19,257		17,556
Accounts Receivable, net		924,980		880,212		9,657		9,669
Contributions Receivable, net		-		-		60,623		56,784
Inventories		7,720		8,024		-		-
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		13,111		6,987		787		586
Total Current Assets		1,506,040		1,343,083		104,965		94,610
Noncurrent Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		48,659		42,756		-		-
Long-Term Investments		700,315		654,038		2,298		2,286
Long-Term Investments - Restricted		1,310,085		1,277,795		4,308		5,383
Accounts Receivable, net		277,208		286,397		-		-
Contributions Receivable, net		-		-		33,869		30,911
Cash Surrender Value of Whole Life Insurance Policies		-		-		428		428
Capital Assets, net		3,930,717		3,989,222		658		944
Other Assets		23,607		_		-		-
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,290,591		6,250,208		41,561		39,952
TOTAL ASSETS		7,796,631		7,593,291		146,526		134,562
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Loss on Refunding		81,412		89,566				
Pension Related		238,581		219,519				
Interest Rate Swaps				517				
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		319,993		309,602		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES		8,116,624		7,902,893		146,526		134,562

(Continued)

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

			Componen	t Unit
	Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		Rutgers Universit	v Foundation
	2023	2022	2023	2022
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	534,860	427,578	10,744	10,130
Unearned Revenue	485,629	224,308	2,030	211
Payroll Withholdings	14,025	52,813	-	-
Other Payables	1,266	1,465	-	-
Beneficial Interest Payable	,		813	888
Commercial Paper	38,673	18,134		-
Long-Term Lease and Subscription Liabilities - Current Portion	38,753	34,698	362	348
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion	67,611	120,294		,
Total Current Liabilities	1,180,817	879,290	13,949	11,577
	1,100,011	017,270	20,717	11,311
Noncurrent Liabilities Other Noncurrent Liabilities	20 072	21 002	1,297	1 011
Unearned Revenue	28,873 26,839	31,802	1,297	1,011
Derivative Instruments		39,243 11,966	•	
	3,363	11,900	6 124	6 412
Beneficial Interest Payable	1 622 510	1 552 601	6,134	6,413
Net Pension Liability	1,633,519	1,552,681	182	- 
Long-Term Lease and Subscription Liabilities - Noncurrent Portion	133,424	137,448	162	544
Long-Term Liabilities - Noncurrent Portion	2,003,389	2,040,753		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,829,407	3,813,893	7,613	7,968
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,010,224	4,693,183	21,562	19,545
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Related	181,153	338,871	•	•
Lessor Real Estate	229,093	235,509	•	•
Irrevocable Split Interest Agreements			2,973	3,570
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	410,246	574,380	2,973	3,570
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,420,470	5,267,563	24,535	23,115
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,734,606	1,712,133	108	46
Restricted for				
Nonexpendable				
Academic/Departmental Uses	477,788	463,628	409	220
Scholarships and Fellowships	463,710	440,806	2,544	2,461
Expendable				
Academic/Departmental Uses	373,658	358,691	39,700	29,757
Scholarships and Fellowships	236,576	231,337	10,537	10,497
Loans	53,675	59,282	-	-
Sponsored Programs		4,203	59,100	49,425
Capital Projects	26,374	38,389	7,400	13,785
Other	8,754	7,744	6	606
Unrestricted	(678,987)	(680,883)	2,187	4,650
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,696,154 \$	2,635,330	\$ 121,991	111,447

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

			Compone	Component Unit			
	Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		-	Rutgers University Foundation			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Student Tuition and Fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$295,348 in 2023 and \$250,900 in 2022)	\$ 1,047,19	4 \$ 1,077,165	\$ -	\$ -			
Federal Grants and Contracts	525,13	1 472,163	-	-			
State and Municipal Grants and Contracts	134,53	5 116,538		-			
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	125,31	4 118,501	70,355	88,399			
Auxiliary Enterprises (net of scholarship allowances of \$47,424 in 2023 and \$34,750 in 2022)	296,16	2 263,899	•	-			
Net Patient Service Revenues	290,25	1 236,263	,	•			
Health Service Contract Revenues	786,00	4 773,958	,	•			
Other Operating Revenues	108,38	9 119,427	409	883			
Total Operating Revenues	3,312,98	0 3,177,914	70,764	89,282			
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and Wages	2,416,82	7 2,275,911	21,150	19,463			
Fringe Benefits	810,74	0 674,950	8,641	7,895			
OPEB (Benefit)/Expense	(83,71	6) 41,757		-			
Supplies and Services	1,061,75	1 953,220	10,368	11,571			
Grant Aid to Students	140,68	7 235,228		-			
Depreciation/Amortization	240,65	3 236,358	,	•			
Distributions to Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		-	162,413	181,109			
Distributions to Others			7	59			
Total Operating Expenses	4,586,94	2 4,417,424	202,579	220,097			
Operating Loss	(1,273,96	2) (1,239,510)	(131,815)	(130,815)			

(Continued)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

			Componen	Component Unit			
	Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		_	Rutgers University Foundation			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		_					
State Appropriations	515,076	481,591	-				
State Paid Fringe Benefits	511,504	464,625					
OPEB (Received from)/Paid by the State	(83,716)	41,757	-				
Administrative Fees and Support from Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey	-	,	29,882	27,895			
Noncash Support from Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey	-	,	4,345	4,337			
Federal Appropriations	7,074	6,840	-				
COVID Relief Funds	11,107	199,918	-				
Federal Student Aid	96,273	99,487	-				
State Student Aid	115,012	120,089	-				
Contributions	53,824	48,289	67,319	50,119			
Endowment and Investment Income (net of investment management fees for the University of \$3,947 in 2023 and \$4,490 in 2022)	43,356	33,324	462	(5)			
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	58,820	(131,758)	(161)	22			
Increase in Fair Value of Swaps	8,064	24,918	(101)				
Interest on Capital Asset Related Debt	(90,882)	(96,357)	(17)	(17)			
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(6,139)	(1,373)					
Other Non-operating Revenues	24,836	12,657	5	1,138			
Total Net Non-operating Revenues	1,264,209	1,304,007	101,835	83,489			
(Loss)/Income before Other Revenues	(9,753)	64,497	(29,980)	(47,326)			
Capital Grants and Gifts	39,477	21,372	7,541	6,619			
Additions to Permanent Endowments	31,100	28,454	32,983	27,919			
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	60,824	114,323	10,544	(12,788)			
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	2,635,330	2,521,007	111,447	124,235			
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 2,696,154 \$	2,635,330	\$ 121,991 \$	111,447			

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

	Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		
	2023	2022	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 994,496	\$ 1,082,607	
Research Grants and Contracts	729,489	734,649	
Services to Patients	270,359	243,501	
Health Service Contract Receipts	884,280	598,208	
Payments to Employees and for Benefits	(2,784,884)	(2,614,830)	
Payments to Suppliers	(1,059,552)	(953,011)	
Payments for Grant Aid to Students	(140,687)	(235,228)	
Collection of Loans to Students and Employees	7,680	5,131	
Loans to Students and Employees	(1,253)	(1,622)	
Auxiliary Enterprises Receipts	290,803	255,126	
Other Receipts	84,736	123,063	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(724,533)	(762,406)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
State Appropriations	501,399	461,918	
Federal Appropriations	7,074	6,840	
COVID Relief Funds	9,901	143,848	
Contributions for other than Capital Purposes	53,824	48,289	
Federal and State Student Aid	209,835	222,068	
Contributions for Endowment Purposes	31,100	28,454	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	813,133	911,417	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Proceeds from Capital Debt and Leases	52,327	8,726	
Capital Grants and Gifts Received	329,840	24,646	
Purchases of Capital Assets and Construction in Progress	(143,818)	(122,870)	
Increase in Accrued Capital Assets	9,433	2,987	
Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(163,169)	(111,397)	
Interest Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(85,761)	(91,954)	
Interest Income on Leases	7,210	7,290	
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Financing Activities	6,062	(282,572)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments	780,520	658,698	
Investment Income	43,356	33,324	
Purchase of Investments	(799,149)	(781,099)	
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities	24,727	(89,077)	
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	119,389	(222,638)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the year	470,921	693,559	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the year	590,310	470,921	
(continued)			

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to	2023	2022
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		
Operating Loss	(1,273,962)	(1,239,510)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used by Operating Activities:		
State Paid Fringe Benefits	511,504	464,625
OPEB (Received from)/Paid by the State	(83,716)	41,757
Depreciation/Amortization	240,653	236,358
Provision for Bad Debts	22,734	20,514
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables	(39,095)	(154,590)
Inventories	304	(743)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	(6,125)	(314)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	60,070	(42,332)
Unearned Revenue	(21,970)	36,499
Payroll Withholdings	(38,788)	(2,750)
Other Payables	(200)	75
Net Pension Liability	(95,942)	(121,995)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (724,533)	\$ (762,406)
Non Cook Investing and Einanging Activities	2023	2022
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities	2023	2022
Change in Fair Value of Derivatives	\$ 8,603	\$ 25,380
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	58,820	(131,758)
Capital Assets Acquired through Capital Leases	15,199	11,930

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES

#### Organization

Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (the University), one of the nation's nine colonial colleges, consists of 29 degree granting schools and colleges located at campuses in New Brunswick and adjacent areas, Newark, and Camden, and maintains educational services in many other communities throughout the State of New Jersey (the State). The University is the State University of New Jersey and the Land Grant College of the State of New Jersey. The University was created as a body corporate and politic with the title "The Trustees of Queens College in New Jersey" by royal charter granted by King George III, on November 10, 1766. In 1945, an act of the State Legislature designated Rutgers as the State University of New Jersey to be utilized as an instrumentality of the State for providing public higher education and thereby increasing the efficiency of its public school system. The University's title was changed to "Rutgers, The State University" and its charter was amended and supplemented by an act of the Legislature of the State in 1956 (the Rutgers Law).

## **Basis of Accounting**

The basic financial statements of the University have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, using the economic resources measurement focus, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The University reports as a special purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments as amended by GASB Statement No. 35 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – Public Colleges and Universities. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that the financial statements be presented on a comprehensive entity-wide basis, reporting the University as an economic unit.

#### Reporting Entity

The University's financial statements and notes thereto include the financial statements of the Rutgers University Foundation (the Foundation).

The Foundation is a legally separate, not-for-profit organization, which exists solely for the benefit of the University and was formed to aid the University to obtain private funds and other resources to meet the needs and achieve the goals of the University for which adequate funds may not be available from other sources. To fulfill this mission, the Foundation solicits and receives gifts and pledges from private sources including individuals, corporations, and foundations. All of the financial data for the Foundation is from their audited financial statements, reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB. The Foundation is discretely presented in the University's financial report as it would be misleading to exclude it and they exist for the direct benefit of the University, its students, and faculty.

The Foundation's business includes activities associated with a limited liability corporation, RUF NYC LLC, which is considered a blended component unit and whose financial activity is included in the Foundation statements. In 2023 and 2022, there was no financial activity for this entity. Copies of the Foundation's financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Foundation at Rutgers University Foundation, 335 George Street, Suite 4000, New Brunswick, NJ 08901.

Under GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Omnibus*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 34, the University is considered a component unit of the State of New Jersey for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the University's financial statements are included in the State of New Jersey's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Current cash and cash equivalents, which are both unrestricted and restricted in nature, consist of cash on hand, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less except for those managed as a component of the University's investment portfolio, which are included in non-current restricted cash. The University reclassifies net overdrafts from Cash and Cash Equivalents to Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities. This amount totaled \$27.7 million in 2023 (\$22.0 million in 2022). Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents are externally restricted to maintain sinking or reserve funds, purchase or construct capital or other noncurrent assets or collateral requirements for interest rate swaps, or are related to endowed funds.

#### Investments

Investments are recorded in the statements of net position at fair value, amortized cost and net asset value depending on asset type. Please refer to Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments for further details about investments at fair value and net asset value. Investments with a maturity greater than one year and investments externally restricted for endowment purposes, to maintain sinking funds, and to purchase

or construct capital or other noncurrent assets are classified as noncurrent assets in the Statements of Net Position. The year-to-year change in the fair value of investments is reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as net increase or decrease in fair value of investments.

## Funds Held in Trust

Funds held in trust by others or not in the possession of, nor under the control of, the University are not included in the University's accompanying financial statements because they do not meet eligibility requirements for recognition. The market value of such funds aggregated approximately \$71.3 million at June 30, 2023 (\$69.3 million in 2022). Income derived from such irrevocable trust funds held by others, aggregating approximately \$3.0 million in 2023 (\$3.2 million in 2022), is reported in the accompanying financial statements as non-operating revenue. Due to these funds being donor-established perpetual trusts, they do not meet the requirements of irrevocable split-interest agreements as defined in GASB 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*.

Prior to July 1, 2013, the New Jersey Health Foundation (NJHF) operated to support medical, dental, and other healthcare education and research of UMDNJ and for other scientific, charitable, literary, and educational purposes. As a result of the integration of UMDNJ, except for UH and SOM, into the University, the fundraising function for the resulting RBHS division was assumed by the Foundation on July 1, 2013. NJHF is not considered a component unit within the University. However, NJHF holds permanently restricted net assets for RBHS that consist of endowment contributions from donors with income to be used for specific or general purposes, as well as temporarily restricted net assets for RBHS subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by actions of NJHF or by the passage of time.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market. Cost is determined principally on a first-in, first-out basis.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of land, buildings, land improvements, equipment, and construction in progress, right-to-use lease and subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA or subscription) assets, and art collections. Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair market value on the date of gift if donated, and are shown net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation on buildings, land improvements, and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives, ranging from 5 to 50 years. Beginning in 2017, the components of certain buildings (i.e., those with a cost in excess of \$15.0 million and that have greater than 30.0% of assignable square footage allocated to organized research) are depreciated over the estimated useful life of those components. Library books totaling approximately 7.5 million volumes in 2023 (7.4 million volumes in 2022) have not been capitalized. The capitalization threshold is \$5,000 and above. Works of art or historical treasures that are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service are capitalized at the acquisition value of the item at the time of acquisition. Assets acquired under lease and SBITA agreements are classified as right-to-use lease and SBITA assets and amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the underlying asset useful life (see Note 6 and Note 7).

## Leases and Similar Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

## Lessor:

The University is a lessor for various noncancellable leases of land and buildings. For leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the University recognizes income based on the provisions of the lease contract. For all other leases (i.e. those that are not short-term), the University recognizes a lease receivable and an offsetting deferred inflow of resources (see Note 6).

At lease commencement, the University initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. The University recognizes interest income on the lease receivable, and lease revenue from the deferred inflows of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Variable payments are excluded from the valuations unless they are fixed in substance. For leases featuring payments tied to an index or market rate, the valuation is based on the initial index or market rate. The University does not have any leases subject to a residual value guarantee.

Key estimates and judgments include how the University determines the (1) discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease payments to be received, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments to be received.

- The University uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The University's incremental borrowing rate for leases is based on the rate of interest it would need to pay if it issued general obligation bonds. The University utilized its outstanding taxable debt issuances to develop a yield curve for all lease terms from 12 months to 100 years. Discount rates were then grouped into ranges by the most popular lease periods for the University. The yield curve is updated on a quarterly basis and utilized for any new leases entered into during that period.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable portion of the lease, plus any additional periods covered by either the University or lessee's unilateral option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. Periods in which both the University and the lessee have an option to terminate are excluded from the lease term.
- Lease payments to be received are evaluated by the University to determine if they should be included in the
  measurement of the lease receivable, including those payments that require a determination of whether they are
  reasonably certain of being received.

The University monitors changes in circumstances that may require remeasurement of a lease. When certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease, the receivable is remeasured and a corresponding adjustment is made to the deferred inflow of resources.

Noncurrent lease receivable is reported within the noncurrent assets section of the Statements of Net Position, net of the short-term portion of the lease receivable reported as current assets.

#### Lessee and Similar Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements:

The University is a lessee for various noncancellable leases of real estate and equipment from external parties. The University also has noncancellable SBITAs (similar to a lease) for the right-to-use information technology hardware and software. For leases and SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the University recognizes expense based on the provisions of the lease contract or SBITA, respectively. For all other leases and SBITAs (i.e. those that are not short-term), the University recognizes a right-to-use lease asset or SBITA asset, respectively and lease liability or SBITA liability, respectively (see Note 6).

At lease or SBITA commencement, the University initially measures the lease or SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease or SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease or SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of the payment made. The lease or SBITA asset is measured as the initial amount of the lease or SBITA liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease or SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the term or its useful life. The University recognizes interest expense on the lease or SBITA liability using the effective interest method based on the discount rate determined at commencement.

Variable payments are excluded from the valuations unless they are fixed in substance. For leases or SBITAs featuring payments tied to an index or market rate, the valuation is based on the initial index or market rate. The University does not have any leases or SBITAs subject to a residual value guarantee.

Key estimates and judgments include how the University determines the (1) discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease or SBITA payments to be made, (2) lease or SBITA term, and (3) lease or SBITA payments to be made.

- The University generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and SBITAs unless the rate that the lessor/vendor charges is known. The University's incremental borrowing rate for leases and SBITAs is based on the rate of interest it would need to pay if it issued general obligation bonds. The University utilized its outstanding taxable debt issuances to develop a yield curve for all lease terms from 12 months to 100 years. For the University's leases, discount rates were grouped into ranges by the most popular lease periods for the University. For SBITAs, discount rates were used that correspond to the SBITA term. The yield curve is updated on a quarterly basis and utilized for any new leases or SBITAs entered into during that period.
- The lease or SBITA term includes the noncancellable portion of the lease or SBITA, respectively, plus any additional periods covered by either the University or lessor's unilateral option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. Periods in which both the University and the lessor have an option to terminate are excluded from the lease or SBITA term.

• Lease and SBITA payments to be made are evaluated by the University to determine if they should be included in the measurement of the lease and SBITA liabilities, including those payments that require a determination of whether they are reasonably certain of being made. The University monitors changes in circumstances that may require remeasurement of a lease or SBITA. When certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease or SBITA, the liability is remeasured and a corresponding adjustment is made to the right-to-use lease or SBITA asset. Noncurrent lease and SBITA liabilities are reported within the noncurrent liabilities section of the Statements of Net Position, net of the current portion of the lease and SBITA liabilities reported within current liabilities.

## Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes summer session activity for July and August, as well as billings to third and fourth year medical and dental students, which will be recognized as revenue in the following fiscal year. It also includes cash received from grant and contract sponsors which has not yet been earned under the terms of the agreement. This includes \$1.6 million from COVID relief funds (\$2.8 million in 2022) and \$276.4 million of the \$300.0 million of federal American Rescue Plan funds provided by the State for the New Jersey Health + Life Science Exchange (HELIX) project. In addition, advances from the Big Ten Conference and advances related to State of New Jersey Capital grant programs are included in unearned revenue.

## Net Position (Deficit)

Net position is the difference between the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. These resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into four categories as follows:

Net investment in capital assets represents the University's investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted net position – nonexpendable consists of endowment and similar type funds for which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted net position – expendable includes all resources for which the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend the resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties as well as Perkins loans and U.S. government grants refundable.

Unrestricted net position (deficit) represents resources available to the University for educational and general operations and spendable endowment income. These resources are derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, net patient service revenue, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. Auxiliary enterprises and several academic programs, such as summer session and continuing education, are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid for using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

## Revenue Recognition

Revenues from student tuition and fees and auxiliary enterprises are presented net of scholarship allowances applied to student accounts and are recognized in the period earned. Other payments made directly to students are presented as scholarships and are included in operating expenses in the period incurred.

Grants and contracts revenue is comprised mainly of funds received from grants from federal, State of New Jersey and municipal, and other nongovernmental sources and is recognized when all eligibility requirements for revenue recognition are met, which is generally the period in which the related expenses are incurred.

Net patient service revenues are generated from patient care services and include the operations of faculty practice plans. Net patient service revenues are recorded in the period in which the services are provided and are reported at estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others. Amounts recorded are net of allowances to give recognition to differences between charges and reimbursement rates from third-party payers. Reimbursement from third-party payers varies, depending upon the type and level of care provided. Certain net revenues received are subject to audit and retroactive adjustments for which amounts are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Health service contract revenues include revenues related to health service contract activities and are recorded in the period in which the services are provided. This includes contractual billings for physician services under affiliate agreements with certain New Jersey hospitals and physician services for house staff, which is principally comprised of reimbursements for salaries and fringe benefits, paid by the University for physician services provided through graduate medical education residency programs.

Revenue from State appropriations is recognized in the fiscal year for which the State of New Jersey appropriates the funds to the University. The University is fiscally dependent upon these appropriations.

Contributions are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, which is generally in the period donated. Additions to permanent endowments are recognized upon receipt. Endowment and investment income is recognized in the period earned.

#### Classification of Revenue

The University's policy for defining operating activities in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are those that serve the University's principal purpose and generally result from exchange transactions such as the payment received for services and payment made for the purchase of goods and services. Examples include (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, (2) auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances, (3) most federal, state, and municipal, and other nongovernmental grants and contracts, (4) net patient services and (5) health service contracts. Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as operating appropriations from the State, student aid, COVID relief funds, endowment and investment income and contributions. Interest on capital asset related debt is reported as a non-operating expense.

As a result of the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19), the University has been awarded \$373.0 million in grants since fiscal year 2020 and expendable through September 2023 to defray institutional expenses and provide emergency aid to eligible students. The University recognized \$11.1 million and \$199.9 million in COVID relief funds as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of June 30, 2023, \$1.6 million remained unspent and classified as unearned revenue in the 2023 Statements of Net Position. As of June 30, 2022, \$12.5 million was unspent and \$2.8 million was classified as unearned revenue in the 2022 Statements of Net Position.

## Grant Aid to Students

Grant aid to students includes payments made directly to students in the form of student aid. Any aid applied directly to the students' accounts in payment of tuition and fees, housing charges and dining services is reflected as a scholarship allowance and is deducted from the University's revenues. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the University's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

The University received \$86.6 million during the year ended June 30, 2023 (\$88.2 million in 2022), from the Federal Pell Grant program, and \$102.6 million during the year ended June 30, 2023 (\$109.3 million in 2022), from Tuition Aid Grants, from the State of New Jersey, the largest state student aid program.

The University distributes loans to students under the Federal Direct Loan Program. Under this program, the U.S. Department of Education makes interest subsidized and unsubsidized loans, through schools, directly to students. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the University disbursed \$373.0 million (\$398.6 million in 2022) under the Federal Direct Loan Program. Direct student loans receivable is not included in the University's Statements of Net Position since they are repayable directly to the U.S. Department of Education.

## **Income Taxes**

The University is exempt from income taxes on related income pursuant to federal and state tax laws as an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey.

## Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

As set forth in Rutgers University Policy 50-1.12, members of the Boards of Governors, and Trustees, and the Camden Board of Directors (the Members) are "Special State Officers" and University officers (the Officers) are "State officers" under the terms of the New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law (N.J.S.A. 52:13D-12 et seq.). The general standards of conduct in the New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law specifically applicable to the Members and Officers are set forth in the Code of Ethics approved by the State Ethics Commission, and include the following, among others: (1) Members and Officers shall not have any interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or engage in any business or transaction or professional activity, which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his or her duties in the public interest; and (2) Members and Officers shall not act in their official capacities in any matter wherein they have a direct or indirect personal financial interest that might reasonably be expected to impair their objectivity or independence of judgment. A Member or Officer, therefore, must recuse him- or herself from a matter involving an outside entity in which he or she or an immediate family member has (1) any financial interest, direct or indirect, exceeding 10% of the profit, assets or stock of that outside entity or any financial interest, of any magnitude, that is incompatible with the discharge of his or her official duties; or (2) has any personal interest, direct or indirect, that is incompatible with the discharge of his or her public duties with respect to that matter. Each Member and Officer is further required to file with the University an annual Conflict of Interest Form, which is reviewed by the Secretary of the University with the assistance of the Senior Vice President and General Counsel. The Senior Vice President and General Counsel makes the final decision as to whether a potential conflict of interest constitutes a conflict requiring recusal and will notify the relevant Member or Officer; the Chair of the Committee on Audit; the Chair of the Board on which the Member sits, in the case of a Member; and the President of the University, in the case of an Officer, of any such determination.

#### Accounting Pronouncements Applicable to the University, Issued but Not Yet Effective

The University is evaluating the impact of the new statements noted below.

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus* 2022 (GASB 99). This statement enhances comparability and consistency in accounting and financial reporting by addressing two areas: (1) practice issues that have been identified during the implementation of certain GASB statements, and (2) guidance on accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, which is fiscal year 2024.

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 (GASB 100). This statement enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. GASB 100 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, which is fiscal year 2024.

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences (GASB 101). This statement updates accounting and financial reporting requirements for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments to better align the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model which results in a liability for compensated absences that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs an obligation. GASB 101 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, which is fiscal year 2025.

## NOTE 2 - ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AND CORRECTION OF AN IMMATERIAL ERROR

The University adopted GASB statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96). This statement establishes new requirements on the accounting and reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs or subscriptions). The standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in GASB 87, Leases, as amended. The balances below were calculated using the facts and circumstances that existed at July 1, 2021 as prescribed by GASB 96. In addition, the University had other immaterial errors in various net position categories.

June 30, 2022 was corrected for the effects of the University's adoption of GASB 96 and other immaterial errors as follows:

	July 1, 2021 as Originally Reported		GASB 96 Impact		July 1, 2021 as Adjusted	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,042,635	\$	29,208	\$	4,071,843
Long-Term Lease and Subscription Liabilities - Current Portion		22,837		11,961		34,798
Long-Term Lease and Subscription Liabilities - Noncurrent Portion		131,222		23,353		154,575
Supplies and Services Expenses		•		6,106		6,106
	June 30, 2022 as Originally Reported  GASB 96 Impact and Other Immaterial Error Corrections		mmaterial	June 30, 2022 as Adjusted		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,964,832	\$	24,390	\$	3,989,222
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		427,350		228		427,578
Long-Term Lease and Subscription Liabilities - Current Portion		19,091		15,607		34,698
Long-Term Lease and Subscription Liabilities - Noncurrent Portion		106,685		30,763		137,448
Net Position - Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,829,023		(116,890)		1,712,133
Net Position - Restricted for Expendable - Capital Projects		48,833		(10,444)		38,389
Net Position - Unrestricted		(786,009)		105,126		(680,883)
Supplies and Services Expenses	\$	951,044	\$	2,176	\$	953,220
Depreciation/Amortization		216,873		19,485		236,358
Interest on Capital Asset Related Debt		(95,810)		(547)		(96,357)
Decrease in Net Position		136,531		(22,208)		114,323
Cash Flows From Operating Activities - Payments to Suppliers	\$	(950,835)	\$	(2,176)	\$	(953,011)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities - Purhcases of Capital Assets and Construction in Progress		(148,392)		25,522		(122,870)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities - Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases		(88,395)		(23,002)		(111,397)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities - Interest Paid on Capital Debt and Leases		(91,610)		(344)		(91,954)
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities - Operating Loss		(1,217,849)		(21,661)		(1,239,510)

The University also adopted GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (GASB 91). This statement requires issuers to disclose general information about their conduit debt obligations, organized by type of commitment, including the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the issuers' conduit debt obligations and a description of each type of commitment. Issuers that recognize liabilities related to supporting the debt service of conduit debt obligations also should disclose information about the amount recognized and how the liabilities changed during the reporting period. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the University's financial statements.

The University also adopted GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB 94). This statement improves the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter into public-private and public-public partnerships (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and enhances the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about PPPs and APAs. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the University's financial statements.

## NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The University's cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	2023	2022	
Money Market Funds	\$ 578,053	\$	454,826
Cash and Deposits	12,257		16,095
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 590,310	\$	470,921

The University's net cash and cash equivalents balance at June 30, 2023, includes a cash book balance of \$12.3 million (\$16.1 million in 2022). The actual amount of cash on deposit in the University's bank accounts at June 30, 2023, was \$11.5 million (\$16.1 million in 2022). Of this amount, \$1.0 million was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation at June 30, 2023 (\$1.0 million in 2022). At June 30, 2023, \$30.0 million (\$64.6 million in 2022) was collateralized, and cash and cash equivalents in excess of these balances were uncollateralized.

#### Investments

The Board of Governors and the Board of Trustees, through the Joint Committee on Investments, exercise authority over the investment of the University's Long-Term Investment Pool. Professional investment managers manage the investment of funds in accordance with the Investment Policy as established by the Joint Committee on Investments, approved by the Board of Governors with the consent of the Board of Trustees. Additionally, professional investment staff and a consultant monitor and report on the Long-Term Investment Pool and the individual investment managers. Under the terms of the University's bond indentures, bond proceeds and debt service funds may be invested and reinvested only in obligations which will by their terms mature on or before the date funds are needed for expenditure or withdrawal.

The primary financial objective of the investment management of the University's Long-Term Investment Pool is to preserve and enhance the Long-Term Investment Pool's real purchasing power while providing a relatively constant stream of earnings for current use. The long-term investment goal of the endowment is to attain a total return of at least 4.0% plus inflation, fees, and costs. In 2023 and 2022, the University's actual annual spend was 4.0% of a trailing 13-quarter average of the Long-Term Investment Pool's market values.

The University's investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net position.

The University's investments consist of the following at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	2023	2022
Common Stock	\$ 341,002	\$ 211,002
U.S. Government Agencies	36,950	50,048
U.S. Government Bonds	75,869	64,475
Corporate Bonds	155,477	166,867
Mutual Funds - Common Stock	85,996	165,051
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	9,022	7,868
Fixed Income Funds	124,626	140,596
Hedge Funds	508,223	459,933
Private Equity	392,619	368,073
Venture Capital	105,236	101,346
Real Estate	87,003	109,491
Real Assets	103,203	101,407
Other	3,752	5,371
Total	\$ 2,028,978	\$ 1,951,528

The Hedge Funds description includes: Credit, Long/Short Equity, Global Macro, Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds and Other.

#### Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the financial statement measurement date. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

Level 1 - unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date

Level 2 – quoted prices other than those included within Level 1 and other inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 - unobservable inputs for an asset or liability

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3. When the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level that is significant to the entire measurement.

While the University believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value:

All or a portion of the following categories were classified in Level 1 of the hierarchy as they are valued using prices quoted in active markets: Common Stock, U.S. Government Bonds, Mutual Funds – Common Stock, and Mutual Funds – Fixed Income.

All or a portion of the following categories were classified in Level 2 of the hierarchy as they are valued using prices based on bid evaluations or quoted prices on an inactive market: Mutual Funds – Common Stock, Corporate Bonds, U.S. Government Agencies, and U.S. Government Bonds.

Level 3 assets within the Real Asset category include real asset limited partnership interests where the investments are valued based on unobservable inputs such as analysis on current oil and gas reserves, future production estimates and NYMEX futures prices. Included in the Other category is a captive, pooled insurance vehicle for which the University has a long-term commitment and whose shares are not readily available and valued based upon the University's paid-in capital to the vehicle as well as its share of retained earnings from underwriting profits.

The University's interests in alternative investment funds are generally reported at the net asset value or its equivalent (NAV) reported by the fund managers and assessed as reasonable by the University, which is used as a practical expedient to estimate the fair value of the University's interest therein. Investments measured at NAV are not categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables summarize the University's investments by strategy type as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	2023							
				Investme	nts M	leasured at l	Fair Va	alue
Investment Type	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Common Stock	\$	341,002	\$	341,002		\$ -	\$	-
Government Agencies		36,950		-		36,950		-
Government Bonds		75,869		2,679		73,190		-
Corporate Bonds		155,477				155,477		-
Mutual Funds - Common Stock		85,996		44,494		41,502		-
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		9,022		9,022				
Real Assets		37,454		-		-		37,454
Other		3,752				,		3,752
Subtotal	\$	745,522	\$	397,197	\$	307,119	\$	41,206

Investment Type	N	let Asset Value
Private Equity	\$	392,619
Real Estate		87,003
Real Assets		65,749
Venture Capital		105,236
Fixed Income Funds		124,626
Credit Hedge Funds		86,474
Long/Short Hedge Funds		312,556
Global Macro Hedge Funds		37,868
Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds		71,205
Other Hedge Funds		120
Subtotal	\$	1,283,456
Total	\$	2,028,978

		Investments Measured at Fai						
Investment Type	Fair Value			Level 1		Level 2		evel 3
Common Stock	\$	211,002	\$	211,002	Ş	5 -	\$	,
Government Agencies		50,048		-		50,048		
Government Bonds		64,475		-		64,475		
Corporate Bonds		166,867				166,867		
Mutual Funds - Common Stock		165,051		113,109		51,942		
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		7,868		7,868		-		
Real Assets		39,109		-		-		39,109
Other		5,371						5,371
Subtotal	\$	709,791	\$	331,979	\$	333,332	\$	44,480

Investment Type	N	Net Asset Value				
Private Equity	\$	368,073				
Real Estate		109,491				
Real Assets		62,298				
Venture Capital		101,346				
Fixed Income Funds		140,596				
Credit Hedge Funds		90,725				
Long/Short Hedge Funds		272,579				
Global Macro Hedge Funds		32,756				
Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds		63,753				
Other Hedge Funds		120				
Subtotal	\$	1,241,737				
Total	\$	1,951,528				

#### Investments Measured at Net Asset Value

In addition to traditional stocks and fixed-income securities, the University also holds alternative investment funds including hedge fund, private equity, venture capital, real estate and real asset strategies. Alternative investments are typically subject to restrictions that limit the University's ability to withdraw capital after such investment and, most often in hedge funds, limit the amount that may be withdrawn as of a given redemption date. The redemption terms of the University's investments in alternative investments vary greatly (as described below). Generally, the University has no discretion to withdraw its investments in private equity, venture capital, real estate, and real asset funds; distributions are made when assets are sold within the funds.

The University is obligated in most alternative strategies to fund investment opportunities as they arise up to specified commitment levels over a period of several years. These commitments have fixed expiration dates and other termination clauses. The following table represents the unfunded commitments, redemption frequency and redemption notice period for investments measured at NAV as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

Investment Type	2023 Unfunded Commitments		2022 Unfunded Commitments		Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Private Equity	\$	179,330	\$	123,517	Illiquid	N/A
Real Estate		91,383		60,260	Illiquid	N/A
Real Assets		28,877		42,126	Illiquid	N/A
Venture Capital		144,038		102,212	Illiquid	N/A
Fixed Income Funds		33,287		37,266	Illiquid	N/A
Credit Hedge Funds		N/A		N/A	Quarterly, Annually	45 - 90 days
Global Macro Hedge Funds		N/A		N/A	Quarterly	90 days
Long/Short Hedge Funds		N/A		N/A	Monthly, Quarterly, Annually	6 - 60 days
Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds		5,344		15,000	Quarterly, Semi-Annually, Annually, Rolling Two-years	60 - 90 days
Total	\$	482,259	\$	380,381		

Because of the inherent uncertainties of valuation, these net asset values may differ significantly from values that would have been used had a ready market existed, and the differences could be material. Such valuations are determined by fund managers and generally consider variables such as operating results, comparable earnings multiples, projected cash flows, recent sales prices, and other pertinent information, and may reflect discounts for the illiquid nature of certain investments held.

Management's estimate of the lives of the funds could vary significantly depending on the investment decisions of the external fund managers, changes in the University's portfolio, and other circumstances. Furthermore, the University's obligation to fund the commitments noted above may be waived by the fund manager for a variety of reasons including market conditions and/or changes in investment strategy.

The University does have various sources of internal liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents, which are available to fund the required commitments.

### **Strategy Descriptions**

Private Equity – Funds that typically invest in private companies or engage in buyouts of public companies with the intent of improving their portfolio companies by investing in their growth as well as implementing operational and financial best practices. These strategies are implemented through illiquid vehicles and cannot be redeemed. The investment periods of these funds typically range from 2 – 5 years with full terms of 10 – 12 years. Capital is distributed back as the fund's investments are liquidated over that time period.

Real Estate – This strategy includes funds that invest in the equity or debt of real estate assets or businesses related to the real estate industry. These strategies are implemented through illiquid vehicles and cannot be redeemed. The investment periods of these funds typically range from 2 – 5 years with full terms of 10 – 12 years. Capital is distributed back as the fund's investments are liquidated over that time period.

Real Assets – This strategy includes funds that invest in businesses or physical commodities in a wide variety of asset classes including but not limited to energy, infrastructure, metals and mining, and other commodity-related industries. These strategies are implemented through illiquid

vehicles and cannot be redeemed. The investment periods of these funds typically range from 2 – 5 years with full terms of 10 – 12 years. Capital is distributed back as the fund's investments are liquidated over that time period.

Fixed Income Funds- Include funds that invest throughout the capital structure. Typical investments may include senior secured, unsecured, subordinated or mezzanine loans, corporate credit, non-performing loans, and various other credit investments. The investment periods of these funds typically range from 2 - 3 years with full terms 5 - 8 years. Capital is distributed back as the fund's investment is liquidated over that time period.

Venture Capital – Funds that invest in early, mid, and late-stage high growth companies, which are typically at the forefront of innovation in their specific fields. These are typically higher risk/reward opportunities in the fields of technology and medicine of which the companies will generally have negative cash flow at the start. These strategies are implemented through illiquid vehicles and cannot be redeemed. The investment periods of these funds typically range from 2 – 5 years with full terms of 10 – 12 years. Capital is distributed back as the fund's investments are liquidated over that time period.

Credit Hedge Funds – Strategies that typically invest both long and short in high yield and high-grade bonds, structured products, and distressed debt strategies that take advantage of corporate securities in default, under bankruptcy protection, in distress, or in liquidation.

Long/Short Hedge Funds - Strategies that typically invest in long and short positions primarily in publicly traded equities.

Global Macro Hedge Funds – Strategies which base its exposures on economic and political views and outcomes from around the world and in many markets. Funds of this nature can invest in a wide variety of securities such as equity, fixed income, currencies, commodities, and futures markets.

Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds - Multi-strategy hedge funds consist of variety of investment strategies such as equity long/short, convertible bond arbitrage, credit, merger and statistical arbitrage, event driven, etc. in order to lower and diversify risk as well as reduce volatility.

Other Hedge Funds - Legacy hedge fund positions which have been redeemed, but continue to be liquidated.

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The operating funds of the University are managed against the expected cash requirements of these funds. The University projects its cash requirements and arranges investment maturities accordingly. Special attention is given to the interest rate environment in times of economic growth or downturns. The table below reflects the operation of this process. Endowment funds have a much longer outlook and are invested by professional managers against an index as provided in the University's investment guidelines. The following table summarizes the maturities of investments that are subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

						2023				
	'				Inv	estment Mati	urities	(in years)		
Investment Type	Mar	ket Value	Less	than 1		1-5		6-10	More	e than 10
U.S. Government Bonds	\$	75,869	\$		\$	61,974	\$	8,603	\$	5,292
U.S. Government Agencies		36,950		8,198		367		1,687		26,698
Corporate Bonds		155,477		16,269		122,923		15,279		1,006
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		9,022		9,022		-				-
Total	\$	277,318	\$	33,489	\$	185,264	\$	25,569	\$	32,996

					2022				
				Inv	estment Mati	arities (	in years)		
Mar	ket Value	Less	s than 1		1-5		6-10	More	than 10
\$	64,475	\$	1	\$	55,234	\$	9,240	\$	
	50,048				2,404		7,443		40,201
	166,867		14,325		143,312		7,003		2,227
	7,868		7,868		-				
\$	289,258	\$	22,194	\$	200,950	\$	23,686	\$	42,428
	<b>Mar</b> \$	50,048 166,867 7,868	\$ 64,475 \$ 50,048 166,867 7,868	\$ 64,475 \$ 1 50,048 166,867 14,325 7,868 7,868	Market Value         Less than 1           \$ 64,475         \$ 1           50,048         -           166,867         14,325           7,868         7,868	Market Value         Less than 1         1-5           \$ 64,475         \$ 1         \$ 55,234           50,048         - 2,404           166,867         14,325         143,312           7,868         7,868         -	Market Value         Less than 1         1-5           \$ 64,475         \$ 1         \$ 55,234         \$ 50,048           \$ 166,867         \$ 14,325         \$ 143,312           \$ 7,868         \$ 7,868         \$ .	Market Value         Less than 1         1-5         6-10           \$ 64,475         \$ 1         \$ 55,234         \$ 9,240           50,048         - 2,404         7,443           166,867         14,325         143,312         7,003           7,868         7,868	Market Value         Less than 1         1-5         6-10         More           \$ 64,475         \$ 1         \$ 55,234         \$ 9,240         \$           50,048         - 2,404         7,443         -           166,867         14,325         143,312         7,003           7,868         7,868         -         -

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's Investment Policy states that individual bonds shall be rated with an investment grade by at least two of the three rating agencies (Moody's, Fitch, and Standard & Poor's (S&P)). The average credit quality of the Core Fixed Income Fund shall be maintained at AA (by S&P or equivalent rating by Moody's or Fitch) or higher. The prospect of credit risk or risk of permanent loss shall be avoided in the Fixed Income Fund. Issues of state or municipal agencies shall not be purchased except in unusual circumstances. A fixed income manager may invest in foreign securities up to a limit of 20% of the portfolio. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the University's cash and cash equivalent and investment quality ratings as rated by Standard & Poor's were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Investment Type	Quality Rating	2023		2022
U.S. Government Agencies and Bonds	AAA	\$ 717	\$	1,415
U.S. Government Agencies and Bonds	AA+	105,993		107,584
U.S. Government Agencies and Bonds	AA-	2,192		2,227
U.S. Government Agencies and Bonds	AA	1,448		797
U.S. Government Agencies and Bonds	A	2,469		2,500
Corporate Bonds	AAA	59,041		51,239
Corporate Bonds	AA+	1,604		1,618
Corporate Bonds	AA-	10,284		4,929
Corporate Bonds	A+	11,467		23,940
Corporate Bonds	A	10,284		19,913
Corporate Bonds	A-	39,206		32,973
Corporate Bonds	BBB+	18,173		16,741
Corporate Bonds	BBB	3,921		12,206
Corporate Bonds	BBB-	1,497		3,308
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	Not Rated	9,022		7,868
Money Market Funds	AAA	 578,053		454,826
Total		\$ 855,371	\$	744,084

## Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the University will not be able to recover the value of the investments that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk should not be confused with market risk, which is the risk that the market value of a security may decline. The University's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured and unregistered and held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the University's name. Money market funds are not subject to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the University's investment securities were not subject to custodial credit risk.

## Investments - Endowment Funds

Most of the endowment funds assets are invested in the Long-Term Investment Pool. Each individual fund subscribes to or disposes of units in the pools on the basis of the per-unit market value at the beginning of the three-month period within which the transaction takes place. At June 30, 2023, the fair value of the Long-Term Investment Pool was \$1,861.4 million (\$1,787.1 million at June 30, 2022). In addition, the aggregate endowment market value of funds separately invested was \$10.5 million at June 30, 2023 (\$9.4 million at June 30, 2022). The investment appreciation was \$63.9 million at June 30, 2023 (depreciation was \$121.3 million at June 30, 2022). These amounts are included in restricted nonexpendable, restricted expendable and unrestricted net position.

The University employs a spending policy, which provides for annual spending at a stated rate determined by the Joint Investment Committee of the Board of Governors and the Board of Trustees. Income earned above the stated rate is reinvested and added to the endowment principal, while any shortfall is covered by capital appreciation. The University complies with the "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA) P.L. 2009, Chapter 64, adopted by New Jersey. This law speaks to the management and use of funds held by charitable institutions.

# NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Accounts receivable are shown net of the allowance for doubtful accounts and are comprised of the following at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

		Accounts eceivable	All	owance	ľ	Net 2023
Government Grants and						
Other Sponsored Programs Receivable	\$	235,772	\$	4,513	\$	231,259
Construction Related Receivable		21,876		-		21,876
Student Notes Receivable		51,262		6,889		44,373
Patient Accounts Receivable		82,791		28,980		53,811
Federal and State Governments Receivable		126,087		-		126,087
Student Accounts Receivable		118,037		20,870		97,167
Health Service Contract Receivable		350,863		14,479		336,384
Lessor Rent Receivable		240,247		-		240,247
Other Receivable		66,928		15,944		50,984
T1	\$	1,293,863	\$	91,675	\$	1,202,188
Total	Ψ	1,273,003	Ψ	71,013	÷	, , , , , , ,
i otai	Ā	Accounts		owance		Net 2022
Government Grants and	Ā	Accounts				
	Ā	Accounts				
Government Grants and	A R	Accounts eceivable	All	owance	1	Net 2022
Government Grants and Other Sponsored Programs Receivable	A R	Accounts eceivable 187,206	All	owance	1	Net 2022 181,430
Government Grants and Other Sponsored Programs Receivable Construction Related Receivable	A R	Accounts eceivable 187,206 28,585	All	owance 5,776	1	Net 2022 181,430 28,585
Government Grants and Other Sponsored Programs Receivable Construction Related Receivable Student Notes Receivable	A R	187,206 28,585 57,521	All	5,776 6,720	1	Net 2022 181,430 28,585 50,801
Government Grants and Other Sponsored Programs Receivable Construction Related Receivable Student Notes Receivable Patient Accounts Receivable	A R	187,206 28,585 57,521 50,464	All	5,776 6,720	1	Net 2022 181,430 28,585 50,801 33,819
Government Grants and Other Sponsored Programs Receivable Construction Related Receivable Student Notes Receivable Patient Accounts Receivable Federal and State Governments Receivable	A R	187,206 28,585 57,521 50,464 92,792	All	5,776 6,720 16,645	1	Net 2022 181,430 28,585 50,801 33,819 92,792
Government Grants and Other Sponsored Programs Receivable Construction Related Receivable Student Notes Receivable Patient Accounts Receivable Federal and State Governments Receivable Student Accounts Receivable	A R	187,206 28,585 57,521 50,464 92,792 61,092	All	5,776 6,720 16,645	1	Net 2022 181,430 28,585 50,801 33,819 92,792 44,609

1,248,764

Total

The allowances for doubtful accounts and notes are based upon management's best estimate of uncollectible accounts and notes at June 30, 2023 and 2022, considering type, age, collection history and other appropriate factors.

82,155

1,166,609

### NOTE 5 - NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUES AND HEALTH SERVICE CONTRACT REVENUES

Net patient service revenues include revenues related to patient care services, generated primarily by RBHS behavioral healthcare clinics, community healthcare centers, cancer center, and the operations of faculty practice plans under contractual arrangements with governmental payers and private insurers.

Net patient service revenues comprised of the following for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	2023	2022
Gross Charges	\$ 1,487,258	\$ 928,031
Deductions from Gross Charges		
Contractual and Other Allowances	(1,175,144)	(665,264)
Provision for Bad Debts	(21,863)	(26,504)
Net Patient Service Revenues	\$ 290,251	\$ 236,263

Health service contract revenues relate to professional services provided under contractual arrangements. This includes providing physician services under affiliate agreements with certain New Jersey hospitals (such as University Hospital of Newark, Cooper Hospital, RWJ Barnabas Health and others). It also includes physician services for housestaff, which is comprised of reimbursements for graduate medical education residency programs in connection with RWJ Medical School, New Jersey Medical School and Rutgers School of Dental Medicine. At June 30, 2023, health service contract revenues totaled \$786.0 million (\$774.0 million in 2022), which included reimbursement for housestaff salaries, fringe benefits and insurance of \$130.8 million (\$129.6 million in 2022), and billings under other contractual arrangements of \$655.2 million (\$644.4 million in 2022).

### NOTE 6 - LEASES AND SIMILAR SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

### Lessee and Similar Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

As discussed in Note 1 – Leases and Similar Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, the University is a lessee for various noncancellable leases of real estate and equipment. The University also has noncancellable SBITA arrangements (similar to a lease) for the right-to-use various information technology hardware and software. Lease or SBITA terms for the leases and arrangements vary from 1 year to 82 years. The discount rate used for the calculation of the lease or SBITA liability varies depending on the length of the respective leases and arrangements, and ranged from 0.26% to 13.40%. Variable payments included in leases and SBITAs that were not included in the measurement of the lease and SBITA liability that depend on consumer price index changes from the initial measurement totaled an insignificant amount for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The detail of right-to-use lease and SBITA assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023
Right-To-Use Lease Assets:				
Real Estate	\$ 128,502	\$ 7,453	\$ 1,254	\$ 134,701
Equipment	37,531	7,746	936	44,341
Total Right-To-Use Lease Assets	166,033	15,199	2,190	179,042
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
Real Estate	23,844	11,691	1,074	34,461
Equipment	11,188	7,425	895	17,718
Total Accumulated Amortization	35,032	19,116	1,969	52,179
Total Right-To-Use Lease Assets, net	131,001	(3,917)	221	126,863
SBITA Assets:				
SBITA Assets	72,538	28,918	9,993	91,463
Less Accumulated Amortization	19,821	24,801	9,993	34,629
Total SBITA Assets, net	52,717	4,117		56,834
Total Right-To-Use Lease and SBITA Assets, net	\$ 183,718	\$ 200	\$ 221	\$ 183,697
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022
Right-To-Use Lease Assets:	jai, 1, 2021	Tidditions	Deductions	June 50, 2022
Real Estate	\$ 122,352	\$ 9,504	\$ 3,354	\$ 128,502
Equipment	56,201	2,426	21,096	37,531
Total Right-To-Use Lease Assets	178,553	11,930	24,450	166,033
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
Real Estate	12,839	12,964	1,959	23,844
Equipment	8,882	6,151	3,845	11,188
Total Accumulated Amortization	21,721	19,115	5,804	35,032
Total Right-To-Use Lease Assets, net	156,832	(7,185)	18,646	131,001
SBITA Assets:				
SBITA Assets	35,400	37,138		72,538
Less Accumulated Amortization		19,821	-	19,821
Total SBITA Assets, net	35,400	17,317		52,717

The detail of lease and SBITA liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	July	1, 2022	Ado	ditions	Ded	uctions	June	30, 2023	rrent ortion
Real Estate Lease Liabilities	\$	104,867	\$	8,106	\$	12,579	\$	100,394	\$ 11,436
Equipment Lease Liabilities		20,909		7,855		7,845		20,919	6,122
SBITA Liabilities		46,370		28,539		24,045		50,864	21,195
Total	\$	172,146	\$	44,500	\$	44,469	\$	172,177	\$ 38,753

	July	1, 2021	Ado	litions	Ded	uctions	June	30, 2022	rrent ortion
Real Estate Lease Liabilities	\$	109,614	\$	8,586	\$	13,333	\$	104,867	\$ 11,886
Equipment Lease Liabilities		44,445		2,354		25,890		20,909	7,205
SBITA Liabilities		35,314		34,023		22,967		46,370	15,607
Total	\$	189,373	\$	44,963	\$	62,190	\$	172,146	\$ 34,698

Principal and interest payments for lease and SBITA liabilities are as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Lease Payments		SBITA Payments		
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 17,558	\$ 3,403	\$ 20,961	\$ 21,195	\$ 1,339	\$ 22,534
2025	13,274	2,996	16,270	13,978	813	14,791
2026	9,193	2,685	11,878	5,137	351	5,488
2027	6,714	2,460	9,174	4,776	216	4,992
2028	4,879	2,282	7,161	3,064	95	3,159
2029-2033	8,529	10,287	18,816	2,714	68	2,782
2034-2038	2,617	9,589	12,206	,	-	
2039-2043	3,353	9,098	12,451		-	
2044-2048	4,019	8,487	12,506			
2049-2053	4,603	7,766	12,369		-	
2054-2058	5,209	6,956	12,165		-	
2059-2063	4,668	6,087	10,755			-
2064-2068	4,844	5,306	10,150		-	
2069-2073	5,669	4,393	10,062		-	
2074-2078	6,147	3,413	9,560		-	
Thereafter	20,037	2,326	22,363	•	•	•
Total	\$ 121,313	\$ 87,534	\$ 208,847	\$ 50,864	\$ 2,882	\$ 53,746

As of June 30, 2023, the University was contractually obligated to make lease and SBITA payments totaling \$8.3 million that is expected to commence in fiscal year 2023 (\$7.0 million in lease payments as of 2022). The University has certain rights and obligations for these leases. However, it did not recognize a right-to-use lease or SBITA asset or liability since the lease or arrangement has not yet commenced as of June 30, 2023.

### Lessor Arrangements

As discussed in Note 1 – Leases and Similar Subscription-Based Technology Arrangements, the University is a lessor for various noncancellable long-term leases of its land and buildings. Lease terms for the leases vary from 1 year to 68 years. The discount rate used for the calculation of the lease receivable varies depending on the length of the respective leases, and ranged from 0.57% to 5.42%.

Variable payments included in leases that were not included in the measurement of the lease receivable include percentage rent, where related payments are based on a percentage of gross receipts collected by the tenants. Percentage rent totaled an insignificant amount for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Lease income from noncancellable long-term fixed payment leases totaled \$13.6 million and \$12.8 million for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Interest income from noncancellable long-term leases totaled \$7.3 million for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Where a monthly lease payment is less than the calculated interest amount for that month, the difference is recorded as accrued interest receivable and accounted for separately from the respective lease receivable balance. Monthly interest accrues based on prior month-end balances of both the lease receivable account and the related accrued interest receivable account. This accrued interest account will accumulate until such time that monthly lease payment is greater than the interest calculated for that month. In leases that have outstanding accrued interest receivable balances, the related lease payments are applied in the following order: (1) to the interest portion of the rent, (2) to the accrued interest balance until fully paid, and (3) to the lease receivable balance. Accrued interest receivable totaled \$0.4 million at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The detail of lessor activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	July	y 1, 2022	Add	litions	Ded	uctions	June	30, 2023
Lessor Accounts Receivable	\$	243,609	\$	6,820	\$	10,182	\$	240,247
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Lessor Real Estate		235,509		7,247		13,663		229,093
	July 1, 2021		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2022	
Lessor Accounts Receivable	\$	217,172	\$	35,163	\$	8,726	\$	243,609
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Lessor Real Estate		213,104		35,163		12,758		235,509

Future minimum lease payments to be received under noncancellable long-term leases, exclusive of percentage rent, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	Principal			Interest		_	,	Γotal
2024	\$	9,413		\$	7,019		\$	16,432
2025		9,210			6,777			15,987
2026		9,445			6,529			15,974
2027		9,175			6,281			15,456
2028		7,974			6,050			14,024
2029-2033		41,919			26,888			68,807
2034-2038		46,318			20,760			67,078
2039-2043		5,719			16,835			22,554
2044-2048		6,778			15,832			22,610
2049-2053		8,110			14,636			22,746
2054-2058		9,895			13,200			23,095
2059-2063		8,867			11,615			20,482
Thereafter		67,424	_		32,354	_		99,778
Total	\$	240,247	-	\$	184,776	_	\$	425,023

# NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The detail of capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:         \$ 84,691         \$ 105         \$ 7         \$ 84,789           Capitalized Art Collections         94,008         1,125         -         95,133           Construction in Progress         186,528         111,686         66,901         231,313           Total         365,227         112,916         66,908         411,235           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         12,097         -         411,518           Buildings         5,651,290         54,646         7,093         5,698,843           Equipment         748,923         31,339         100,985         679,277           Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139           Total         3,359,357         197,274         102,778         3,453,853
Capitalized Art Collections         94,008         1,125         95,133           Construction in Progress         186,528         111,686         66,901         231,313           Total         365,227         112,916         66,908         411,235           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Land Improvements         399,421         12,097         -         411,518           Buildings         5,651,290         54,646         7,093         5,698,843           Equipment         748,923         31,339         100,985         679,277           Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Land Improvements         344,987         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139
Construction in Progress         186,528         111,686         66,901         231,313           Total         365,227         112,916         66,908         411,235           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Land Improvements         399,421         12,097         -         411,518           Buildings         5,651,290         54,646         7,093         5,698,843           Equipment         748,923         31,339         100,985         679,277           Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Land Improvements         344,987         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139
Total         365,227         112,916         66,908         411,235           Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Land Improvements         399,421         12,097         -         411,518           Buildings         5,651,290         54,646         7,093         5,698,843           Equipment         748,923         31,339         100,985         679,277           Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Land Improvements         344,987         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:         Land Improvements       399,421       12,097       -       411,518         Buildings       5,651,290       54,646       7,093       5,698,843         Equipment       748,923       31,339       100,985       679,277         Total       6,799,634       98,082       108,078       6,789,638         Less Accumulated Depreciation:       Land Improvements       344,987       11,047       7       356,027         Buildings       2,489,211       140,312       3,836       2,625,687         Equipment       525,159       45,915       98,935       472,139
Land Improvements       399,421       12,097       -       411,518         Buildings       5,651,290       54,646       7,093       5,698,843         Equipment       748,923       31,339       100,985       679,277         Total       6,799,634       98,082       108,078       6,789,638         Less Accumulated Depreciation:       Land Improvements       344,987       11,047       7       356,027         Buildings       2,489,211       140,312       3,836       2,625,687         Equipment       525,159       45,915       98,935       472,139
Buildings         5,651,290         54,646         7,093         5,698,843           Equipment         748,923         31,339         100,985         679,277           Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Land Improvements         344,987         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139
Equipment         748,923         31,339         100,985         679,277           Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:           Land Improvements         344,987         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139
Total         6,799,634         98,082         108,078         6,789,638           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Land Improvements         344,987         11,047         7         356,027           Buildings         2,489,211         140,312         3,836         2,625,687           Equipment         525,159         45,915         98,935         472,139
Less Accumulated Depreciation:     344,987     11,047     7     356,027       Buildings     2,489,211     140,312     3,836     2,625,687       Equipment     525,159     45,915     98,935     472,139
Land Improvements       344,987       11,047       7       356,027         Buildings       2,489,211       140,312       3,836       2,625,687         Equipment       525,159       45,915       98,935       472,139
Land Improvements       344,987       11,047       7       356,027         Buildings       2,489,211       140,312       3,836       2,625,687         Equipment       525,159       45,915       98,935       472,139
Buildings       2,489,211       140,312       3,836       2,625,687         Equipment       525,159       45,915       98,935       472,139
Equipment 525,159 45,915 98,935 472,139
10tai 17(,4(4 104,4(6 3,423,623
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,440,277 (99,192) 5,300 3,335,785
Net Right-To-Use Lease Assets (See Note 6) 131,001 (3,917) 221 126,863
Net SBITA Assets (See Note 6) 52,717 4,117 - 56,834
Total Capital Assets, net \$ 3,989,222 \$ 13,924 \$ 72,429 \$ 3,930,717
July 1, 2021AdditionsRetirements/ CapitalizationJune 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:
Land \$ 84,291 \$ 400 \$ - \$ 84,691
Capitalized Art Collections 90,372 3,636 - 94,008
Construction in Progress 214,543 99,021 127,036 186,528
Total 389,206 103,057 127,036 365,227
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:
Land Improvements 389,434 9,987 - 399,421
Buildings 5,556,629 106,019 11,358 5,651,290
Equipment 717,993 32,803 1,873 748,923
Total 6,664,056 148,809 13,231 6,799,634
Less Accumulated Depreciation:
Land Improvements 333,308 11,679 - 344,987
Buildings 2,358,761 140,469 10,019 2,489,211
Equipment 481,582 45,416 1,839 525,159
Total 3,173,651 197,564 11,858 3,359,357
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,490,405 (48,755) 1,373 3,440,277
Net Right-To-Use Lease Assets (See Note 6) 156,832 (7,185) 18,646 131,001
Net SBITA Assets (See Note 6) 35,400 17,317 - 52,717

# NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	2023	2022
Vendors	\$ 167,994	\$ 138,302
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	173,058	86,188
Compensated Absences	65,614	64,747
Workers Compensation	19,801	19,801
Interest Payable	14,167	14,066
Other Accrued Expenses	94,226	104,474
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 534,860	\$ 427,578

### **NOTE 9 - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES**

Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	July 1, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	Current Portion
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 31,802	\$ 1,887	\$ 4,816	\$ 28,873	\$ -
Net Pension Liabilities	1,552,681	80,838	_	1,633,519	_
Unearned Revenue	263,551	485,629	236,712	512,468	485,629
Derivative Instruments Long-Term Lease and	11,966	_	8,603	3,363	-
Subscription Liabilities	172,146	44,500	44,469	172,177	38,753
Long-Term Liabilities	2,161,047	30,287	120,334	2,071,000	67,611
Total	\$ 4,193,193	\$ 643,141	\$ 414,934	\$ 4,421,400	\$ 591,993

	July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	Current Portion	
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 72,384	\$ 1,786	\$ 42,368	\$ 31,802	\$ _	
Net Pension Liabilities	1,666,638	_	113,957	1,552,681	_	
Unearned Revenue	287,728	224,308	248,485	263,551	224,308	
Derivative Instruments	37,345	_	25,379	11,966	_	
Long-Term Lease and						
Subscription Liabilities	189,373	44,963	62,190	172,146	34,698	
Long-Term Liabilities	2,230,932		69,885	2,161,047	120,294	
Total	\$ 4,484,400	\$ 271,057	\$ 562,264	\$ 4,193,193	\$ 379,300	

# NOTE 10 - COMMERCIAL PAPER

The University has a combined taxable and tax-exempt commercial paper program that provides for interim or short-term financing of various capital projects, equipment, refundings and for other lawful purposes. The University has a dedicated line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. for up to \$200 million to further support its general revenue pledge.

Commercial paper activity as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2023		
Tax-exempt	\$ 18,134	\$ 21,590	\$ 1,051	\$ 38,673		
Total Commercial Paper	\$ 18,134	\$ 21,590	\$ 1,051	\$ 38,673		
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2022		
Tax-exempt	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 1,866	\$ 18,134		
Total Commercial Paper	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 1,866	\$ 18,134		

# NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements and Payments	June 30, 2023	Current Portion
Notes:	Date	Interest rates	July 1, 2022	7 taditions	and rayments	Julie 30, 2023	Tortion
City of Camden	2023	1.00%	\$ 30	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ -	\$ -
New Jersey Infrastructure Bank	2023	0.00%	29,707	Ψ	29,707	Ψ .	Ψ
Bonds Pavable:	2023	0.0070	27,101		27,101		
•							
General Obligation Bonds:	2020	37 - 11 D	56.225		2 272	53.075	2.465
2009 Series G	2039	Variable Rate	56,235		2,370	53,865	2,465
2010 Series H	2040	3.776% - 5.665%	369,970		6,670	363,300	7,065
2013 Series J	2036	1.00% - 5.00%	35,925		17,725	18,200	18,020
2013 Series K	2033	0.40% - 4.712%	77,330	-	3,690	73,640	6,475
2013 Series L	2043	1.00% - 5.00%	6,635	-	3,235	3,400	3,400
2016 Series M	2039	3.00% - 5.00%	143,650	-	7,705	135,945	5,840
2018 Series N	2028	4.00% - 5.00%	44,045	-	21,590	22,455	-
2018 Series O	2048	4.15%	100,655	-	•	100,655	•
2019 Series P	2119	3.915%	330,000	-	-	330,000	-
2019 Series R	2043	2.057% - 3.270%	610,290	-	6,995	603,295	7,140
2020 Series Q	2029	5.00%	14,680	-	1,585	13,095	3,610
2020 Series S	2046	1.46% - 2.68%	220,900	-	-	220,900	-
Other Long-Term Obligations:							
New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority:							
Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund:							
Series 2002 A	2022	3.00% - 5.25%	264	-	264		-
Series 2014 A	2033	3.50% - 5.00%	22,062	-	1,396	20,666	1,468
Series 2016 A	2022	2.84%	5,719	-	5,719		-
Series 2016 B	2036	4.73%	4,106	-	192	3,914	201
Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund, Series 2014 A	2023	5.00%	482	-	482	-	-
New Jersey Infrastructure Bank, Series 2022A-2 (I-Bank)	2047	5.00%		13,550		13,550	
New Jersey Infrastructure Bank, Series 2022A-2 (Fund)	2047	0.00%	-	14,900	-	14,900	604
Capital Lease Obligations:							
New Jersey Economic Development Authority:							
College Avenue Redevelopment Project	2026	4.00% - 5.00%	20,600	-	4,790	15,810	5,010
15 Washington Street Housing Project	2031	3.10%	40,330	-	3,015	37,315	3,105
Loan Payable:							
New Brunswick Development Corporation:							
15 Washington Street Housing Project	2025	12.00%	2,200	_		2,200	
,			2,135,815	28,450	117,160	2,047,105	64,403
Unamortized Bond Discounts			(800)	-,	(45)	(755)	(45)
Unamortized Bond Premiums			26,032	1,837	3,219	24,650	3,253
Total Long-Term Liabilities			\$ 2,161,047	\$ 30,287	\$ 120,334	\$ 2,071,000	\$ 67,611

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements and Payments	June 30, 2022	Current Portion
Notes:	-						
City of Camden	2023	1.00%	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30
New Jersey Infrastructure Bank	2023	0.00%	29,707		-	29,707	29,707
Bonds Payable:							
General Obligation Bonds:							
2009 Series G	2039	Variable Rate	58,515		2,280	56,235	2,370
2010 Series H	2040	3.776% - 5.665%	376,450	-	6,480	369,970	6,670
2013 Series J	2036	1.00% - 5.00%	52,635		16,710	35,925	17,725
2013 Series K	2033	0.40% - 4.712%	85,115	,	7,785	77,330	3,690
2013 Series L	2043	1.00% - 5.00%	9,715	-	3,080	6,635	3,235
2016 Series M	2039	3.00% - 5.00%	150,990	-	7,340	143,650	7,705
2018 Series N	2028	4.00% - 5.00%	44,045	-	-	44,045	21,590
2018 Series O	2048	4.15%	100,655	-		100,655	-
2019 Series P	2119	3.915%	330,000	-		330,000	-
2019 Series R	2043	2.057% - 3.270%	614,485		4,195	610,290	6,995
2020 Series Q	2029	5.00%	16,255		1,575	14,680	1,585
2020 Series S	2046	1.46% - 2.68%	220,900		-	220,900	
Other Long-Term Obligations:							
New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority:							
Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund:							
Series 2002 A	2022	3.00% - 5.25%	264	-		264	264
Series 2014 A	2033	3.50% - 5.00%	23,390	-	1,328	22,062	1,396
Series 2016 A	2022	2.84%	11,509	,	5,790	5,719	5,719
Series 2016 B	2036	4.73%	4,288	-	182	4,106	192
Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund, Series 2014 A	2023	5.00%	943		461	482	482
Capital Lease Obligations:							
New Jersey Economic Development Authority:							
College Avenue Redevelopment Project	2026	4.00% - 5.00%	25,145	_	4,545	20,600	4,790
15 Washington Street Housing Project	2031	3.10%	45,300		4,970	40,330	3,015
Loan Payable:			,		,		,
New Brunswick Development Corporation:							
15 Washington Street Housing Project	2025	12.00%	2,200			2,200	
15 Washington outcet Fronting Froject	2023	12.0070	2,202,566		66,751	2,135,815	117,160
Unamortized Bond Discounts			(845)		(45)	(800)	(45)
Unamortized Bond Premiums			29,211		3,179	26,032	3,179
Total Long-Term Liabilities			\$ 2,230,932	\$ -	\$ 69,885	\$ 2,161,047	\$ 120,294
Aven Song Aven Districts			¥ 2,230,732	Ψ -	\$ 07,007	÷ 2,101,011	Ψ 120,27 I

#### **Bonds Payable**

The University issues general obligation bonds to (i) provide financing of various capital projects, (ii) provide for the refinancing of certain outstanding commercial paper and (iii) provide for the current and/or advance refunding of all or a portion of certain outstanding bonds of the University. These bonds are payable from revenues and other legally available funds. The bonds are secured under the provisions of an Indenture of Trust dated February 1, 2002 by and between the University and U.S. Bank, N.A. The Indenture of Trust contains a provision that in an event of default, the principal of all the bonds outstanding and the interest accrued thereon, shall be due and payable immediately.

All bonds bear interest at fixed rates with the exception of 2009 Series G, which bears interest at variable rates. The bonds are secured by a Liquidity Facility through a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement. The current Liquidity Facility for the 2009 Series G bonds is provided by TD Bank, N.A. until July 1, 2028. As of June 30, 2023, no funds have been drawn against this agreement.

Debt service to maturity for all General Obligation Bonds, using variable rates as of June 30, 2023, and using the net interest rate swap payments as of June 30, 2023 (See Note 12 for additional information about derivatives), are as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Fixed Ra	te Bo	nds	Variable Rate Bonds			Interest Rate			
Year	F	Principal		Interest	Pı	rincipal	In	nterest	Swa	ıps, Net	Total
2024	\$	51,550	\$	72,724	\$	2,465	\$	2,020	\$	(673)	\$ 128,086
2025		53,395		70,392		2,560		1,927		(658)	127,616
2026		58,495		68,536		2,660		1,831		(644)	130,878
2027		68,900		66,396		2,765		1,732		(630)	139,163
2028		93,310		64,025		2,875		1,628		(615)	161,223
2029-2033		398,675		273,688		16,245		6,432		(2,428)	692,612
2034-2038		307,740		200,945		19,830		3,128		(1,181)	530,462
2039-2043		381,775		131,581		4,465		167		(63)	517,925
2044-2048		141,045		81,641							222,686
2049-2053		-		64,597							64,597
2054-2058		-		64,597							64,597
2059-2063		-		64,597							64,597
2064-2068		-		64,597							64,597
2069-2073		-		64,597							64,597
2074-2078		-		64,597							64,597
2079-2083		-		64,597							64,597
2084-2088		-		64,598							64,598
2089-2093		-		64,598							64,598
2094-2098		-		64,598							64,598
2099-2103		-		64,598							64,598
2104-2108		-		64,598		-					64,598
2109-2113		-		64,598							64,598
2114-2118		-		64,598							64,598
2119		330,000		12,920						-	 342,920
Total	\$	1,884,885	\$	1,947,213	\$	53,865	\$	18,865	\$	(6,892)	\$ 3,897,936

## Other Long-Term Obligations

Under the provisions of the State of New Jersey Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Act (CIF) and the Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Act (ELF), the University has been allocated funds from bonds issued by the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority to finance various capital expenditures. The University is obligated to pay amounts equal to one-third and one-fourth of the amount necessary to pay the principal and interest on the portion of the CIF and ELF bonds, respectively.

On December 22, 2022, the New Jersey Infrastructure Bank (NJIB) issued \$86.5 million of its Environmental Infrastructure Bonds, Series 2022A-2 (Green Bonds) to finance various improvements to wastewater treatment systems and drinking water systems of various municipalities, regional, county and municipal utilities and sewerage authorities, and State entities. Part of this issuance is to refund the University's short-term construction loan of \$29.7 million with the NJIB, see Notes – New Jersey Infrastructure Bank – "Busch Cogeneration Plant Upgrade". The University entered into the Series 2022A-2 I-Bank Loan Agreement and the Series 2022A-2 I-Bank Fund Loan Agreement, which are general obligations of the University.

Principal and interest payments for other long-term obligations are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	Principal		Int	Interest		Total	
2024	\$	2,273	\$	1,889	\$	4,162	
2025		2,662		1,668		4,330	
2026		2,765		1,564		4,329	
2027		2,872		1,456		4,328	
2028		2,970		1,355		4,325	
2029-2033		16,608		5,140		21,748	
2034-2038		9,457		2,443		11,900	
2039-2043		6,355		1,495		7,850	
2044-2048		7,068		552		7,620	
Total	\$	53,030	\$	17,562	\$	70,592	

#### Capital Lease Obligations

New Jersey Economic Development Authority (NJEDA)

#### • College Avenue Redevelopment Project

On September 12, 2013, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (the Authority) issued \$237.1 million of its General Obligation Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. The proceeds of the bonds were loaned by the Authority to College Avenue Redevelopment Associates, LLC (the Company), whose sole and managing member is the New Brunswick Development Corporation (DEVCO), pursuant to a Loan Agreement dated September 1, 2013 to finance the construction of an academic building for the School of Arts and Sciences, a residence hall for honors students, a residence building, and a multistory parking structure and surface lot being undertaken and constructed by the Company on behalf of the University. The Company is leasing the entire Property to the University pursuant to the Master Lease Agreement dated September 1, 2013. At the end of the term, title to the academic building, the residence hall for honor students, the residence building and the multistory parking structure and surface lot will be transferred to the University. On August 4, 2020, the University issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2020 Series S (Federally Taxable) for \$220.9 million to refund a portion of the Series 2013 bonds.

### • 15 Washington Street

On May 30, 2014, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (the Authority) issued \$58.3 million of its Revenue Notes, Series 2014. The proceeds of the notes were loaned by the Authority to Washington Street University Housing Associates, LLC (the Landlord), whose sole and managing member is DEVCO, pursuant to a Loan Agreement dated May 30, 2014, to finance the renovation of the Residential Estate to provide housing for graduate and undergraduate students. The Landlord is leasing the Property to the University pursuant to the Master Lease Agreement dated May 30, 2014. At the end of the term, title to the residential estate and its improvements will be transferred to the University upon payment of the outstanding amounts due on the Authority's notes and on the Developer's equity contribution.

Principal and interest payments applicable to the capital lease obligations are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2024	\$	8,115	\$	1,953	\$ 10,068	
2025		8,495		1,601	10,096	
2026		6,760		1,236	7,996	
2027		1,280		920	2,200	
2028		1,315		882	2,197	
2029-2031		27,160		7,382	34,542	
Total	\$	53,125	\$	13,974	\$ 67,099	

### Notes - New Jersey Infrastructure Bank

#### Busch Cogeneration Plant Upgrade

On June 17, 2019, the University entered into a \$37.0 million short-term construction loan with the NJIB to provide interim financing for the replacement of the power generating turbines and other related equipment in the existing Cogeneration Plant located on the Busch Campus. On December 22, 2022, the note was refunded prior to its maturity of June 30, 2023 by the issuance of NJIB Environmental Infrastructure Bonds, Series 2022A-2. As of November 30, 2022, total draws from the short-term loan amounted to \$30.0 million, which were repaid in the refunding. During fiscal year 2022, interest rates on the note varied from 0.07% to 0.348%. As of June 30, 2022, total draws from the short-term loan amounted to \$29.7 million.

## **LEAP School Bond Financing Guaranty**

In 2003, the Delaware River Port Authority issued \$8.5 million of Charter School Project Bonds, Series 2003 (LEAP Academy University Charter School, Inc.) to finance the costs of the design, development, construction and equipping of the LEAP Academy University Charter School, which is adjacent to the Camden Campus. During fiscal year 2016, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority issued \$10.0 million of Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 to refund, among others, in whole the Series 2003 Bonds. As part of the University's commitment to contributing to the community of the City of Camden, the University guarantees the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds through its maturity in 2028.

## University Hospital, New Jersey Infrastructure Bank Series 2022A-2 Financing Guaranty

On December 22, 2022, the NJIB issued \$86.5 million of its Environmental Infrastructure Bonds, Series 2022A-2 (Green Bonds) to finance various improvements to wastewater treatment systems and drinking water systems of various municipalities, regional, county and municipal utilities and sewerage authorities, and State entities. Part of this issuance is to finance University Hospital's \$7.3 million project to replace three existing turbines and related alterations, and a new gas compressor. For purposes of satisfying NJIB's Credit Policy, the obligations of University Hospital with respect to its Series 2022A-2 Bonds is secured by a general obligation guaranty by the University. The University guarantees the payment, when due, of the principal and interest, as well as all other fees and amounts on the Bonds.

## Bank Letter of Credit

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the University had a standby letter of credit with TD Bank, N.A. totaling \$2.2 million for general liability and workers compensation insurance purposes related to current construction projects. There were no draws against the letter of credit during these fiscal years.

# Bank Line of Credit

In November 2021, the University entered into a \$100.0 million loan agreement to provide a revolving line of credit for working capital. This loan agreement has an expiration date of November 10, 2024. As of June 30, 2023, no funds have been drawn against this agreement.

## **Defeased Bonds**

The University has defeased various bonds with the proceeds of new debt or with University funds. The funds are deposited to an irrevocable escrow trust account for the payment of the principal, interest, and call premiums, if any, on the refunded bonds. The defeased bonds and the related trusts are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The following represents the defeased debt at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	-	Amount Defeased	Final Maturity/Call Date	Amount Outstanding a June 30, 2023		Outsta	ount nding at 0, 2022
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2013 Series J	\$	243,500	5/1/2023	\$	_	\$	212,165
General Obligation Bonds, 2013 Series L		309,635	5/1/2023		•		303,905
NJEDA General Obligation Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2013		192,155	6/15/2023				192,155
Total	\$	745,290		\$		\$	708,225

### NOTE 12 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The University has entered into various pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps in order to protect against adverse changes in cash flows caused by variable prices, costs, rates, or terms that cause future prices to be uncertain. These swaps are valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates and, therefore, are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Subsequent to year end, the University transitioned the receive-variable interest rate for Swap #1 from LIBOR to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR).

Beginning in fiscal year 2021, hedge accounting is no longer applied for Swap #1 pursuant to GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. The change in the fair value for Swap #1 is reported in the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position each year as an increase or decrease in the fair value of the swaps. As of June 30, 2023, the increase in fair value for Swap #1 is \$8.1 million (\$24.9 million in 2022).

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the University had two derivative instruments outstanding (dollars in thousands):

			Notional A	Amount					Fair V	alue	
Swap #	Type	Objective	2023	2022	Effective Date	Termination Date	Terms	Counterparty Credit Rating (Moody's/S&P)	2023	2022	Change in Fair Value from 2022
1	Pay fixed, receive variable interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows on variable-rate General Obligation Bond and General Obligation Commercial Paper	\$100,000	\$100,000	5/1/2008	11/1/2038	Pay fixed 4.080%, receive 100% of 3-Month LIBOR	Aa1/A+	(\$3,385)	(\$11,449)	\$8,064
2	Pay fixed, receive variable interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows on variable-rate General Obligation Bond	5,245	6,395	5/1/2007	5/1/2027	Pay fixed 3.824%, receive SIFMA swap index	Aa2/AA-	22	(517)	539
			\$105,245	\$106,395					(\$3,363)	(\$11,966)	\$8,603

#### Risk

The use of derivatives may introduce certain risks for the University, including the following:

#### Credit Risk:

As of June 30, 2023, the University was exposed to credit risk for Swap #2 because the swap had a positive fair value. In 2022, the University was not exposed to credit risk with its swap counterparties because all of the swaps had negative fair values.

To mitigate credit risk, the University and the counterparties require the posting of collateral based on their respective credit rating. The amount of (i.e., value of) such collateral shall equal the market value of the swap in excess of the applicable collateral threshold based on the rating of such counterparty at such time. During fiscal year 2022, the collateral threshold was amended for Swap #1. The table below shows when collateralization would be required or triggered.

	20	23	20	22
	Swap #1	Swap #2	Swap #1	Swap #2
	Collateral	Collateral	Collateral	Collateral
Ratings by Moody's and S&P	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Aaa/AAA	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite
Aa3/AA-	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite
A1/A+	\$35.0 million	\$20.0 million	\$35.0 million	\$20.0 million
A2/A	\$10.0 million	\$10.0 million	\$10.0 million	\$10.0 million
A3/A-	\$10.0 million	\$10.0 million	\$10.0 million	\$10.0 million
Baa1/BBB+	\$5.0 million	\$5.0 million	\$5.0 million	\$5.0 million
Baa2/BBB	\$5.0 million	\$5.0 million	\$5.0 million	\$5.0 million
Baa3/BBB-	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero
Below Baa3/BBB- or not rated	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the University's credit ratings by Moody's and S&P was Aa3 and A+, respectively. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the university was not required to post collateral.

#### Basis Risk:

There is a risk that the variable payment received on interest rate swaps will not match the variable payment on the bonds or commercial paper. This risk is known as basis risk. Swaps have basis risk because the interest rates on the bonds and commercial paper are reset periodically by the remarketing agent or commercial paper dealer and may not exactly match the variable receipt on the interest rate swaps, which are based on a percentage of either LIBOR or SIFMA indexes.

### Rollover Risk:

The University is exposed to rollover risk on swaps only if the counterparty exercises its termination option, in which case the University will not realize the synthetic rate offered by the swaps on the underlying debt issues.

## Termination Risk:

The University or any of the involved counterparties may terminate any of the swaps if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If a swap is terminated, the variable rate debt issue would no longer carry a synthetic fixed interest rate. Also, if at termination a swap has a negative fair value, the University would be liable to the appropriate counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

### **NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS**

At June 30, 2023, the estimated cost of capital projects under construction and/or in the design stage with approved sources of funding, aggregated approximately \$1,172.9 million (\$530.5 million in 2022). The additional funding required at June 30, 2023 reflects amounts for completion and will be received over several years. Anticipated sources of funding for these projects are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 Total Proje	ng			
	ceived at e 30, 2023	Fundi	lditional ng Required ne 30, 2023	Estimated Total Cost	
Borrowing	\$ 91,221	\$	412,170	\$	503,391
Federal	300,000		-		300,000
State	14,531		184		14,715
Gifts and Other Sources	289,721		65,038		354,759
Total	\$ 695,473	\$	477,392	\$	1,172,865

# NOTE 14 - NATURAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION

The University reports operating expenses by natural classification. Details of these expenses by functional classification at June 30, 2023 and 2022, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2023	2022
Instruction	\$ 1,043,232	\$ 944,975
Research	663,179	565,325
Extension and Public Service	234,126	216,276
Academic Support	492,535	458,441
Student Services	155,888	136,772
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	258,887	246,829
General Administration and Institutional	297,702	276,447
Scholarships and Fellowships	120,942	213,610
Depreciation/Amortization	240,653	236,358
Patient Care Services	842,084	799,424
Auxiliary Enterprises	321,430	281,210
OPEB (Benefit)/Expense	(83,716)	41,757
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 4,586,942	\$ 4,417,424

### **NOTE 15 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

### Retirement Plans

The University has primarily three retirement plans available to its employees, the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System, State of New Jersey Police and Firemen's Retirement System, and the Alternate Benefit Program. Under these plans, participants make annual contributions, and the State of New Jersey makes employer contributions on behalf of the University for these Plans. Reimbursement is based upon a composite fringe benefit rate provided by the State for all State plans. The University is charged for contributions on behalf of employees through a fringe benefits charge assessed by the State, which is included within the state paid fringe benefits in the accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Summary information regarding these plans is provided below.

# Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description — The State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at <a href="http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml">http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml</a>.

Benefits – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010, and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Contributions – The member contribution rate on June 30, 2023, and 2022 was 7.5% of pensionable wages. The State contributes the remaining amounts necessary to pay benefits when due. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. A contribution on behalf of the University is included within the State's contribution. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the University are established and may be amended by the State.

The State issues publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. These reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, NJ 08625-0295.

### Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Plan Description — The State of New Jersey Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PFRS, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at <a href="http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml">http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml</a>.

Benefits – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A. PFRS provides retirement as well as death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except disability benefits which vest after four years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PFRS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to May 22, 2010
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010, and prior to June 28, 2011
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 2% of final compensation for each year of creditable service, as defined, up to 30 years plus 1% for each year of service in excess of 30 years. Members may seek special retirement after achieving 25 years of creditable service, in which benefits would equal 65% (tiers 1 and 2 members) and 60% (tier 3 members) of final compensation plus 1% for each year of creditable service over 25 years but not to exceed 30 years. Members may elect deferred retirement benefits after achieving ten years of service, in which case benefits would begin at age 55 equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of service.

Contributions – The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. A contribution on behalf of the University is included within the State's contribution. The active member contribution rate was 10.0% of annual compensation during fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

### Net Pension Liability, Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions and Pension Expense

The University's respective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense related to PERS and PFRS are calculated by the Division. At June 30, 2023, the University reported a liability of \$1,548.8 million and \$84.8 million for PERS and PFRS, respectively (\$1,468.8 million and \$83.8 million for PERS and PFRS, respectively, in 2022), for its proportionate share of the respective PERS' and PFRS' net pension liabilities. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability at June 30, 2023, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, for both PERS and PFRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability at June 30, 2022, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021, for both PERS and PFRS. The University's proportionate share of the respective net pension liabilities for the fiscal year was based on actual contributions to PERS and PFRS on behalf of the University relative to the total contributions of participating state-group employers for each plan for fiscal 2022, which was 6.9% and 2.0% for PERS and PFRS, respectively (6.8% and 2.1%, respectively, in 2021). The University's proportionate share of the respective net pension liabilities for the plan was 4.1% and 0.5% for PERS and PFRS, respectively (4.4% and 0.6%, respectively in 2021).

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the PERS and PFRS and additions to/deductions from PERS' and PFRS' respective fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS and PFRS. Accordingly, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurement of the net pension liability for PERS and PFRS used the following actuarial assumptions:

	202	22
	PERS	PFRS
Inflation Rate		
Price	2.75%	2.75%
Wage	3.25%	3.25%
Salary Increases:	2.75 - 6.55%	
	based on years of service	
Through	•	All future years
		3.25 - 16.25%
		based on years of service
Thereafter	,	Not Applicable
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
	200	21
	PERS	PFRS
Inflation Rate		
Price	2.75%	2.75%
Wage	3.25%	2.75%
Salary Increases:		
Through 2026	2.00-6.00%	-
	based on years of service	
Thereafter	3.00-7.00%	-
	based on years of service	
Salary Increases:	•	3.25-15.25%
Investment rate of return	7.00%	based on years of service 7.00%

In 2022 and 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates for PERS were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021 for 2022 and 2021.

In 2022 and 2021 employee mortality rates for PFRS were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females. For healthy annuitants, mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and 96.0% adjustment for females. Disability rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021 for PERS and PFRS. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period and July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018 for PERS and July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018 for PFRS.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return — The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022 and 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' and PFRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following tables:

	2022					
		Long-Term Expected				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return				
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.91%				
Cash equivalents	4.00%	1.75%				
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%				
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	3.38%				
High Yield	4.00%	4.95%				
Private Credit	8.00%	8.10%				
Real Assets	3.00%	7.60%				
Real Estate	8.00%	11.19%				
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.12%				
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.38%				
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.33%				
Private Equity	13.00%	11.80%				

	2021					
		Long-Term Expected				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return				
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%				
Cash equivalents	4.00%	0.50%				
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%				
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%				
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%				
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%				
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%				
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%				
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%				
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%				
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.96%				
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%				

2021

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERS and PFRS was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Change in Assumptions** – For the valuation used in the measurement of the net pension liability for PERS and PFRS as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%.

Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the collective net pension liability of the University, measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		2022	
	At 1% Decrease	At Current Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
PERS (6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%, respectively)	\$1,767,261	\$1,548,764	\$1,363,304
PFRS (6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%, respectively)	98,630	84,755	73,199
Total	\$1,865,891	\$1,633,519	\$1,436,503
		2021	
	At 1%	At Current	At 1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
PERS (6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%, respectively)	\$1,685,811	\$1,468,833	\$1,285,248
PFRS (6.00%, 7.00%, 8.00%, respectively)	98,138	83,848	71,952
Total	\$1,783,949	\$1,552,681	\$1,357,200

**Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources** – The following presents a summary of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported at June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

2023	PERS	PFRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Changes of Assumptions	\$2,314	\$86	\$2,400
Changes in Proportionate Share	44,578	6,930	51,508
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	24,973	631	25,604
Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	37,415	3,003	40,418
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	106,838	11,813	118,651
Total	\$216,118	\$22,463	\$238,581
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of Assumptions	\$113,379	\$4,075	\$117,454
Changes in Proportionate Share	47,987	5,458	53,445
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	8,156	2,098	10,254
Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments			
Total	\$169,522	\$11,631	\$181,153
2022	PERS	PFRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Changes of Assumptions	\$2,997	\$112	\$3,109
Changes in Proportionate Share	39,965	11,181	51,146
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	35,699	-	35,699
Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	-	
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	116,998	12,567	129,565
Total	\$195,659	\$23,860	\$219,519
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of Assumptions	\$208,175	\$6,652	\$214,827
Changes in Proportionate Share	64,855	2,717	67,572
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	5,075	3,022	8,097
Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on	-,	- ,~	-,
Pension Plan Investments	46,195	2,180	48,375
Total	\$324,300	\$14,571	\$338,871

Included in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions is \$118.7 million and \$129.6 million on June 30, 2023 and 2022 respectively, from contributions made on behalf of the University subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

Years Ending June 30	PERS	PFRS	Total
2024	(\$45,549)	862	(\$44,687)
2025	(24,842)	(167)	(25,009)
2026	(9,986)	(279)	(10,265)
2027	20,006	(299)	19,707
2028	129	(921)	(792)
Thereafter		(177)	(177)
Total	(\$60,242)	(\$981)	(\$61,223)

Annual Pension Expense — The University's annual pension expense for PERS and PFRS for the year ended June 30, 2023, was approximately \$22.8 million and \$6.5 million, respectively (\$7.9 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, in 2022).

### Alternate Benefit Program (ABP)

Plan Description – ABP is an employer defined contribution State retirement plan established as an alternative to PERS. The payroll for employees covered by ABP for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$1,380.0 million and \$1,299.6 million, respectively.

Faculty, part-time lecturers, professional and administrative staff, and certain other salaried employees are eligible to participate in ABP. Employer contributions vest on reaching one year of credited service. The program also provides long-term disability and life insurance benefits. Benefits are payable upon termination at the member's option unless the participant is re-employed in another institution which participates in ABP.

Contributions — The employee mandatory contribution rate for ABP is 5.0% of base salary and is matched by the State at 8.0% of base salary. Contributions can be invested with up to seven investment carriers available under the plan for fiscal year 2023. Additional voluntary contributions may be made on a tax-deferred basis, subject to limits within the Internal Revenue Code. Employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$110.3 million and \$104.1 million, respectively. Employee contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$73.8 million and \$70.4 million, respectively.

Effective July 1, 2018, Governor Murphy signed Chapter 14, P.L. 2018 into law, which set the annual salaries of cabinet members in New Jersey at \$175,000. Chapter 31, P.L. 2010 sets the allowed employer contributions to the Alternate Benefits Program (ABP) for salaries up to the maximum salary of cabinet member, which is \$175,000. In response to this State imposed limit, the University established the Alternate Benefits Program and Trust. Through this program, the University continues to make the full 8% employer ABP contributions for salaries in excess of \$175,000, up to the Federal IRC Annual Compensation limit of \$305,000 for calendar year 2022 and \$330,000 for calendar year 2023.

# Other Retirement Plans

The University has a small number of employees enrolled in two Federal retirement plans, the Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) and the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS). Both plans are defined benefit plans and cover the University's police and selected positions related to the University's Cook College/New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station (CSRS or FERS). The University also has a small number of employees enrolled in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP). The DCRP was established under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008 and Chapter 1, P.L. 2010. The DCRP provides eligible members with a tax sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Employees who are ineligible for PERS and PFRS, because the hours of work are fewer than those required for PERS and PFRS membership, are eligible for enrollment in the DCRP provided the annual salary is \$5,000 or higher. Employees enrolled in PERS on or after July 1, 2007, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; and employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS on or after November 2, 2008, who do not earn the minimum annual salary (indexed annually) for PERS Membership but who earn a salary of at least \$5,000 annually, are eligible to enroll in the DCRP. Eligible employees contribute 5.5% of base salary and the employer match is 3% of base salary. Participation in all of these plans is limited with the associated amount of employee and employer contribution totaling \$0.4 million.

Employees can also make voluntary contributions to two optional State of New Jersey tax-deferred investment plans, the Supplemental Annuity Collective Trust (SACT) and the Additional Contributions Tax Sheltered (ACTS) programs. Both plans are subject to limits within the Internal Revenue Code.

### Deferred Compensation Plan

University employees with membership in PERS, ABP or PFRS are eligible to participate in the New Jersey State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to elect pre-tax and/or after-tax Roth contributions to invest a portion of their base salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan is administered by Empower. The plan does not include any matching employer (State) contributions. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights, are held in trust by the State for the exclusive benefit of the participating employees and their beneficiaries.

## Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension

The University's retirees participate in the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan (the Plan).

Plan description, including benefits provided. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, which provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursements to retirees and their covered dependents. Although the Plan is a single-employer plan, it is treated as a cost-sharing multiple employer plan for standalone reporting purposes. In accordance N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32, the State is required to pay the premiums and periodic charges for OPEB of State employees who retire with 25 years or more of credited service, or on a disability pension, from one or more of the following pension plans: PERS, ABP or PFRS. In addition, N.J.S.A. 52-14-17.26 provides that for purposes of the Plan, an employee of the University shall be deemed to be an employee of the State. As such, the State is legally obligated for the benefit payments on behalf of the retirees of the University; therefore, the Plan meets the definition of a special funding situation as defined in GASB 75.

Retirees who are not eligible for employer-paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their spouse. Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage, who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011, will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their healthcare coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible for will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The Plan is administered on a pay-as-you-go-basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the definition of a trust as per GASB 75.

# Total OPEB Liability and OPEB (Benefit)/Expense

As of June 30, 2023, the State recorded a liability of \$2,888.2 million (\$3,637.4 million in 2022), which represents the portion of the State's total proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability that is associated with the University (the University's share). The University's share was based on the ratio of its members (active and retired) to the total members of the Plan. At June 30, 2023, the University's share was 51.9% (53.5% in 2022), and 13.8% (14.6% in 2022) of the special funding situation of the Plan, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the University recognized an OPEB (benefit) expense of (\$83.7) million and \$41.8 million, respectively. As the State is legally obligated for benefit payments on behalf of the University, the University recognized related revenue on OPEB (received from)/paid by the State of (\$83.7) million in 2023 and \$41.8 million in 2022.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs – The State's liability associated with the University at June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The State's liability associated with the University at June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The valuation used the following assumptions:

	2022	2021
Inflation Rate	Not applicable	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.54%	2.16%
Salary Increases:		
Through 2026		1.55 - 15.25%
Thereafter	•	2.75 - 7.00%
All future years	2.75 - 16.25%	-

The discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Salary increases depend on the pension plan a member is enrolled in and are based on years of service.

The June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Future disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "Teachers" (ABP), and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Current disabled retirees' mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies of the State's defined benefit pension plans during the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies of the State's defined benefit pension plans, including PERS (July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2018), ABP (using the experience of the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund – July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018), and PFRS (July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018).

Health Care Trend Assumptions – For the June 30, 2022 pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially 6.3%, decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2023 through 2024 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 6.4% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 14.4% in fiscal year 2026 and decreasing to 4.5% after 8 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.5% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 15.5% in fiscal year 2026 and decreasing to 4.5% after 8 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

For the June 30, 2021 pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially 5.7%, decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 5.8% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 13.8% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 4.5% after 11 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.0% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 15.5% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 4.5% after 11 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.8% decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

#### NOTE 16 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The University accounts for compensated absences as directed by GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. A liability for compensated absences (i.e. unused vacation, sick leave, and paid leave bank days attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee) is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

The University recorded a liability for accumulated vacation time in the amount of \$65.6 million at June 30, 2023 (\$64.7 million in 2022). The liability is calculated based upon employees' accrued vacation time as of the Statements of Net Position date and is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

Payments for accumulated sick leave balances are made to retiring employees upon regular retirement. The payout to retirees for unused accumulated sick time is calculated at the lesser of ½ the value of earned time or \$15,000. Employees separating from the University service prior to retirement are not entitled to payments for accumulated sick leave balances. The University recorded a liability for accumulated sick leave balances in the amount of \$18.4 million at June 30, 2023 (\$19.3 million in 2022), which is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying statements of net position.

The University also recorded a liability for paid leave bank days in the amount of \$2.1 million at June 30, 2023 (\$2.2 million in 2022), which is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position. Employees began using these days on July 1, 2010, and may continue for the duration of employment with the University. Once these days are exhausted, the employee will not be eligible for any additional days.

#### NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT

In 1980, the University, jointly with 15 other higher education institutions, established Genesis Ltd. (Genesis), a Class 2 reinsurer under the Insurance Act of 1978 of Bermuda. Genesis, a Captive Reinsurance Company, was formed to reinsure general liability, professional liability, and automobile liability risks of its shareholders.

In 2004, the University and its 15 partners formed a Vermont Reciprocal Risk Retention Group, Pinnacle Consortium of Higher Education (Pinnacle), to enhance and support the insurance programs and provide fronting services for Genesis. The primary purpose of this second alternate risk funding company was to reduce costs, reduce collateral requirements for Genesis and provide the flexibility to conduct business in the U.S. The insurance policies have deductibles that vary by policy, the most significant of which provides for the payment of general liability claims.

Effective January 1, 2016, in order to eliminate certain redundancies and gain further operational efficiency, the Shareholders and Subscribers of Genesis and Pinnacle, respectively, consolidated the insurance operations into Pinnacle in a two-step process by: discontinuing Genesis in Bermuda, and, immediately merging it into Pinnacle, with Pinnacle remaining as the surviving entity. Pinnacle assumed all of Genesis' obligations as reinsurer of Pinnacle, and is holding all of the assets previously held by Genesis to support such obligations. Going forward, Pinnacle will retain all of the risk that previously was ceded to Genesis.

The University is self-insured for workers' compensation and retains various deductibles for general liability, automobile liability, and all risk property insurance. The total projected liability at June 30, 2023, for these items is \$33.2 million (\$36.2 million in 2022). The reserve balance recorded at June 30, 2023 is \$63.2 million. This amount includes \$32.6 million of invested reserves at June 30, 2023 (\$30.6 million in 2022). The University also maintains an uninvested balance of \$30.6 million at June 30, 2023 (\$29.0 million in 2022).

The University participates in the State's Medical Malpractice Self-Insurance Fund (the Fund), which is used to pay malpractice claims and insurance premiums for the University. The contributions made during the current fiscal year by the University and its affiliate hospitals, Department of Corrections (DOC), and faculty practice plans are equal to the amount established in memoranda agreements between the Department of the Treasury and the University. If the contributions are insufficient to pay claims expenditures, the State's General Fund will be used to pay remaining claims.

Payment of claims from the Fund totaled \$18.0 million in 2023 (\$21.2 million in 2022). Contributions to the Fund from the State totaled \$7.2 million in 2023 (\$10.7 million in 2022), while contributions from RBHS affiliates, DOC, and faculty practice plans totaled \$10.8 million in 2023 (\$10.5 million in 2022).

The University has accrued expenses for deductibles and IBNR liabilities in the Statements of Net Position. The accrued expenses are based on estimates by management and third-party claims administrators and generally represent the present value of the unpaid claims including the estimates for claims.

### NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

The University is a party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of its operations. While it is not feasible to predict the ultimate outcome of these actions, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the University's financial statements.

The University receives funds from federal, state, and private agencies under grants and contracts for research, training, and other activities. The costs, both direct and indirect, charged to these grants and contracts are subject to audit and possible disallowance by the sponsoring agency. It is the University's belief that any disallowances or adjustments would not have a significant effect on the University's financial statements.

### NOTE 19 - COMPONENT UNIT - RUTGERS UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION

## Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Foundation's cash and cash equivalents consist of the following as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	2023	2022
Money Market Account	\$ 385	\$ 601
Cash and Deposits	14,199	9,385
	\$ 14,584	\$ 9,986

The Board of Directors, through its Investment Committee, has authority over the investment of Foundation funds. Professional investment managers are engaged by the Foundation to buy, sell, invest, and reinvest portions of the assets in accordance with the investment policies and objectives established by the Investment Committee.

# Fair Value Measurement

The Foundation's investments at June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy (dollars in thousands):

	2023										
		Investments by Fair Value Level									
Investment Type	Fai	r Value	Le	vel 1	Lev	vel 2	Lev	el 3			
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	231	\$	231	\$	_	\$	_			
Corporate Bonds		7		7		_		_			
Preferred Stock		1		_		_		1			
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		4,973		4,973		-		_			
Equity Securities		7,270		7,270		_		_			
International Equity Securities		1,586		1,586		_		_			
Money Market Mutual Funds		10,457		10,457		_		_			
Real Estate		1,179		_		1,179		_			
Alternative Investments		216		216							
	\$	25,920	\$ 2	24,740	\$	1,179	\$	1			

The Foundation's investments at June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy (dollars in thousands):

	2022										
		Investments by Fair Value Level									
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Le	evel 1	L	evel 2	Le	vel 3			
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	285	\$	285	\$	_	\$	_			
Corporate Bonds		56		49		7		_			
Mortgage-backed Securities		1		1		_		_			
Preferred Stock		68		55		12		1			
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		5,830		5,830		_		_			
Equity Securities		5,564		5,564		_		_			
International Equity Securities		1,559		1,559		_		_			
Money Market Mutual Funds		10,402		10,402		_		_			
Real Estate		1,179		_		1,179		_			
Marketable Donated Goods		250		_		250		_			
Privately Held Securities		60						60			
	\$	25,254	\$	23,745	\$	1,448	\$	61			

The custodial credit risk associated with the Foundation's cash and cash equivalents includes uncollateralized deposits, including any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Foundation's name. As of June 30, 2023, the amount on deposit with the banks was \$14.1 million (\$9.2 million in 2022). As of June 30, 2023, the Foundation had insured deposits up to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage limits totaling \$0.3 million (\$0.3 million in 2022). Cash and cash equivalents in excess of those balances are uncollateralized.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation's investments were either insured, registered, or held by the Foundation's agent in the Foundation's name, except for money market and mutual funds, which are not subject to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk – This is the risk associated with the amount of investments the Foundation has with any one issuer that exceed 5% or more of its total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

The Foundation limits the concentration of risk by investing in several mutual funds diversified across investment approaches. The mutual funds are carefully selected and continuously monitored.

Credit Risk – The Foundation's investment policy states that individual bonds shall be rated investment grade by at least two recognized or authorized rating agencies (Moody's and Standard & Poor's). The average credit quality of the fixed income securities must be maintained at a Class "BBB/Baa" or higher as rated by both standard services (Moody's and Standard & Poor's). Up to 10% of the investment manager's portfolio may be invested in securities rated "BBB/Baa" or lower as rated by both standard services (Moody's and Standard & Poor's). The dollar-weighted average rating of the fixed income portfolio for each manager of marketable bonds shall be "A/A" or better.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation's investment quality ratings as rated by Standard & Poor's were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Quality	2023	2022
Investment Type	Rating	Amount	Amount
U.S. Treasury Securities	AA+	\$ 231	\$ 285
Corporate Bonds	A-	7	7
Corporate Bonds	BBB-	_	17
Corporate Bonds	BB+	_	32
Mortgage-backed Securities	AA+	_	1
Preferred Stock	A	1	_
Preferred Stock	A-	_	1
Preferred Stock	BBB-	_	12
Preferred Stock	Not Rated	_	55
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	10,457	10,402
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	Not Rated	4,973	5,830
Total		\$ 15,669	\$ 16,642

Interest Rate Risk - The Foundation does not have a provision in the investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. While the general provisions of the investment strategy should be implemented with a long-term prospective, all holdings must be sufficiently liquid so as to allow liquidation of the entire portfolio on one month's notice. In addition, annuity pooled investments in the planned giving portion of the portfolio are governed by the New Jersey Prudent Investor Act. The required reserves for this pool are reviewed utilizing actuarial assumptions of the charitable gift annuity assets.

The following table summarizes the maturities as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

			2023							
				Investment Maturities (in years)						
			Le	ss than					Mor	e than
Investment Type	Fai	r Value		1		<b>–</b> 5	6 - 10			10
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	231	\$	196	\$	35	\$	_	\$	_
Corporate Bonds		7		_		7		_		_
Preferred Stock		1		1		_		_		_
Money Market Mutual Funds		10,457		10,457		_		_		_
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		4,973				2,386		2,148		439
Total	\$	15,669	\$	10,654	\$	2,428	\$	2,148	\$	439

	2022									
			Investment Maturities (in years)							
			Le	ss than					Moi	re than
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value		1		1 - 5		6 - 10		10
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	285	\$	127	\$	158	\$	_	\$	_
Mortgage-backed Securities		1		_		_		1		_
Corporate Bonds		56		12		37		7		_
Preferred Stock		68		1		55		_		12
Money Market Mutual Funds		10,402		10,402		_		_		_
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		5,830		_		4,302		1,528		_
Total	\$	16,642	\$	10,542	\$	4,552	\$	1,536	\$	12

#### Administrative Fees and Support from Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey

The Foundation's operations, including certain payroll taxes and benefits, the fair rental value of space occupied, and office furnishings used by the Foundation are supported extensively by the University for operating purposes. Funding sources for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 2023	2022		
Administrative Fees and Support: Endowment Administrative Fee University Support	\$ 13,700 16,182	\$	12,616 15,279	
, 11	\$ 29,882	\$	27,895	
Noncash Support: Fair Rental Value of Space Occupied University-Paid Payroll Taxes and Benefits	\$ 2,062 2,283 4,345	\$	2,181 2,156 4,337	
Total	\$ 34,227	\$	32,232	

#### Assessment Fee Income

Prior to January 1, 2022, the Foundation charged an assessment fee on all new gifts and nongovernmental grants in order to further advancement efforts on behalf of Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey. On April 12, 2022, the University's Board of Governors approved a resolution to eliminate the assessment fee, with a retroactive application to January 1, 2022. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, assessment fees totaling \$0 and \$0.5 million, respectively, were recorded.

#### Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Foundation has noncancellable SBITAs for the right-to-use various information technology software. The Foundation applied a discount rate range of 0.9% to 3.6% in the present value calculation of the SBITA assets and liability.

A summary of SBITA asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	June 3	June 30, 2022 Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2023	
SBITA Assets	\$	1,189	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,189
Less Accumulated							
Amortization		(245)	(286)				(531)
Total	\$	944	\$ (286)	\$	_	\$	658

A summary of SBITA asset activity during the year ended June  $30,\,2022$  is as follows:

	June 30,	, 2021 Additions		Reductions		June 3	30, 2022	
SBITA Assets	\$	_	\$	1,189	\$	_	\$	1,189
Less Accumulated								
Amortization		_		(245)				(245)
Total	\$	_	\$	944	\$		\$	944

Future annual SBITA payments are as follows:

	Pri	<u>Principal</u>		
Year ending June 30:				
2024	\$	352	\$	10
2025		179		3
	\$	531	\$	13

#### Restricted Contributions Receivable

The anticipated receipt of contributions receivable as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2023		 2022
Year Ending June 30:		_	_
Within One Year	\$	81,067	\$ 71,955
Two to Five Years		37,318	 33,454
		118,385	 105,409
Less Allowance for Uncollectible Contributions Receivable		(23,893)	 (17,714)
	\$	94,492	\$ 87,695

Contributions receivable related to permanent endowments and term endowments do not meet the eligibility requirements for recognition of GASB Statement No. 33 until received. This contribution receivable, which approximated \$162.3 million as of June 30, 2023 (\$145.8 million in 2022) has not been included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### University Receipts on Foundation Pledges

The Foundation records pledges receivable, and the associated gift income, for nonendowment related gifts and private grants based upon written commitments from these entities. From individual donors, the written support is primarily in the form of a fund agreement signed by both the donor(s) and the Foundation. Private grants obtained from private corporations and foundations are recorded upon confirmation of the grant award to the University via correspondence from the private organization. Payments on these pledges are not all received at the Foundation, as some payments are made directly to the University. Any payments made directly to the University are captured in the Foundation's Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as gift revenue as well as distributions to the University. The total of these payments to the University as of June 30, 2023 were \$62.7 million (\$71.5 million in 2022).

#### NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 19, 2023, the Middlesex County Improvement Authority (the Authority) issued the Rutgers University General Obligation Lease Revenue Bonds (New Jersey Health + Life Science Exchange – H-1 Project), 2023 Series A and 2023 Series B (Federally Taxable) for \$190.8 million and \$113.8 million, respectively. The proceeds of the Bonds were loaned by the Authority to NJ Innovation Associates Urban Renewal LLC (the Company), whose sole and managing member is DEVCO, to finance the HELIX project being undertaken and constructed by the Company on behalf of the University. The University will guarantee the loan repayments of the Company through a master lease agreement. In July 2023, the University provided \$236.4 million to the Company from the \$300 million federal capital grant received in fiscal year 2023 as an equity contribution towards the construction of the HELIX project.



#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

#### Schedules of Employer Contributions\*

For the Nine Years Ended June 30, 2023 (dollars in thousands)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in relation to the Contractually	\$106,838	\$116,998	\$80,047	\$64,214	\$55,817	\$44,280	\$28,964	\$25,859	\$14,888
Required Contribution	\$106,838	\$116,998	\$80,047	\$64,214	\$55,817	\$44,280	\$28,964	\$25,859	\$14,888
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-			,			•		-
University Employee Covered Payroll (as of Fiscal Year End) Contributions as a percentage of Employee Covered	\$285,556	\$290,311	\$287,794	\$305,393	\$298,101	\$298,169	\$294,177	\$296,594	\$294,526
Payroll	37.41%	40.30%	27.81%	21.03%	18.72%	14.85%	9.85%	8.72%	5.05%
Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$11,813	\$12,567	\$9,176	\$8,007	\$6,220	\$4,810	\$3,069	\$1,512	\$1,298
Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$11,813	\$12,567	\$9,176	\$8,007	\$6,220	\$4,810	\$3,069	\$1,512	\$1,298
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	•	•	•	-	-		-	-
University Employee Covered Payroll (as of Fiscal Year End) Contributions as a percentage of Employee Covered	\$10,151	\$9,375	\$9,414	\$9,942	\$9,716	\$9,418	\$8,932	\$8,091	\$8,466
Payroll	116.37%	134.04%	97.47%	80.54%	64.02%	51.07%	34.36%	18.69%	15.33%

#### Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability\*

For the Nine Years Ended June 30, 2023 (dollars in thousands)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension									
Liability - State Group	6.92%	6.79%	7.09%	7.04%	6.96%	6.64%	6.72%	6.60%	6.42%
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension									
Liability – Total Plan	4.12%	4.37%	4.08%	3.94%	3.80%	3.48%	3.35%	3.39%	3.33%
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	A 5 10 5 1	44.460.000	44.555.000		** (50.050	44 500 400	44.052.070	44.744.44	44 202 222
Liability	\$1,548,764	\$1,468,833	\$1,576,069	\$1,620,535	\$1,650,950	\$1,703,499	\$1,973,868	\$1,566,143	\$1,292,223
University Employee Covered-Payroll (for year ended	¢200 211	¢207.704	¢205 202	¢200 101	¢200.170	¢204 177	¢207.504	¢204.526	¢200 122
as of measurement date)	\$290,311	\$287,794	\$305,393	\$298,101	\$298,169	\$294,177	\$296,594	\$294,526	\$299,132
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of the Employee Covered-									
Payroll	533.48%	510.38%	516.08%	543.62%	553.70%	579.07%	665.51%	531.75%	431.99%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the	333.1070	310.3070	310.0070	3 13.02 70	333.1070	317.0170	003.3170	331.1370	131.5570
Total Pension Liability	46.41%	51.52%	42.90%	42.04%	40.45%	36.78%	31.20%	38.21%	42.74%
,									
Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension									
Liability - State Group	1.96%	2.06%	2.11%	1.93%	1.85%	1.57%	1.79%	1.76%	1.76%
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension									
Liability – Total Plan	0.48%	0.62%	0.47%	0.44%	0.41%	0.32%	0.33%	0.36%	0.36%
University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension									
, .	¢04755	¢02.040	¢00.560	¢01.105	¢00.220	¢ ( 0, 02 5	¢04.100	¢70.500	¢(2,422
Liability	\$84,755	\$83,848	\$90,569	\$81,105	\$80,230	\$69,035	\$84,109	\$78,598	\$62,433
Liability University Employee Covered-Payroll (for year ended	. ,	. ,	. ,	, ,	. ,	,	,	,	
Liability University Employee Covered-Payroll (for year ended as of measurement date)	\$84,755 \$9,375	\$83,848 \$9,414	\$90,569 \$9,942	\$81,105 \$9,716	\$80,230 \$9,418	\$69,035 \$8,932	\$84,109 \$8,091	\$78,598 \$8,466	\$62,433 \$9,043
Liability University Employee Covered-Payroll (for year ended as of measurement date) University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	. ,	. ,	. ,	, ,	. ,	,	,	,	
Liability University Employee Covered-Payroll (for year ended as of measurement date) University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of the Employee Covered-	\$9,375	\$9,414	\$9,942	\$9,716	\$9,418	\$8,932	\$8,091	\$8,466	\$9,043
Liability University Employee Covered-Payroll (for year ended as of measurement date) University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	. ,	. ,	. ,	, ,	. ,	,	,	,	

<sup>\*</sup>Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes in benefit terms - There were no significant changes in benefits for any of the actuarial valuations used to determine required contributions.

Changes in assumptions - There were no significant changes in assumptions except for the annual change in the discount rate and the change in the long-term rate as follows:

#### **PERS**

For 2022 and 2021 the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and the long-term rate remained at 7.00%. For 2020 the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and the long-term rate remained at 7.00%. For 2019 the discount rate changed to 6.28%, the long-term rate remained at 7.00%, and the mortality tables changed from the RP-2000 tables to the Pub-2010 tables. For 2018, the discount rate changed to 5.66% and the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%. For 2017, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term expected rate of return changed to 7.00%. For 2016, the discount rate changed to 3.98% and the long-term expected rate of return changed to 7.65% from 7.90%. For 2015, the discount rate changed to 4.90% from 5.39%.

#### **PFRS**

For 2022 and 2021 the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and the long-term rate remained at 7.00%. For 2020 the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and the long-term rate remained at 7.00%. For 2019 the discount rate changed to 6.85%, the long-term rate remained at 7.00%, and the mortality tables changed from the RP-2000 tables to the Pub-2010 tables. For 2018, the discount rate changed to 6.51% and the long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.00%. For 2017, the discount rate changed to 6.14% and the long-term expected rate of return changed to 7.00%. For 2016, the discount rate changed to 5.55% and the long-term expected rate of return changed to 7.65% from 7.90%. For 2015, the discount rate changed to 5.79% from 6.32%.

#### Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability\*

For the six Years Ended June 30, 2023 (dollars in thousands)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
University's proportion of the total OPEB liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability associated with the University	\$2,888,219	\$3,637,366	\$4,375,261	\$3,145,049	\$4,053,949	\$4,702,301
Total OPEB liability	\$2,888,219	\$3,637,366	\$4,375,261	\$3,145,049	\$4,053,949	\$4,702,301
University's covered-employee payroll	\$1,465,886	\$1,501,919	\$1,612,447	\$1,856,707	\$1,777,964	\$1,558,444
University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability as a percentage of the University's covered-employee payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

<sup>\*</sup> Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years as information becomes available in subsequent years.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan, there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

Changes in assumptions – The significant changes in assumptions and the annual change in the discount rate are as follows: For fiscal year 2023, the discount rate changed to 3.54% from 2.16%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021. For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate changed to 2.16% from 2.21%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021. For fiscal year 2021, the discount rate changed to 2.21% from 3.50%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2020. For fiscal year 2020, the discount rate changed to 3.50% from 3.87%. The mortality tables utilized changed from RP 2006 in 2018 to Pub-2010 in 2019. For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate changed to 3.87% from 3.58%.



	Year ended June 30, 2023					
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Current Year	Pass-through to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	<b>Grant Period</b>	Expenditures	Subrecipients
search And Development Cluster:						
Direct:						
Board of Public Utilities						
Advanced Atmospheric/Oceanic Analyses and Predictions to Effectively Support Offshore Wind (OSW)						
Energy Development, Environmental Evaluations, and Utility Applications	SFY2018-SFY2021		1,962,085	11/1/2017 - 9/30/2022	35,513	
Clean Energy Evaluation and Market Assessment	BPU-070 Job30560000		4,158,279	11/1/2017 - 9/30/2022	286,288	48,6
Clean Energy Evaluation and Market Assessment	23CGB001		5,370,898	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	2,663,412	1,715,8
SNJ-BPU Wind Resource Evaluation	23RUC001		500,580	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	450,199	48,0
Subtotal Board of Public Utilities			11,991,842		3,435,412	1,812,4
Commission on Cancer Research						
2022 NJCCR Bridge_Training the Innate Immune System to Staphylococcus Aureus Infection	COCR22RBG010		336,497	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	128,004	
A Pilot Study Of A Home-Based Physical Activity Program In Female Lung Cancer Patients	COCR22PPR005		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	2,398	
A Trial of VOICE 2 Intervention	COCR22RBG003		200,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	76,786	
Characterization Of AR23, A Novel Small Molecule Inhibitor Of The Androgen Receptor Splice Variant						
AR-V7 And AR	COCR21RBG005		400,000	5/1/2021 - 7/31/2023	201,903	-
Novel IGF1R Function in Breast Tumor Metastasis	COCR23RBG005		499,652	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	236,513	-
Defining and Targeting Metabolic Reprogramming in Familial Adenomatous Polyposis	COCR22PRG016		497,307	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	141,394	
Developing Advanced Liquid Biopsy Diagnostics Targeting Tumor-derived Exosomes Using a Liposome-						
mediated CRISPR/CAS13 System	COCR23PPR007		200,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	3,100	
Developing Off-the-Shelf CAR-T Cells for ALL (Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia) with a New Base Editing						
Technology	COCR23PRG007		500,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	135,877	-
Differentiation And Function Of Intestinal Tissue-Resident Lymphocytes	DCHS20CRF005		200,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	(3,503)	-
Evaluating the Gene Rearrangement Landscape and Response to Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy in Triple						
Negative Breast Cancer and its impact on Cancer Health Disparities	COCR22PPR006		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	41,123	-
Functional Evaluation Of Novel Immunologically Relevant Receptor-Ligand Pairs Identified Via An Unbiased						
Protein Interaction Screen-NIH NIAID R21AI153942	COCR21RBG009		150,000	5/1/2021 - 7/31/2023	93,364	
Functions Of SETD4 In Radiation Response	DCHS20CRF002		200,000	1/1/2020 - 3/31/2024	91,230	
HPV Prevention, Screening, And Follow-Up Care Among Individuals At Risk For Or Living With HIV In						
New Jersey	DCHS20PPR008		50,000	1/1/2020 - 3/31/2024	3,570	-
Impact Of Obesity-Related Factors On Breast Cancer Survivorship Among Minority And Medically						
Underserved Populations	COCR21RBG008		400,000	5/1/2021 - 7/31/2024	122,973	-
Impact Of Racial Differences In Tumor Biology On Lung Cancer Health Disparities	DCHS20CRF003		100,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	777	-
Investigating Clonal Dynamics and Transcriptional Remodeling during Treatment in Pediatric Acute Leukemia	COCR23PRG006		497,216	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	60,971	-
Metastatic Breast Cancer Prediction and Monitoring with Short-Wave Infrared Imaging of the Pre-						
Metastatic Niche	COCR23PRF020		50,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	18,117	-
Modeling Initiating Events in Ovarian Cancer Metastasis to the Peritoneum	COCR22PPR008		50,000	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	12,027	-
Novel Molecular Mechanisms Dysregulated in the Absence of the PHF6 Tumor Suppressor in Pediatric T-ALL	COCR22PRG014		500,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	76,332	
Targeting a phosphatidylserine/TAM receptor/PD-L1 axis as a vulnerability in cancer	COCR21RBG011		400,000	5/1/2021 - 1/31/2024	155,025	
Targeting mTOR and metabolism in lymphoma	COCR22PRG017		500,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	241,580	
Targeting Mutant p53 in Breast Cancer	COCR23RBG004		500,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	37,275	-
The Protective Role Of Lif In Graft-Versus-Host Disease (GVHD)	COCR22PRG015		500,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	53,670	-
The Role Of LIF In Cancer Initiating Cells And Colorectal Tumorigenesis	COCR21RBG004		400,000	5/1/2021 - 7/31/2023	185	-
Understanding Sun Protection And Skin Examination Practices Among Hispanics	COCR22PPR007		27,291	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	2,834	-
Understanding the Mechanism of Substrate Delivery to the Proteasom	DCHS20CRF006		200,000	1/1/2020 - 3/31/2023	29,004	-
Subtotal Commission on Cancer Research			7,457,963		1,962,529	
Commission on Higher Education						
2020 (FY21) Governors School of Engineering & Technology - New Jersey at Rutgers	Antoine 1/1/22-12/31/22		87,625	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	87,625	
2021-24 New Jersey Education to Earnings Data System - (NJEEDS) - New Jersey Office of the Secretary of	Antonie 1/1/22-12/31/22		07,023	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	67,023	
Higher Education	Simone 4.28.2021		1,458,768	4/16/2021 - 9/30/2025	985,094	
NJ Gun Violence Research Center (GVRC) - Year 4 - FY22 Renewal	OSHE GVRC MOU 2021-22		1,983,952	7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023	111,457	13,2
NJ Gun Violence Research Center (GVRC) - Year 5 - FY23 Renewal	Anestis 11/2/2022		2,945,301	7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023	2,165,964	180,4
Subtotal Commission on Higher Education	Ariesus 11/2/2022		6,475,646	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	3,350,140	193,7
Commission on Spinal Cord Research  A Biodegradable Nanoscaffold For The Co-Delivery Of Patient Derived Neural Stem Cells And BET Inhibitor						
A Biodegradable Nanoscaffold For The Co-Delivery Of Patient Derived Neural Stem Cells And Bell Inhibitor For Anti-Inflammation And Synaptic Restoration Post-SCI	CSCR17IRG010		600,000	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2024	74,948	
	CSCRI/IRGUIU		600,000	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2024	74,948	
Autonomous Early Detection And Treatment Of Pressure Wound After Spinal Cord Injury Using Galvanic Skin Response	CSCR19ERG004		200,000	5/1/2019 - 7/31/2023	131.502	
	CSCR19ERGUU4		200,000	5/1/2019 - //31/2023	131,502	
Characterization Of A Novel Descending Projection From The Mesecephalic Locomotor Region: Implication	CCCBROIDCOOR		C00.000	12/1/2010 2/20/2024	200 007	
For Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR20IRG008		600,000	12/1/2019 - 2/29/2024	266,857	
Cypin Inhibitors as Therapeutics for Neuropathic Pain After SCI	CSCR20IRG011		600,000	12/1/2019 - 2/28/2025	148,069	
Development Of Cypin Inhibitors For The Treatment Of Sci-Induced Neuropathic Pain	CSCR23ERG002		200,000	12/1/2022 - 2/28/2025	39,895	
Direct Conversion of Reactive Astrocytes into Neurons for Combined Immunomodulatory & Cell			200.000	12/1/2021 - 2/28/2025	5,322	
Replacement Therapy after Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR22ERG023		,			
Replacement Therapy after Spinal Cord Injury Elastin-Like Polypeptides Fused with FGF-2 and ARA290 for Spinal Cord Injury Repair Genetic Identification of Spinal Cord Neural Systems Important for Functional Recovery Following Injury	CSCR22ERG023 CSCR20ERG010 CSCR20IRG005		200,000 200,000 600,000	12/1/2019 - 2/28/2023 12/1/2019 - 2/28/2023 12/1/2019 - 2/28/2024	2,991 112,773	-



					Current	Pass-through
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Year	to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Research And Development Cluster, continued:						
Direct, continued:						
Commission on Spinal Cord Research, continued:	666000506040		402.044	42/4/2024 2/20/2024	25 007	
Imaging Pain After Cervical Spinal Cord Injury And Assessment Of A Novel Flavinoid Treatment Mechanisms Of Thrombotic Risk Following Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR22ERG018 CSCR23IRG005		193,911 600,000	12/1/2021 - 2/29/2024 12/1/2022 - 2/28/2026	35,887 19,814	-
Microencapsulated Bioactive Nanoparticles and Genetically Modified MSC for Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR23IRG005 CSCR18IRG007		600,000	6/1/2018 - 8/31/2023	157,418	-
Multilayer Implantable Cortical Microelectrodes to Improve Recording Potential for Spinal Cord Injury	eschizomedo,		000,000	0,1,2010 0,51,2025	137,410	
Treatment	CSCR16IRG007		593,752	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2022	2,706	-
Neuropathic Pain In Spinal Cord Injury: A New Target And Underlying Mechanisms	CSCR22ERG014		200,000	12/1/2021 - 2/29/2024	127,381	-
NJCSCR - Individual Research	CSCR19IRG012		600,000	5/1/2019 - 7/31/2024	73,952	-
Role of GSX1 in Activation of Neural Stem Cells and Neurogenesis after Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR15IRG006		600,000	6/29/2015 - 3/31/2024	26,620	-
Role Of MAF1 In Neuroprotection And Axonal Regeneration After Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR19IRG007		600,000	5/1/2019 - 7/31/2023	31,359	-
Sci Scar Digestion Using Enzyme Nanoparticles Designed By Al-Driven Robotics	CSCR23FEL008		60,000	12/1/2022 - 2/28/2025	2,586	-
Subtotal Commission on Spinal Cord Research			7,247,663		1,260,080	
Department of Agriculture						
New Jersey Hemp for Fiber Production, Processing and Commercialization	NJDA-GrantAgmt-DR22128		232,650	1/1/2023 - 3/31/2024	4,843	-
Rutgers Cooperative Extension Nutrient Management Education Program	MOU		150,000	11/23/2009 - 10/31/2022	541	-
SNAP GAP pilot	SNAP_GAP Grant FY23		600,000	2/1/2023 - 9/30/2023	543,069	384,154
Subtotal Department of Agriculture			982,650		548,453	384,154
Department of Children and Families						
2020-2023 Contract Renewal	21DQMM		37,543	7/1/2020 - 9/30/2023	22,286	-
Elevating Youth and Family Voice in Continuous Quality Improvement	MOA 1/10/2024		1,350,442	5/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	287,224	
New Jersey Department of Children and Families Kinship Navigator Program Evaluation 2021-22	22JXDP		208,067	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	203,659	180,220
Subtotal Department of Children and Families			1,596,052		513,169	180,220
Department of Education						
Career Equity Resource Center DOE Grant 2021	473-20190038A3		109.915	1/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	65	_
Clayton Model Expansion and Evaluation: Year 1 Funding Supplement	Doc ID# 541-20220013		67,178	11/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	67,179	48,517
Clayton Model Pilot and Expansion: Years 2-5, 2022-2026	DOC ID# 570-20230016		2,020,926	9/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	1,508,046	1,281,596
Developing Strategic And Operational Plans For Expansion To Universal Pre-K Phase II	MOU Sept 2022/569-20230015		499,944	9/26/2022 - 1/31/2024	343,696	-
DOE CERC FY22 MOU	525-20220001		109,915	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	2,401	-
DOE CERC FY23 MOU	560-20230006		109,915	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	105,657	-
Fourth and Final Review of the Jersey City Public School District	JCPS Review		6,542	7/1/2022 - 12/31/2022	5,710	-
MOU- New Jersey Preschool Quality Evaluation Study 2022-2-23	MOU December 2022		294,106	12/12/2022 - 1/31/2024	199,511	-
New Jersey Education to Earnings Data System - (NJEEDS) - New Jersey Department of Education	478-20190042		500,033	9/1/2019 - 3/31/2024	3,300	-
Rutgers Computer Science Professional Learning Hub	21E00178		230,925	4/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	300	-
Subtotal Department of Education			3,949,399		2,235,865	1,330,113
Burney of Burney						
Department of Environmental Protection  2021 Deployment of NJDEP's Slocum Glider by Rutgers University	WM21-030		87,511	9/23/2021 - 5/22/2023	36,668	
2022 Deployment of NJDEP's Slocum Glider by Rutgers University  2022 Deployment of NJDEP's Slocum Glider by Rutgers University	BC22-001-004		95,609	9/1/2022 - 11/30/2025	50,231	
An Ecological and Oceanographic Baseline to Inform Offshore Wind Development Over the Continental	BC22-001-004		33,003	3/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	30,231	
Shelf Off the Coast of New Jersey	BC22-001-002		2,503,552	3/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	1,200,959	4,816
Better Buy-outs: A Rutgers-RPA Collaborative Research Effort with NJDEP to Inform NJDEP's Development						
of a Blue Acres 3.0 Framework	Blue Acres 3.0 - Better Buyout		304,524	9/6/2022 - 12/31/2023	85,112	-
Calibration Experiments for a Novel Clam Survey Dredge and Monitoring Carbonate Chemistry of						
Surfclam Habitat	BC22-001-001		907,440	3/1/2022 - 6/30/2024	180,072	-
Cleaning the Indoor Air We Breathe: Evaluation of Low-Cost DIY Air Cleaners in the Age of COVID-19	SR21-014		24,988	10/19/2021 - 9/30/2023	19,775	-
Developing a Pipeline for Environmental DNA Detection of Cnidarian Communities in New Jersey	SR21-012		29,997	5/1/2021 - 7/31/2023	13,781	-
Development of Guidance for Municipal Environmental Justice Action Planning Funding from New Jersey						
Coastal Management Program	DR1173		81,820	2/7/2022 - 4/30/2023	67,705	-
Ecology and Conservation of Eastern Copperheads in New Jersey	FG23-014 PO 8936315		369,821 44,671	1/1/2023 - 3/31/2026 9/23/2021 - 6/29/2023	32,307 40.715	-
Fish community and American shad environmental DNA surveys  Municipal Solid Waste Quantification and Characterization of Burlington County and Township of Princeton	SHW20-009		350,539	2/11/2021 - 12/31/2022	49,640	13,859
New Jersey Leaves No Bite Behind	SHW22-004		335,263	7/1/2021 - 5/31/2024	184,404	13,839
New Jersey Water Supply Plan	GS22-014		199,915	2/23/2022 - 5/31/2024	100,973	
NJDEP Recycling Enhancement Grant	SHW22-002		177,853	2/7/2022 - 5/31/2023	157,342	-
Promoting Sustainable and Resilient Watersheds Across New Jersey	TASK ORDER NO. 006		381,106	5/2/2022 - 12/31/2023	236,229	_
Systemwide Cost and Greenhouse Gas Performance of Managing Waste, Recyclables and Organics: A New			,		,	
Jersey Case Study	SHW23-001		151,469	3/30/2023 - 6/30/2024	22,300	-
Updating and Enhancing NJrisk	SR21-022		80,000	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	19,068	
Subtotal Department of Environmental Protection			6,126,078		2,497,281	18,675
Department of Environmental Protection-Mosquito Control Commission	FG20-062		19.887	7/1/2010 0/20/2022	17,917	
Genotyping West Nile Virus Strains in New Jersey  Subtotal Department of Environmental Protection-Mosquito Control Commission	FG2U-U02		19,887	7/1/2019 - 9/30/2023	17,917	
Substitut Department of Environmental Protection-Wosquito Control Commitssion			13,067		17,917	



	Year 6	ended June 30, 2023				
					Current	Pass-through
State of New Jersey Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Grant/Reference Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Year Expenditures	to Subrecipients
dianter/1 as through dianter/1 regions of claster title	Trumber	identifying rumber	Amount	Grant i crioa	Experiences	Subreapients
Research And Development Cluster, continued:						
Direct, continued:						
Department of Health						
A p53 Mediated Mechanism for 16p11.2 ASD Hyperproliferation Phenotype	CAUT23BSP014		400,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	223,210	-
Sensory and Social Gaze Behaviors in Infant Siblings of Children with ASD	CAUT20APL003		400,000	5/1/2020 - 1/31/2024	123,027	-
A Pilot Study of Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation for The Treatment of Non- Verbal or Minimally Verbal Children with ASD	CAUT20APL007		399,623	5/1/2020 - 7/31/2023	167,970	35,949
Alterations in mTOR Pathway Control of Cerebral Oxygen Consumption in a Model of Autism-Tuberous	CAUT 20APL007		399,023	5/1/2020 - 7/31/2023	167,970	35,949
Sclerosis	CAUT22ACP010		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	4.078	
Boosting Engagement and Skill Acquisition Through Technology and Personalization: A Pilot Trial of	CHOTELHOID		30,000	7/1/2021 3/30/2022	4,070	
Enhanced Transdiagnostic Behavioral Therapy	CAUT23APL008		400,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	124,730	-
Decoding Autism Regulatory Variants Using Computational Genomics in Human iPSC-Derived Neurons	CAUT23BSP013		400,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	152,178	-
Disrupted Sleep and its Association with Symptom Burden and Reduced Engagement in Supportive Care in						
Pediatric Stem Cell Transplant Patients	DCHS20PPR006		47,407	1/1/2020 - 3/31/2023	14,430	-
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Prevention and Control of Emerging Infections Diseases (ELC).	ELC DOH EEOH MOA 2022		650,000	7/1/2022 - 12/31/2024	323,293	-
Genetically Distinct ASD Subtypes: Is Mtor Dysregulation A Common Mechanism?	CAUT22ACP006		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	6,308	-
HIV/AIDS Care and Treatment 2020	DHST20CTR011		853,623	7/1/2019 - 12/31/2022	(875)	-
Implementation Support for the Integrated Population Health Data (iPHD) Project	Cantor 7.24.19		1,541,478	1/1/2019 - 5/31/2024	296,896	-
New Jersey Autism Center for Excellence (NJACE)	CAUT18ACE014		3,593,048	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2023	1,279,025	71,559
Scalable Generalizable Framework For Predicting Treatment Response In Prostate Cancer	COCR21RBG003		249,999	5/1/2021 - 11/30/2023	120,589	-
Social Skills and Emotional Rhythms in Educational and Vocational Training to Help Develop Autonomous						
and Independent Living	CAUT20APL004		400,000	5/1/2020 - 7/31/2022	(2,778)	-
Study of the Use of High Dose Propranolol for the Treatment of Aggression and Self Abusive Behaviors in	CAUT17APL025		255 002	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2023	45.871	
Teen Agers and Adults with ASD			366,902			-
TB Clinical, Nurse Case Management and Field Services	DHST23TBS001		890,806	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	875,834	-
The Development of an Individualized Program to Teach College Students with ASD to Seek Meaningful Employment	CAUT22ACP016		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	3.747	
Treating Depression in Autistic Adults: A Feasibility Trial of an Adapted Behavioral Activation Program	CAUT22ACP010 CAUT22ACP013		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	4,306	-
Virtual Certified Tobacco Treatment Specialist Training	Steinberg 1/18/2023		52,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	49,854	-
Will Interactive Acoustic Experience Optimize Rapid Auditory Processing And Prelinguistic Acoustic Mapping	Stelliberg 1/10/2023		32,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	45,834	-
Critical To Later Language In Infants At Familial Risk For Autism?	CAUT20APL001		394,843	5/1/2020 - 7/31/2023	99,245	_
Subtotal Department of Health			11,239,729	-,-,,,	3,910,938	107,508
					5,5-5,555	
Department of Health and Senior Services						
Evaluation of the Office of Tobacco Control	Hrywna 1/18/18		100,000	7/1/2017 - 8/2/2022	(3,484)	(384)
MOA - Rutgers University between NJ Department of Health_7.1.2020 - 6.30.2023	MOA NJCECS 10/1/20		3,900,000	10/1/2020 - 9/30/2023	1,938,136	-
Subtotal Department of Health and Senior Services			4,000,000		1,934,652	(384)
Department of Health-Division of HIV/AIDS Services						
HIV/AIDS Navigator 2019	AIDS19NAV016		150,000	7/1/2018 - 1/31/2023	(3,792)	-
Location of Harm Reduction Vending Machines and Zoning in the State of New Jersey	DHST23OPI012		16,939	4/1/2023 - 9/30/2023	16,939	<u> </u>
Subtotal Department of Health-Division of HIV/AIDS Services			166,939		13,147	<u> </u>
Department of Health-New Jersey Commission on Brain Injury Research	CDUDAOUD COOR		540.000	4/4/2020 5/20/2024	444.347	40.555
Cypin Activators as Treatments for Traumatic Brain Injury	CBIR20IRG003		510,000	4/1/2020 - 6/30/2024 4/1/2023 - 6/30/2026	114,247	40,655
Defining PDE2A directed mitochondrial dysfunction in traumatic brain injury-related Alzheimers disease Effects of Traumatic Head Injury on Circadian Rhythms and Sleep in a Drosophila Model	CBIR23IRG008 CBIR22PIL026		540,000 173.898	4/1/2023 - 6/30/2026 4/1/2022 - 6/30/2024	4,769 16.134	-
Identification of Markers of TBI in Brain-Derived Exosomes	CBIR17IRG006		173,898 502,500	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2023	16,134 28,298	87
Intranasal Adminstration of Therapeutic to Improve Outcomes in Mice with Specific Genetic Polymorphism	CBIR17IRG000		302,300	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2023	26,256	87
Following Repeated Mild Traumatic Brain Injury	CBIR20IRG020		540.000	4/1/2020 - 6/30/2024	96.998	_
Metabolic Mechanisms for Recovery after mild TBI	CBIR22PIL020		180,000	4/1/2022 - 6/30/2024	4,888	
Multi-functional biomaterials for simultaneous protection from free radicals and targeting of therapeutics	CBINZZI ILOZO		100,000	4/1/2022 - 0/30/2024	4,000	
after TBI	CBIR16PIL015		180,000	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2024	5,341	-
Neuroprotection following acute traumatic brain injury by CRMP-2 peptides	CBIR20PIL017		172,400	4/1/2020 - 6/30/2024	19,486	-
Role of Hh-Responsive Astrocytes in Restoring Homeostasis Following Acute Cortical Injury	CBIR22PIL016		180,000	4/1/2022 - 6/30/2024	13,304	-
Role Of Microglia/Monocyte Pannexin Enhances The Neuroinflammatory Response After TBI	CBIR19IRG014		540,000	4/1/2019 - 6/30/2024	80,819	-
Self-Healing Electrode Coatings for Improving Treatment of TBI Secondary Injury	CBIR20FEL019		100,500	4/1/2020 - 6/30/2023	20,559	
Subtotal Department of Health-New Jersey Commission on Brain Injury Research			3,619,298		404,843	40,742
Department of Human Services						
Child Care Provider Subsidies in New Jersey: An Snalysis of Options and Impacts	MOU 5-12-22		322,471	3/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	187,602	-
Choices FY22	50065		129,311	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	9,713	3,490
Choices FY23	50065		154,311	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	147,938	43,660
Evaluating The Intensive Recovery Treatment Support (IRTS) Program For Offenders With Opioid Use Disorder	MOA # 19-150A		250,000	1/1/2020 - 11/30/2022	2,400	-
Evaluation Support of Regional Prevention Coalitions – Year 11	22-777-ADA-0		149,744	1/1/2022 - 7/31/2023	139,217	54,307
Evaluation Support of Regional Prevention Coalitions – Year 12	23-777-ADA-0		150,000	1/1/2023 - 3/31/2024	30,837	-
Facilitation and Staff Support for the New Jersey Sustainable Health Care Cost Benchmark Initiative	Cantor 5.10.2021		1,487,348	3/1/2021 - 3/31/2026	228,667	
Internet Gaming in New Jersey	MOA 9.15.14		2,572,901	1/1/2018 - 3/31/2024	440,799	75,783



					Current	Pass-through
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Year	to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Research And Development Cluster, continued:						
Direct, continued:						
Department of Human Services, continued:				- /- /		
NJ Safe Firearm Storage Map	BB-DR18421		107,672	8/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	94,245	
NJ Survey on Drug Use and Health	123		2,696,628	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2025	1,640,548	1,179,057
Opioid Overdose Recovery Program Evaluation	NA		360,000	10/1/2020 - 12/31/2022	36,321	-
Opioid Overdose Recovery Program Evaluation – Renewal 2	MOA101A-4		400,000	9/30/2022 - 12/31/2024	74,382	-
SRC - Performance Improvement Project(SRC-PIP)	64020		1,118,004	8/1/2022 - 5/31/2024	51,146	-
Support for the NJ Medicaid Business Intelligence Unit 2020	FP18047/DR9869_MOD1		1,980,756	3/7/2020 - 3/31/2024	474,121	
Subtotal Department of Human Services			11,879,146		3,557,936	1,356,297
Department of Human Services-Division of Disability Services						
Needs Assessment for Survivors of Domestic and Sexual Violence with Disabilities in New Jersey Phase V –						
Technical Assistance and Capacity Building for Sustainable Change	FY23 - VAWA 87-21 Phase V		68,035	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	66,599	-
Program Assessment of the New Jersey Traumatic Brain Injury Fund	Koller 11.15.2022		150,615	9/1/2022 - 11/30/2027	83,814	-
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Disability Services			218,650		150,413	-
Department of Human Services-Division of Family Development 2021-2022 Analysis of the Narrow Cost of Childcare	MOA 9.9.21		56.358	4/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	2.050	
Building and Analyzing Longitudinal Data: A Collaborative Project	SNPDP22001		77,900	10/1/2021 - 3/8/2023	1,292	-
Exploring Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) in New Jersey: A Collaborative Research Initiative	3NPDP22001		77,900	10/1/2021 - 3/8/2023	1,292	-
to Understand What Works Best for Whom	H-Hi 13 10 10		379,318	8/1/2010 0/20/2022	58,943	
	Hetling 12.18.19			8/1/2019 - 9/30/2023		
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Family Development			513,576		62,285	<del>-</del> _
Department of Human Services-Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services						
Auto Assignment Analysis Project	Cantor 5/23/2022		242,443	5/23/2022 - 7/31/2024	127,178	-
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services			242,443		127,178	-
Provident of the control of the cont						
Department of Labor  2021-24 New Jersey Education to Earnings Data System - (NJEEDS) - New Jersey Department of Labor and						
Workforce Development	Simone 6.3.2021		1,000,000	4/16/2021 - 4/30/2023	503,938	
A Research Study on Integrated Education and Training (IET) Programs funded by WIOA in New Jersey	MOU Oct 2022		74,677	7/1/2022 - 12/31/2022	74,677	
Bridges To Employing Youth	Bridges-2022-07		746,840	2/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	417,954	-
Council on Gender Parity in Labor and Education	MOU FY 22-23		72,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2023	47,813	
FY 23 Bridges To Employing Youth (BRIDGES)	Bridges Awd FY23		72,000 878,355	4/1/2023 - 6/30/2024	47,813 95,294	-
FY2022 Youth Transitions to Work (YTTW) Grant Program	Ltr 6.27.22		423,511	6/30/2022 - 3/31/2024	76,431	-
						-
MOU DOL and Workforce Development-Opioid Initiative	MOU 3-10-22		230,000	1/3/2022 - 5/15/2023	130,215	-
MOU DOL and Workforce Development-Opioid Initiative	Cooperman 2/16/2023		648,203	2/1/2023 - 9/30/2024	54,636	-
New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development - WIOA Evaluation Support	NJDOL -WIOA 2.27.20		514,284	11/15/2019 - 6/30/2024	105,282	-
NJ Labor and Workforce Development - WDQI Evaluation Services and Support Research Analysis, Program Design and Development, Technical Assistance, and Program Evaluation Task	NJDOL WDQI 2.27.20		997,376	10/15/2019 - 9/30/2023	510,575	-
Order	Van Horn 08/29/2018		2,798,395	7/2/2018 - 9/30/2024	68,543	-
Subtotal Department of Labor			8,383,641		2,085,358	-
Department of State						
SNJ -DOS Volunteer VG 2021	VG21-VolunteerGeb-006		145,000	10/1/2020 - 12/31/2022	(290)	-
Subtotal Department of State			145,000		(290)	<u> </u>
Department of State-New Jersey Historical Commission						
Edison Papers-NJHC 2023	HC-CSPRO-2023-001		122,500	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	122,500	-
Expanding the Queer Newark Oral History Project: Diversifying New Jersey History	HC-PRO-2022-024		15,570	8/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	3,866	
Rutgers Oral History Archives	HC-GOS-2023-00030		29,755	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	15,000	
TAEP-NJHC 2022	HC-CSPRO-2022-004		122,500	7/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	25,129	
The New Brunswick / North Brunswick High Schools Public Memory Project	HC-PRO-2023-008		17,007	8/1/2022 - 10/31/2023	7,019	
Subtotal Department of State-New Jersey Historical Commission			307,332	-,-,	173,514	
Department of the Treasury						
Digital Economy Subtotal Department of the Treasury	Pfeiffer 11.9.2021		116,600 116.600	11/8/2021 - 9/30/2022	1,239 1,239	
Subtotal Department of the Treasury			110,000		1,233	<u>-</u> _
Department of Transportation						
Analysis of Local Bus Markets Phase III	Agree#2010R003 / TO#359		783,792	4/1/2019 - 9/30/2023	132,538	-
Bridge Resource Program	2010R003 TO# 388		2,415,200	4/1/2021 - 3/31/2026	756,327	321,494
Evaluation of Placement of Dredged Materials for Restoration of Shaw/Ephraim Islands	22-32737		247,843	12/1/2022 - 2/28/2025	66,095	-
Monitoring and Evaluation of Nearshore Placement of Dredged Materials for Shoreline Restoration at						
Goodluck Point	2010R003 TO 377		118,793	10/28/2020 - 1/31/2023	17,455	-
Monitoring, and Evaluation of Nearshore Placement of Dredged Materials for Shoreline Restoration at						
Poplar Point – Phase 1	21-32721 TO# 391		126,313	1/6/2022 - 3/31/2024	24,975	-



State of New Jersey Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Grant/Reference Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Current Year Expenditures	Pass-through to Subrecipients
Research And Development Cluster, continued:						
Direct, continued:  Department of Transportation, continued:						
Morphological Shoaling Model Development and Integration within Maritime Transportation System						
(MTS) Applications	2010R003 TO 376		200,000	10/15/2020 - 7/31/2023	72,736	-
The Monitoring and Evaluation of Placement of Dredged Materials for the Filling of Dredged Hole 86	TO 389 2010R003		93,964	7/28/2021 - 10/31/2022	16,825	-
The Processing and Beneficial use of "Clean" Dredged Material: Manual for Fine-Grained to						
Coarse-Grained Sediments	TO 369 Agreement 2010R003		162,585	3/31/2020 - 6/30/2023	32,059	-
Understanding the Needs of Current and Potential Bus Transit Riders	2010R003 TO # 372		339,512	10/15/2020 - 1/31/2023	19,932	2,474
Subtotal Department of Transportation			4,488,002		1,138,942	323,968
Division of Gaming Enforcement						
Sports Wagering in New Jersey	MOA 4.22.19		2,590,525	4/1/2019 - 3/31/2025	62,982	_
Subtotal Division of Gaming Enforcement	WOA 4.22.13		2,590,525	4/1/2015 - 3/31/2023	62,982	
Subtotal Division of Canning Emoleciment			2,330,323		02,382	
Higher Education Student Assistance Authority						
New Jersey Education to Earnings Data System - (NJEEDS) - Higher Education Student Assistance Authority -						
2022-24	BB-DR18200		78,477	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2024	27,885	
Subtotal Higher Education Student Assistance Authority			78,477		27,885	-
New Jersey State Agriculture Development Committee						
NJ Land Link Website Updates	DR14664-SvsAgmt-Rutgers-NJSADC		2,442	1/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	309	
Subtotal New Jersey State Agriculture Development Committee			2,442		309	<u> </u>
No. 1						
New Jersey Transit Corporation  A Digital Twin Approach to Improve Maintenance of Open Deck Rail Bridges	RUCAIT 22-007		262,302	1/31/2022 - 9/30/2023	196,309	24,861
A Digital Twin Approach to improve Maintenance of Open Deck Kall Bridges  Atlantic City Line Study	RUCAIT 22-007 RUCAIT 23-005		306,500	12/15/2022 - 3/31/2026	75,629	65,467
Business Case Development Program	RUCAIT 23-005 RUCAIT 22-011		782.404	2/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	75,629 541,317	438,108
Development Of Track Information Management System (Tims) For New Jersey Transit	RUCAIT 22-011		598,544	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2024	334,937	438,108
Future Of Hoboken Capital Planning Assessment	RUCAIT 22-012		555,228	2/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	360,167	283,601
Mid-Plan Update NJ Transit Five-Year Capital Plan	T.O. RUCAIT 23-009		1,788,045	3/1/2023 - 5/31/2024	190,470	173,155
Mpo Coordination And Capital Plan Support	RUCAIT 23-008		482,100	2/27/2023 - 5/31/2025	3,463	1,5,133
NJ Transit Automated Transit Systems Implementation Planning	RUCAIT 22-008		274,818	3/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	191,667	55,906
NJ Transit Zero Emissions Bus System Transition Planning and Design Study	RUCAIT 22-010		553,140	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2024	340,152	223,662
Proof-Of-Concept Demonstration Of The Cleaning Of Polycarbonate Windows From The NJ Transit Trains	RUCAIT 23-006		43,065	2/21/2023 - 11/30/2023	17,393	-
Resilience Design Standards Guidance Document	T.O. RUCAIT 23-004		975,252	9/1/2022 - 11/30/2025	40,408	10,049
Storm Surge Warning System - YEAR II	RUCAIT 23-007		149,995	2/21/2023 - 5/31/2024	6,185	-
Assessing Options For Ethically Addressing Homelessness And Food Access At The Walter Rand						
Transportation Center And The Newark Pennsylvania Station, And Development Of A Statewide Guidelines	RUCAIT 23-002		280,000	8/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	203,066	124,538
Subtotal New Jersey Transit Corporation			7,051,393		2,501,163	1,399,347
New Jersey Turnpike Authority						
Development and Implementation of Fiber Reinforced High Performance Concrete (FR-HPC and FR-HES-HPC) for Capital Improvement Program Bridge Deck Applications	164 10 Teels D 7		200,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	17,832	
Evaluation Of A New Type Of Continuous Galvanized Rebar (Cgr)	164-19 Task R-7 164-19 Task R-6		150,000	4/26/2021 - 10/31/2023	29,186	-
Technical Support Services for NJTA Structure E109.83 East Hackensack River Bridge - Evaluation of	104-15 Task N-0		130,000	4/20/2021 - 10/31/2023	23,100	
Alternative Retrofit Strategies	164-19 Task R-4		199,400	3/31/2021 - 3/31/2023	45,381	-
Subtotal New Jersey Turnpike Authority			549,400		92,399	
Subtotal Direct			101,439,773		32,065,739	7,146,897
					<u> </u>	
Pass Through:						
Department of Community Affairs						
Pass-Through - Youth Advocate Program, Inc.						
Evaluation of Y.A.P. Community Interventions in New Jersey	2022-05247-0243-00	2022-05247-0243-00	145,243	5/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	62,206	
Subtotal Department of Community Affairs			145,243		62,206	
Department of Environmental Protection Pass-Through - Brownfield Redevelopment Solutions, Inc.						
NJ City of Trenton Resiliency Planning Project	SA 5.5.22	KWFTMX11ALZ9	3,078	5/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	4,927	
Pass-Through - Montclair State University	3A 3.3.22	KWITIWIXIIALES	3,076	3/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	4,327	
AmeriCorps American Rescue Plan	AmeriCorps2022-RU-Camden	AC22ARP-003	4,954	9/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	4,954	-
Pass-Through - Stockton State College			.,	-,-,	1,554	
Food Waste Inventory	G092222-01 / L092322	SHW22-005	11,000	6/1/2022 - 10/31/2024	10,821	-
Subtotal Department of Environmental Protection			19,032		20,702	
·						
Department of Health						
Pass-Through - New Jersey Family Planning League						
Abortion Need and Availability in New Jersey Now and in The Future (ANA-NJ)	Lindberg 3/22/2023	OOWH23FAM001	110,000	12/15/2022 - 11/30/2023	85,645	-



	Year e	nded June 30, 2023			Dage through	
State of New Jersey Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Grant/Reference Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Current Year Expenditures	Pass-through to Subrecipients
December And Development Cluster analysis						
Research And Development Cluster, continued: Pass Through, continued:						
Department of Health, continued:						
Pass-Through - New Jersey Prevention Network						
DOH NJPN Quitcenter MOA	DCHS22TPS003	DCHS22TPC003	200,000	7/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	3,515	-
Pass-Through NJ Center for Tourette Syndrome and Assoc Disorders, Inc						
Center of Excellence for Tourette Syndrome & Associated Disorders Genetics Repository	NJCTS-2022-2023-DR20305	Mgmt23GIA004	50,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	36,299	37,326
Center of Excellence for Tourette Syndrome & Associated Disorders Genetics Repository	NJCTS-2021-2022	MB9FQDJAZ9D3	50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	11,637	7,694
NJCTS for Tourette Syndrome & Associated Disorders, Inc FY23	Agrmt 7.19.22	MGMT23GIA004	50,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	49,828	-
Pass-Through - Stevens Institute of Technology						
Stevens Sub - Establishing Objective Behavioral Signatures Of ASD In Out-Of-The-Lab Environments: A Micro-Movement Analysis Approach	2103233-01	CAUT22ACP004	23,255	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	5,404	
Subtotal Department of Health	2103233-01	CAU122ACF004	483,255	7/1/2021 - 0/30/2023	192,328	45,020
Subtotal Department of Health			403,233		132,320	43,020
Department of Transportation						
Pass-Through - New Jersey Institute of Technology						
Advanced Reinforced Concrete Materials for Transportation Infrastructures	997157	1960155 TO 117	90,000	5/1/2019 - 3/31/2023	27,549	-
Intelligent Transportation Systems Resource Center (ITSRC) - 2021-2024	997752/997577	LOI 7-15-20	409,905	8/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	285,956	<u> </u>
Subtotal Department of Transportation			499,905		313,505	<u> </u>
State of New Jersey						
Pass-Through - South Jersey Institute for Population Health Southern New Jersey Perinatal Population Health Data Hub	SRGA3423	Agmt 5-5-22	30,000	3/1/2022 - 1/31/2024	15,796	
Subtotal State of New Jersey	SRGA3423	Agriit 5-5-22	30,000	3/1/2022 - 1/31/2024	15,796	
Subtotal Pass Through Total			1,177,435		604,537	45,020
Research And Development Cluster Total			102,617,208		32,670,276	7,191,917
Research And Development Cluster Total			102,017,200		32,070,270	7,131,317
Student Financial Aid:						
Commission on Higher Education						
Educational Opportunity Fund - Article III	2601-100-074-2601-001		7,842,134	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	7,842,134	
Subtotal Commission on Higher Education			7,842,134		7,842,134	-
Higher Education Student Assistance Authority						
New Jersey Stars II	2155-100-082-2160-058		485,763	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	485,763	-
Tuition Aid Grant	2150-100-082-2150-007		101,983,188	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	101,983,188	-
Urban Scholars - Governor's	2150-100-082-2150-012		15,500	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	15,500	-
Subtotal Higher Education Student Assistance Authority			102,484,451		102,484,451	
Subtotal Student Financial Aid			110,326,585		110,326,585	
Other Programs:						
Administrative Office of the Courts						
Culturally Relevant Trainings for the New Jersey Courts - Probation Division	PO 8913073		86,965	6/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	700	-
Juvenile Justice Certification Training Program	PP1 No. 18494		15,000	7/11/2022 - 7/31/2023	15,000	-
NJ Courts - Art of Listening	Service Agreement 14475		5,500	3/8/2022 - 7/31/2022	(2)	-
Subtotal Administrative Office of the Courts			107,465		15,698	-
Board of Public Utilities Clean Energy Conference NJBPU	BPU-070/Ref No 20146000133		157,300	12/1/2019 - 3/31/2023	131,064	
Subtotal Board of Public Utilities	BFO-070/Rel NO 20140000133		157,300	12/1/2015 - 3/31/2023	131,064	
Subtotal Board of Public Offitties			157,300		131,004	
Center for Hispanic Policy, Research and Development						
Advocates for Healthy Living Initiative (AHLI) Greater Newark Latinx Senior Health & Wellness Programs	Check # A0013994494		7,000	12/10/2020 - 9/30/2022	5,477	-
Subtotal Center for Hispanic Policy, Research and Development			7,000		5,477	-
Commission on Cancer Research						
A Clickable Drug Targeting System for Ovarian Cancer	COCR22PRF002		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	24,277	-
ACLY as a Novel Therapeutic Target in T-cell Leukemia	COCR22PDF002		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	51,929	-
Application of Rutgers CRISPR Base Editing Technology to Increase Bone Marrow Matching for Treatment of Leukemia	DCHS20PPC018		E0.000	1/1/2020 0/20/2022	F 967	
Cancer Research Funding in New Jersey: Current Status and Future Opportunities	MiniGrant SB3.8.23		50,000 12,681	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022 4/1/2023 - 6/30/2024	5,867 12,681	-
Combining Nonsense-Mediated mRNA Decay Blockade and Personized Vaccine to Target New Frame-	Willionant 303.0.23		12,001	-1 1 2023 - 0 30 2024	12,001	•
Derived Tumor Antigens	COCR23PDF032		311,997	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	141,547	=
Jin-Ho Yoon - NJ SAGE Graduate Fellowship	DCHS20PPC043		100,000	12/20/2019 - 11/30/2022	2,598	-
Drug Discovery of Polymer-Peptide Conjugates for Use in Cancer Therapy	DCHS20PPC038		50,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	337	-
Elucidating The Role And Mechanism Of Ketogenic Diet In KRAS- Mutant Lung Tumorigenesis	COCR22PDF009		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	47,996	-
Elucidating The Role Of HSP90 In NK Cell Immunosurveillance Of Drug-Resistant Liver Cancer To Improve			,	,,	,	
NK Cell-Based Therapies For Solid Tumors	COCR23PRF033		65,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	21,205	-
Evaluation of UHRF1BP1 as a Novel Regulator of Antitumor T Cell Activity in Ovarian Cancer	COCR23PDF026		301,314	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	129,522	-
Gamma Delta Iel Surveillance Behavior In The Onset Of Chronic Ileitis	COCR23PRF032		102,650	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	46,098	-



	Year	nded June 30, 2023			Pass-through	
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Current Year	Pass-through to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Programs, continued:						
Commission on Cancer Research, continued:						
Hepatitis B Virus Integrations in KMT2B drive Hepatocellular Carcinoma	COCR23PRF035		192,600	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	94,522	
Identifying Optimal Educational Methods to Teach Early Detection Skills during Skin Self-examination among						
Individuals at Risk for Melanoma	DCHS19PPC012		100,000	1/1/2019 - 9/30/2022	301	
Identifying The Role Of CPT1A And Fatty Acid Oxidation In Endocrine Therapy Resistance In ER+ Breast Cancer	COCR22PDF006		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	51,979	
Immunotherapy Checkpoint Inhibitor Efficacy is Dependent Upon a Functionally Unique T Cell Subset	COCR23PRF036		186,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	66,155	
Microbiota-induced regulation of gamma delta intraepithelial lymphocyteimmunometabolism	COCR23PRF029		127,850	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	38,779	
Modeling Cell State Plasticity and Dynamic Heterogeneity in Bladder Cancer Using Genomic Approaches	COCR23PDF028		384,541	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	60,032	
Modulation of Cytosolic NADPH Generation/Level to Suppress Kras-Driven Lung Tumorigenesis	COCR23PDF027		400,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	88,859	
Mutant p53 signaling in breast cancer  Neighborhood Archetypes, Adiposity, and Quality of Life in African American and Hispanic Breast Cancer	COCR22PDF010		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	54,555	
	COCR23PDF029		151,740	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	18,838	
Survivors: The Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic NJCCR Predoctoral Fellowship	COCR23PDF029 COCR23PRF030		90,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	18,838 31,700	
NJCCR: Air Pollution and Risk for Cancer Progression	DCHS20PPC033		100,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022		
Novel Insights Into The Interplay Between Viral RTA And Host Notch To Regulate Lytic Reactivation	DCH320PPC033		100,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	5,252	
In Kaposi'S Sarcoma-Associated Herpes Virus	COCR22PRF007		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	25,157	
Regulation of DNA Repair and Cell Cycle Checkpoints by BRCA1 and TOPBP1	DCHS20PPC002		50,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	610	
Regulatory Mechanism of Oncogenic Chromatin Remodeling	COCR23PDF031		163,065	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	89,305	
Role of Endothelial STAT3 in the Development of Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-cell Toxicities	COCR23PRF006		148,400	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	52,729	
Systematic Examination of the Mechanisms of Cancer Associated Thrombosis	COCR22PRF010		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	26,896	
The Immunosuppressive Role of Leukemia Inhibitory Factor in the Tumor Microenvironment	COCR23PDF030		400,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	90,547	
The Role And Mechanism Of Chronic Stress In Breast Cancer	COCR22PDF008		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	25,698	
The Role Of GPR132 In Regulating T Cell Function During Anti-Tumor Immunity	COCR23PRF034		98,050	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	37,448	
The Role Of IGF1R In Metastatic And Stem-Like Phenotypes Of Breast Cancer Epithelial Cells	COCR23PRF031		97,808	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2024	43,126	
The Role Of Mutant P53 Accumulation And Gain Of Function In Colorectal Cancer	DCHS20PPC004		100,000	1/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	35	
Uncovering The Shared T Cell Specificities In Lung Cancer Patients For The Development Of Novel T Cell	561520116004		100,000	1/1/2020 3/30/2022	33	
Receptor-Engineered	COCR22PDF004		100,000	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2023	2,455	
Understanding Sun Protection And Skin Examination Practices Among Hispanics	COCR22PPR007		50,000	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	6,244	
Understanding The Multilevel Factors Influencing A Mindfulness-Based Mobile Application Service			,		*	
Implementation For Adolescents And Young Adults With Cancer	COCR22PDF003		100,000	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	50,015	
Subtotal Commission on Cancer Research			4,683,696		1,445,294	
Commission on Spinal Cord Research	CSCR22FEL011		150,000	12/1/2021 - 2/28/2025	52,759	
CSCR Fellowship (FY22)						
NJ CSCR Spinal Cord Injury Techniques Training Grant (Engelhard) Role of Guanine-Based Purines after SCI	CSCR19TTT002 CSCR20FEL004		1,984 58,684	3/1/2019 - 11/30/2022 12/1/2019 - 9/30/2022	1,984 461	
Therapeutic Effect of Gsx1 on Spinal Cord Injury (SCI)	CSCR22FEL004 CSCR22FEL016		60,000	12/1/2019 - 9/30/2022	31,435	
Subtotal Commission on Spinal Cord Research	C3CK22FEL010		270,668	12/1/2021 - 2/25/2024	86,639	
Subtotal Commission on Spinal Colu Research			270,000		80,033	
Department of Agriculture						
2022 Geospatial Support Internship	SADC SERVICES AGREEMENT		12,500	1/1/2023 - 3/31/2024	6,486	
Development of the New Jersey Manure Link Website by the Office of Research Analytics at the						
Rutgers New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station	DR00021919_MOA_SNJ-Ag		44,292	11/30/2022 - 11/30/2025	14,218	
FSMA Produce Safety Rule Implementation, Year 6	MOU10212021		108,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	3,641	
Prepare 2022 Farmland Productivity Values as Required Under the Farmland Assessment Act of						
1964 for Department of Agriculture	SA 5.1.21		5,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	253	
Urban Agriculture Strategies for the State of New Jersey: A Proposal to Develop a Plan to Frame						
the Garden States Challenges and Opportunities	Agmt08092021		155,000	9/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	82,580	
Subtotal Department of Agriculture			324,792		107,178	
			<del>-</del>			
Department of Children and Families					4	
Adoption Certificate Program SEC	22COZM		40,187	7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023	(3,460)	
Adoption Certificate Program SEC	23COZM		52,291	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	44,982	
ALMR - DREAM	21-ALMR		455,339	5/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	4,760	
ARC Grow	22 - BQMR		144,808	4/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	88,613	
BVMR - The Boggs Center	EGMR, BVMR		110,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	110,000	
CARRI Program - 22	22 AGMM		158,077	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	2,388	
CARRI Program - FY2023	23AGMM		158,392	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	158,392	
CBMR - CHRP	23 CBMR		114,628	9/30/2022 - 12/31/2023	101,951	
Child and Family Nurse Program	CFNP 2021		2,667,000	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	39,354	
Child and Family Nurse Program FY23	CFNP 2023		2,642,998	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	2,596,654	
Child Health Program	CHP 2022		26,268,840	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	360,151	
			25 051 241	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	25,524,307	
Child Health Program FY23	CHP FY23		25,961,341			
Child Outpatient	22DRMR		43,114	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	(16,635)	
Child Outpatient Child Outpatient	22DRMR 23DRMR		43,114 98,463	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022 7/1/2022 - 10/15/2023	(16,635) 98,463	
Child Outpatient	22DRMR		43,114	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	(16,635)	



State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Current Year	Pass-through to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
					<u> </u>	
rograms, continued:						
Department of Children and Families, continued:	AADCC.		1,374,408	3/9/2020 - 9/30/2022	374,408	
ESSEX MRSS FY 2023 - EGMR - TTA	MRSS 23-EMGR		1,374,408	7/1/2022 - 10/31/2023	374,408 1,575,255	
FY 2023 - LMMR - Mom2Mom	23LMMR		320,320	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	320,320	
FY 2023 CCIS - CCMR	23CCMR		330,137	10/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	321,650	
FY 2023 HGMM Medical Director	23HGMM		293,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	287,160	
FY 2023 N.J. Promise - SOAR BYMR	23-BYMR		25,000	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	15,340	
FY 2023 NJ Promise 2.0 - AKMR	23-AKMR		1,300,000	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	857,049	
FY 22-EGMR - Boggs Center	22EGMR		108,683	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	1,672	
FY 22-EGMR - TTA	22EGMR		1,895,022	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	28,236	
FY 23 AWMP	23AKMP		163,408	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	159,497	
FY 23 AKMP	23AKMP		215,145	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	194,068	
FY2023 KFT-MI	23SXMM		75,538	10/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	72,651	
FY22 DCP&P	22AHMM		118,228	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	2,015	
FY22 SUGM - The HUB	22 SUGM		481,925	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	51,106	
FY22-Medical Director	21HGMM		271,995	1/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	4,166	
FY23 - SUGM The Hub	23SUGM		823,899	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	764,180	
FY23 DCP&P	23AHMM		118,228	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	116,017	
In-Home Recovery Evaluation	MOA 7.13.20		816,397	6/1/2019 - 9/30/2023	42,935	
Keeping Families Together Motivational Interview Training - KFT-MI - Training	22SXMM		244,921	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	2,301	
KFT Training, Coaching and Manual Development	22IHMM		221,500	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	12.850	
Longitudinal Data Reporting SEC	21IJMM		688.678	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022 7/1/2020 - 10/31/2022	12,830	
	21IJWW 22IJMM		,		, -	
Longitudinal Data Reporting SEC			707,807	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	62,819	
Middlesex Mobile	22AXMR		12,406	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	(1,703)	
Middlesex Mobile	23AXMR		17,385	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	17,385	
Middlesex MRSS	MRSS		1,086,078	3/9/2020 - 9/30/2022	86,078	
Mom2Mom	21 & 22LMMR		438,145	1/1/2021 - 10/10/2022	8,915	
New Jersey Statewide Student Support Services (NJ4S) - Vicinage 8	NJ4S - Vicinage 8		3,029,538	4/1/2023 - 9/30/2024	245,376	
NJ ARP Stabilization Grant for 21st CCLC for Coopers Poynt Family School	APR Coopers Poynt		195,000	4/28/2022 - 3/31/2024	26,908	
NJ ARP Stabilization Grant for 21st CCLC for Dudley Family School	ARP Dudley2		195,000	4/28/2022 - 3/31/2024	26,434	
NJ Child Welfare Data Hub	23IJMM		613,333	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	606.649	
NJ DCF (CP&P) Agreement	Mandelbaum 04/25/2018		4,856,007	5/1/2016 - 9/30/2025	705,483	
NJ DCF Child Care Study	MOA 3.6.23		4,000,000	3/6/2023 - 5/31/2026	387,458	
South Brunswick Board of Education - The Cross Road	22 AKMP		429,320	7/1/2021 - 11/11/2022	15,748	
Suicide Prevention TLC	22AUMP		630,780	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	24,867	
Suicide Prevention TLC	23AUMP		786,334	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	732,278	
TLC	22TCMM TLC		40,487	11/30/2021 - 2/28/2023	34,048	
TLC	23TCMM-SUICIDE		33,645	11/30/2022 - 2/29/2024	17,746	
Wellness Self Care for Family Support Organizations	MOU Nov 2022		134,128	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	50,581	
Worker2Worker	21HQMM		393,096	1/1/2021 - 3/24/2023	20,212	
Worker2Worker Wellness Initiative	23HQMM		316,847	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	295,855	
Pass Through - Middlesex County						
Youth and Family Mentoring and Advocacy Program in Middlesex County	2022 YFMAP	New Jersey Promise to	9,500	4/1/2022 - 12/31/2022	9,500	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Success 2.0 Grant				
Pass Through - Prevent Child Abuse - New Jersey Chapter						
Evaluation of American Rescue Plan Supplemental Funding for Community-Based Prevention Programs:						
Prevent Child Abuse-New Jersey	PCANI	Ltr 10-4-22	79,502	2/28/2023 - 5/31/2026	4,304	
Subtotal Department of Children and Families			88,805,292	-,,	37,835,301	
Subtotal Department of Children and Fallines			00,003,232		37,033,301	
Department of Community Affairs						
DCA Freedom Schools	2023-05325-0345-00		188,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	65,622	
Fire/EMS Peer Support Line Services	Fire & EMS Call Ctr FY22		250,000	7/1/2021 - 5/31/2023	53,884	
Fire/EMS Peer Support Line Services	Fire & EMS Call Ctr FY23		262,500	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	231,049	
SNJ-DCA-2022-001	2022-001		966,249	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	129,473	
Uniform Construction Code Training	2020-001		870,077	7/1/2019 - 9/30/2022	(16,104)	
Uniform Construction Code Training	2023-001		1,173,007	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	1,080,863	
Pass-Through - Camden Lutheran Housing						
Rutgers-Camden Center for the Arts North Camden Community Workshop Series	Agrmt 8.28.20	2020-02240-0271-00	10,000	3/1/2020 - 12/31/2022	6,988	
Pass Through - Newark Public Library	•		-,		-,	
Newark Public Library- NCLC	MOU 11.4.21	2019-06169-0458-00	42,400	11/4/2021 - 3/31/2023	27,342	
Subtotal Department of Community Affairs		00103 0430 00	3,762,233	, -,	1,579,117	
			-// 02/200		2,0,0,22	
Department of Corrections						
			750,000	7/1/2020 - 9/30/2024	254,762	
4BlueNI	4BIUFNI Graham 12 & 2020					
4BlueNJ Crisis Response Training Program	4BLUENJ Graham 12.8.2020 ΜΩΔ 22148					
Crisis Response Training Program	MOA 22148		98,143	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2024	4,052	



					Current	Pass-through
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Year	to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Other Programs, continued:						
Department of Education 21st CCLC 2021-22	22E00055		363,676	9/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	118.499	
Developing Strategic And Operational Plans For Expansion To Universal Pre-K	UPK-NJ MOU Dec 2021		180,830	1/11/2022 - 10/31/2022	59,955	-
						-
NJ Safe Schools Program (CY2022 Statewide Main Program Grant)	543-20220015 574-20230020		249,000	12/13/2021 - 3/31/2023	178,077	-
NJ Safe Schools Program (CY2023 Statewide Main Program Grant)			249,000	12/2/2022 - 3/31/2024	72,213	-
Rutgers GSE Community School Partnership Network (CSPN): Diversifying Teachers Project (CSPN:DTP)	21E00184 TE04		250,000	5/10/2021 - 9/30/2022	3,936	-
Pass Through - Camden Board of Education Rutgers Pre-School Program	PO23-00723/ 7/1/2022	5237/20-433-100-500-	2,949,600	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	2,716,838	201.705
Kutgers Pre-School Program	PU23-00723/ 7/1/2022	00-0000	2,949,600	//1/2022 - 9/30/2023	2,716,838	201,705
D. 1 D	22.00405		2.040.000	7/4/2024 44/20/2022	442.427	
Rutgers Pre-School Program 2021-2022	22-00485	4879/20-218-200-321-	2,949,600	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	142,137	-
Was to start to Educate South	00.22.04025	00-0000	0.200	C /4 /2022 0 /24 /2022	7.740	
Wrap-Around Services Enhancement Grant	PO 22-01825	4879/20-218-200-321-	8,298	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2023	7,719	-
6 harden and 45th artis		00-0000	7.200.004		2 200 274	204 705
Subtotal Department of Education			7,200,004		3,299,374	201,705
Department of Education-State Library				-1-1		
FY22 Statewide Library Services	2022-1362		75,000	7/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	1,441	-
FY23 Statewide Services Grant	2023-1382		75,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	74,401	-
NJ Center for the Book Program Grant FY2023	2023-1383		5,400	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	5,400	
Subtotal Department of Education-State Library			155,400		81,242	-
Department of Environmental Protection						
2021-2022 AmeriCorps New Jersey Watershed Ambassadors Program	MOA 11.8.21		1,000	9/8/2021 - 11/30/2022	991	-
AmeriCorps New Jersey Watershed Ambassadors Program- RCE of Union County	MOA09202		2,000	9/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	306	-
Contract to Conduct Coastal Geomorphological Evaluation of Coastal Dune/Beach						
Systems in Support of NJDEP Management Interests	WLM 22-014		30,000	12/19/2022 - 3/31/2026	1,563	-
DEP Lean Six Sigma Green Belt Training	HR22-003		18,090	7/5/2022 - 9/30/2023	18,090	-
Innovative Food Waste Reutilization at Rutgers University to Support Soil Health						
and Climate Change Mitigation	SHW23-006		324,690	3/14/2023 - 5/31/2024	190,332	9,133
Licensed Drinking Water Operators FY21 FY22 & FY23	WS22-012		198,000	4/1/2021 - 12/31/2023	92,158	-
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection - Youth Inclusion Initiative			108,946	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2023	107,659	-
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP)	MOA 9.12.19		3,658	9/12/2019 - 12/31/2023	3,658	-
NJDEP Air FY22	CEHA-2022-Rutgers-00029		41,261	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	41,261	-
NJDEP AIR Training Center FY23	CEHA-2023-Rutgers-20		43,261	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	32,789	-
NJDEP NJ Recycling Certification Series 2022	SHW22-009		137,353	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	30,082	-
NJDEP NJ Recycling Certification Series FY2023	SHW23-016		135,539	7/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	117,883	-
NJDEP NOISE FY23 CEHA	CEHA-2023-Rutgers-18		45,061	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	45,061	-
NJDEP Noise Training Center FY22	CEHA-2022-Rutgers-00030		43,061	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	43,061	-
NJDEP Service Contract 2019-2022	WM19-023		90,000	11/13/2019 - 3/31/2024	7,482	-
NJDEP Youth Inclusion Initiative 2023	PO 23-ADMIN-46573		100,000	6/1/2023 - 8/31/2024	179	-
Online Examinations for Subsurface Evaluators	EN22-001		21,392	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	1,308	_
Parking Lot Designs for Kittatinny Valley State Park & Hopatcong State Park	PF22-013		7,000	3/23/2023 - 6/30/2025	594	-
Supporting Stakeholder Engagement to Advance Development of a New Jersey Ocean Acidification			.,	0,10,100		
Action Plan	OA Outreach and Stakeholder		49,657	11/15/2022 - 12/31/2023	17,115	_
Sustainable Pesticide Management Training	EN22-002		20,885	7/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	10,215	_
The Rutgers NJ Weather Network: Operations and Maintenance	GS22-024		294,000	6/1/2022 - 8/31/2025	178,273	_
Watershed Restoration and Protection Plan for the Hammonton Creek Watershed	WM21-033		203,323	12/2/2021 - 2/29/2024	70,342	_
Pass Through - South Jersey Resource Conservation and Development Council, Inc.	WW.E1 033		203,323	11/1/2021 2/23/2024	70,542	
Manalapan Education and Outreach Phase 2	SA 9.11.19	WM18-011	24,180	7/1/2019 - 12/31/2022	7,512	_
Pass Through - The College of New Jersey	3/13.11.13	***************************************	24,100	7,1,2013 12,31,2022	1,512	
Sustainable and Scalable Food Waste Solutions for Schools	SubAward Agmt 7-6-21	NJDEP 21-01	62,489	4/14/2021 - 9/30/2023	39,952	_
Subtotal - Department of Environmental Protection	545/Wara / Gine / 0 22	10021 21 01	2,004,846	4/14/2021 3/30/2023	1,057,866	9,133
Subtotal - Department of Environmental Protection			2,004,040		1,037,000	3,133
Department of Health						
2020 HIV Prevention Grant	DHST20SPR018		420,186	7/1/2019 - 12/31/2022	(6,605)	_
A Novel Murine Model To Study Potassium Channel Related Autism Spectrum Disorder	CAUT23AFP015		60,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	28,998	_
CHW-HAF	DHST22SPR013		9,122	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	(387)	
CHW-HAP Comprehensive Status Neutral HIV Services For Focus Populations	DHST225PK013 DHST22HIV026		9,122 175,000	1/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	(387)	-
Comprehensive Status Neutral HIV Services For Focus Populations	DHST22HIV032		98,500	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	2,735	-
			98,500 350,000			-
Comprehensive Status Neutral HIV Services For Focus Populations	DHST23HIV008			7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	299,775	-
Cortical Circuits Regulating Social Behaviors	CAUT23AFP013		130,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	65,890	-
Dedicated Grant-in-Aid 2023	MGMT23GIA008		2,500,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	2,432,081	-
DHST Federal HIV Prevention Program 2022	DHST22FPR010		367,103	1/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	211,720	-
DHSTS State Comprehensive HIV Services	DHST22HIV019		486,115	1/1/2022 - 9/30/2022	18,190	-
DHSTS State Comprehensive HIV Services	DHST23HIV037		1,468,185	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	1,417,647	-
DAYAM FY23 NJDOH HIV Services Grant	DHST23HIV038		655,646	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	655,646	-
DHSTS State HIV Prevention Program 2022	DHST22SPR016		136,816	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	133	-



Charles of New Joseph	G	Daniel Barrell		Current	Pass-through	
State of New Jersey Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Grant/Reference Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Year Expenditures	to Subrecipients
	Trumper	rocherying rounder	Amount	Grant remod	Experiarea	Subrecipients
ograms, continued:						
partment of Health, continued:  DHSTS State HIV Services 2022	DHST22HIV017		325,000	1/1/2022 - 8/18/2023	19.056	
Early Intervention Services, Pediatric Tertiary Services 2022	DFHS22EIP004		334,978	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	23,557	
Early Life Microbiota Dysbiosis and Autism: Effects on Neurodevelopment and Behavioral Outcomes	CAUT22AFP011		60,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	13,009	
Education and Training of Health Care Professionals in the Diagnosis and Treatment of HIV	MOA		282,403	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	276,697	
Education and Training of Physicians and Other Healthcare Professionals in the Diagnosis and	WOA		202,403	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	270,037	
Treatment of HIV/AIDS	RT 115391		239,554	7/1/2020 - 2/28/2023	335	
Education and Training of Physicians and Other Healthcare Professionals in the Diagnosis and						
Treatment of HIV/AIDS	Norberg 3.18.2021		303,091	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	2,998	
Elucidating the role of LYN Src Kinase in DNA Repair	COCR22PRF011		50.000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	26.387	
FY 22 Sickle Cell Treatment Services Grant	DFHS22NWB008		75,024	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	12,473	
FY 23 Sickle Cell Treatment Services Grant	DFHS23NWB003		74,756	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	73.933	
FY22 Newborn Screening	DFHS22NWB007		169,100	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	(238)	
FY23 Newborn Screening	DFHS23NWB004		169,506	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	169,506	
FY23 Tertiary Pediatrics	DFHS23EIP002		310,285	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	299,840	
FY23 SIDS Center					269,827	
Hemophilia Services 2022	DFHS23OTR002 DFHS22HEM002		344,906 252,815	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023 7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023	269,827 12,244	
Hemophilia Services 2022 Hemophilia Services FY2023	DFHS22HEM002 DFHS23HEM001		252,815 252,816	7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023 7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023		
					248,006 84	
HIV/AIDS Care and Treatment 2021	DHST21CTR018		671,979	7/1/2020 - 2/28/2023		
HIV/AIDS Care and Treatment 2022	DHST22CTR007		291,684	7/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	(1,556)	
Immune Regulation Of Subventricular Zone Neural Progenitors In The Etiology Of Autism Spectrum Disorders	CAUT22AFP009		130,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2024	65,236	
Improving STD Services in NJ	DHST22SST004		81,508	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	1,118	
Jeremy Lessing- New Jersey Governor's Council for Medical Research and Treatment of Autism New Jersey						
Department of Health	CAUT20AFP004		60,000	5/1/2020 - 10/31/2022	15,361	
Ligand-Directed A-Galactosyltransferase Gene Therapy Using Hybrid AAV Phage Vector For Antitumor						
Immune Response	COCR22PRF003		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	23,926	
MedDental	DHST22SPR013		81,795	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	(465)	
MOA - Zoonotic Disease Epidemiology Professional Services	Zoo Dis Epid 19-22		145,642	8/1/2019 - 10/31/2022	13,597	
Modeling Long-Range Connectivity Deficits in Autism Spectrum Disorders using Cerebral Organoids Neoadjuvant chemotherapy and targeted therapies in ovarian cancer: Racial disparities in use	CAUT23AFP016		60,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	21,481	
and survival outcomes	COCR22PDF007		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	3,471	
Neuropilin 2 Regulates Distinct Cellular Processes in Different Basal Ganglia Neuron Populations	COCR22PDF007		100,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	3,471	
Necessary for Complex Behaviors in Mice	CAUT22AFP008		49,342	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	32,465	
Newborn Screening FY22	DFHS22NWB006		79,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	1,670	
Newborn Screening FY23	DFHS23NWB005		79,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	71,765	
Newborn Screening and Genetic Services 2021-2022	DFHS22NWB012		564,943	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	13,017	
Newborn Screening and Genetic Services 2022-2023	DFHS23NWB010		568,053	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	560,856	
NJ DOH Vaccine Preventable Disease Statistical Analyst	MOA IP13-130102		79,606	1/1/2018 - 8/31/2022	118	
NJ Empower To Prevent : Distance Learning Model	DCHS22DCB004		84,354	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	54,984	
NJ Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring Study (NJ PRAMS)	1 U01DP006622-01-00		643,783	5/1/2021 - 7/31/2024	215,886	
Perinatal Hepatitis B and Other Vaccine Preventable Disease Surveillance	MOA 1/19/17		137,005	1/1/2017 - 8/1/2022	(118)	
Rutgers REACHES Out: Rutgers Enhanced Access to COVID-19 Health Equity Services Outreach Initiative	OOPH22HEA013		842,416	8/1/2021 - 8/31/2023	526,283	
SIDS Center FY22	DFHS22OTR002		330,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	54,139	
The Role of the Autism Risk Gene Celf4 in the Specification of the First Synapses During Early Neocortical						
Development	CAUT22AFP010		54,144	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	29,327	
The Role of Hedgehog Signaling as a Mediator of Diverse Reactive Gliosis Phenotypes Following Traumatic						
Spinal Cord Injury	CSCR22FEL015		60,000	12/1/2021 - 2/29/2024	38,333	
The Role of Sliding in Cohesin Accumulation and Function on Chromosomes	COCR22PRF006		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	25,716	
Tuberculosis Control (TB), Specialty Clinic Services 2022 (DHST22TBS003)	DHST22TBS003		875,470	7/1/2021 - 10/4/2022	17,925	
Vaccine Preventable Disease Statistical Analyst	MOA Vaccine Preventable		139,692	1/1/2017 - 8/2/2022	(118)	
Vets4Warriors	MGMT22GIA011		2,474,987	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	81,410	
Zoonotic Disease Epidemiology Professional Services	Marshall 8/18/2022		197,618	8/1/2022 - 10/31/2023	162,510	
Pass Through - New Jersey Prevention Network	* *			• •		
NJ Colleges & Universities Implementing Tobacco and Smoke-Free Policies (NJ CUITS)	Agmt 1-7-21	DCHS21TPC003	24,000	7/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	614	
NJ Colleges & Universities Implementing Tobacco and Smoke-Free Policies (NJ CUITS) at Rutgers University	Agmt 1-7-22	DCHS23TPC003	12,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	12,000	
NJDOH Quit Center MOA	Steinberg 9/16/2022	DCHS23TPC003	200,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	196,201	
Pass Through - Rowan University	3606.8 3/ 10/ 2022	50.323 0003	200,000	.,_,_,	150,201	
Comprehensive Center for Huntington Disease	63277-1	DCHS22HDS001	99,564	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	99,564	
	032/7-1	DC1132211D3001	33,304	1,1,2022 - 3,30,2023	55,504	
Pass Through - Rowan University, continued:	63274-1	DCHS19HDS002	94,049	7/1/2019 - 8/31/2022	/41	
Huntingtons Disease Center					(1)	
Huntingtons Disease Services	63274-2	DCHS19HDS002	130,119	7/1/2019 - 12/31/2022	(9,362)	
Huntingtons Disease Services	63276-1	DCHS22HDS001	149,240	7/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	3,841	
Subtotal Department of Health			19,791,900		8,938,868	
and the state of Health and Conine Conine						
artment of Health and Senior Services	DUSTRACTORO		424.64	7/4/2024 0/24/2022		
New Jersey State Care and Treatment Grant	DHST22CTR009		134,641	7/1/2021 - 8/31/2022	441	



	Year	ended June 30, 2023			Does through	
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Current Year	Pass-through to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Other Programs, continued:						
Department of Health and Senior Services, continued:						
Investigating The Impact Of Autophagy Deficiency On The Tumor Microenvironment	COCR22PRF005		50,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2023	34,901	-
Subtotal Department of Health and Senior Services			184,641		35,342	-
Department of Health-Division of HIV/AIDS Services						
DHSTS State HIV Services 2023	YVVTQD8CJC79		163,949	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	159,566	-
Subtotal Department of Health-Division of HIV/AIDS Services			163,949		159,566	
Department of Health-New Jersey Commission on Brain Injury Research						
Chronic role of Myeloid panx1 channel's activation in Traumatic brain injury	CBIR20FEL008		72,941	4/1/2020 - 6/30/2023	7,373	_
The Role of the Ubiquitin-Proteasome System in Neuronal Recovery After Traumatic Brain Injury	CBIR20FEL009		100,500	4/1/2020 - 11/30/2023	31,898	-
Subtotal Department of Health-New Jersey Commission on Brain Injury Research			173,441		39,271	-
Department of Human Services						
2022 IFNH and Davison Staff Retention - Phase III - Dec 22	13575 / 13561		16,155	12/15/2022 - 3/31/2024	9,677	_
2022 IFNH and Davison Staff Retention - Students	11476 / 170800085		10,000	5/10/2022 - 8/31/2023	10,000	-
Addiction Outpatient Service-Horizon- M-WRAP Region 3	23-498-ADA-0		212,564	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	209,987	-
Addiction Outpatient Service-Horizon- M-WRAP Region 4	23-498-ADA-0		362,670	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	355,826	-
Addiction Outpatient Service-Horizon-M-WRAP Region 3, M-WRAP Region 4	22-498-ADA-0		390,831	7/1/2021 - 11/11/2022	7,110	-
Adult Protective Services Supervisors and Workers Training Program	MOA 5.11.20		258,468	7/1/2019 - 3/31/2023	94,987	-
Alcohol and Drug Counselor Education	104315		107,921	9/1/2018 - 11/30/2022	18,426	-
Alzheimer COPSA 2022	DOAS22ALZ002		705,553	7/1/2021 - 12/16/2022	125,257	-
Alzheimer COPSA 2023	DOAS23ALZ001		751,800	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	708,113	-
APN Cancer Institute Of New Jersey Grants In Aid	C20101 23-100-046-4230-369-6140		184,052 48,000,000	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023 7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	5,990 48,000,000	-
Community Living Education Project (CLEP) - FY23 Renewal	05ME23C		545,200	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	48,000,000 505,656	-
Community Psychiatry Residency Training Initiative	61009		200,000	6/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	80,847	
Cop2Cop	C50033		1,073,704	7/1/2020 - 4/7/2023	405,645	_
CSS AT-Risk	C20101		300,576	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	7,171	_
CSS Forensic	C20101		60,984	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	1,017	-
CSS Generic	C20101		384,760	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	12,958	-
CSS MESH	C20101		133,534	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	4,266	-
CSS Specialized	C20101		80,376	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	3,395	-
Davison - NJ Child Care Stabilization Grant 2022 - 703341	FR-000696 / 703341		45,000	9/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	17,938	-
Developing A Community-Based, Grants Program To Advance Integration Of Inclusionary Provisions						
Into Healthy Community Efforts With A Focus On Social Determinants Of Health	Herb 7.9.20		756,508	7/1/2020 - 9/30/2024	210,050	4,000
Developmental Disabilities Planning Institute (DDPI) - 2022-2023  Developmental Disabilities Planning Institute-(DDPI)	18ML23R 18ML22R		568,463	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023 7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	506,972	-
DMHAS Emergency Screening	C20101-20		568,463 5,186,710	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022 7/1/2019 - 7/31/2022	6,745 (20,842)	-
DMHAS: ADVANCE EISS FY19 Newark	C30215		488,463	7/1/2019 - 7/31/2022	(1,623)	
DMHAS- County Jail MAT Initiative	2021 - MOA175		714,048	7/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	454,659	_
DMHAS-SOR: Treatment for Uninsured Patients	MOA 20-159A		1,289,204	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2024	638,113	_
DMHAS-The resident Initiative Award	61008		200,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2024	62,840	-
EISS	C20101		967,182	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	44,272	-
Emergency Screening	C20101		2,389,940	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	129,906	-
First Episode Psychosis (FEP)	C60177		457,232	10/1/2020 - 3/31/2023	(4,814)	-
First Episode Psychosis Treatment	C60177		432,777	10/1/2017 - 7/31/2023	(936)	-
FY 2022 First Episode Psychosis	C60177		555,886	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	134,274	-
FY 2023 First Episode Psychosis	C60177		703,566	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	520,629	-
FY 2022 TAC	C50007-22		281,966	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	6,482	-
FY 2022 TAC - Nurs. Leadership State Hosp. Affil.	C50007-22		82,223	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	1,151	-
FY 2022 TAC-ACUTE	C50007-22		263,026	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	5,082	-
FY 2022 TAC-IMR FY 2022 TAC-MICA	C50007-22 C50007-22		162,635 91,764	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022 7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	2,350 6,310	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - APN	20101		182,633	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022 7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	179,874	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - APN FY 2023 DMHAS - CSS At-Risk	20101		306,923	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	280,669	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - CSS Client Assistance	20101		8,711	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	8,079	
FY 2023 DMHAS - CSS Forensic	20101		43,244	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	42,638	
FY 2023 DMHAS - CSS Generic	20101		329,826	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	323,108	
FY 2023 DMHAS - CSS MESH	20101		160,605	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	157,164	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - CSS Specialized	20101		134,131	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	131,303	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - EISS	20101		1,143,763	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	1,113,850	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - EISS Somerset County	20101		458,113	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	402,071	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - Emergency Screening	20101		2,468,700	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	2,356,340	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - Homeless Path	20101		130,598	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	128,329	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - IFSS	20101		146,056	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	143,189	-
FY 2023 DMHAS - IOTSS	20101		184,164	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	174,774	-



State of New Javesy	Grant/Beforence	Does through Entity		Current	Pass-through	
State of New Jersey Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Grant/Reference Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Year Expenditures	to Subrecipients
						,
Programs, continued: epartment of Human Services, continued:						
FY 2023 DMHAS - JIS	20101		93,705	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	92,857	
FY 2023 DMHAS-EISS Hunterdon County	20101		565,826	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	510.493	
FY 2023 TAC	50007 - TAC		282,208	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	280,466	
FY 2023 TAC-ACUTE	50007 - TAC		242,622	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	242,622	
FY 2023 TAC-IMR	50007 - TAC		171,242	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	171,242	
FY 2023 TAC-MICA	50007 - TAC		95,585	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	97,621	
FY 2023 TAC-Nurs Leadership Satte Hosp. Affil	50007 - TAC		100,738	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	100,738	
FY19 Cop2Cop	50033		396,612	7/1/2018 - 12/23/2022	(3,388)	
FY19 Piscataway APN	C20101		177,571	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	33	
FY19 Piscataway Ki N	C20101		650.863	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	131	
FY19 Piscataway Emergency Screening	C20101		1,512,511	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	(30,018)	
FY19 Piscataway Homeless Path	C20101		168,512	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	(238)	
FY19 Piscataway IFSS	C20101		207,465	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	(294)	
FY19 Piscataway IOTSS	C20101		30,037	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	103	
FY19 Piscataway IS	C20101		75,418	7/1/2018 - 3/31/2023	63	
FY19 SH At-Risk	C20101 C20101F		249,996	7/1/2018 - 5/31/2023	(2,342)	
FY19 SH Forensic	C20101F C20101F		249,996 109.631	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023 7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023	(2,342)	
FY19 SH Forensic FY19 SH Generic	C20101F C20101F		109,631 375,814	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023 7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023	(111) (912)	
				7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023 7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023		
FY19 SH Medical	C20101F		114,119		(164)	
FY19 SH Specialized	C20101F		75,154	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023	7	
FY19 TAC & State Hospital Affiliation - Illness Management & Recovery	C50007		168,413	7/1/2018 - 9/13/2022	(500)	
FY22 Newark - APN	C30215		112,110	7/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	2,347	
FY22 Newark - EISS	C30215		901,850	7/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	25,113	
FY22 Newark -Emergency Screening	C30215		579,827	7/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	46,586	
FY22 Newark - NJ Hopeline	C30215		1,598,174	7/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	45,043	
FY23 Newark	C30215		5,156,178	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	4,270,205	
FY24 Newark	C30215 FY24 Newark		1,103,987	7/1/2023 - 9/30/2024	60	
Gambling Disorder Clinician Services Program - Essex County	22-AS 8000		148,799	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	184,285	
Gambling Disorder Clinician Services Program - Gambling Disorder Essex County	23-AS 8000		121,052	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	44,060	
Gambling Disorder Clinician Services Program - Gambling Disorder Middlesex County	23-AS 8000		121,052	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	63,563	
Gambling Disorder Clinician Services Program - Middlesex County	22-AS 8000		28,047	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	28,047	
Gambling Provider Training Initiative	22-983-ADA-0		31,642	2/1/2022 - 3/31/2023	31,764	
Gambling Provider Training Initiative	23-983-ADA-0		16,652	1/1/2023 - 9/30/2023	15,768	
Home Health Aide Capacity Building Implementation and Evaluation	Ltr 3-29-22		307,211	1/1/2022 - 4/30/2024	307,211	
Homeless PATH	C20101		173.246	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	1,419	
IEI/IMR/TPH/CSS-FY2022	40011		1,705,438	7/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	39,210	
IFNH - NJ Child Care Stabilization Grant 2022	FR-000703 / 711849		90,000	9/1/2021 - 3/31/2024	41,406	
IFSS	C20101		158,013	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	3,033	
Implementation of Evidence-Based First Episode Psychosis Services for Central NJ	C60177		370,082	11/1/2016 - 7/31/2023	(50)	
IOTSS	C20101		156,579	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	37,677	
JIS	C20101		65,868	7/1/2021 - 6/30/2023	7,807	
Needs Assessment and Language Access Plan Development for DHS-Office of New Americans	MOU Aug 2022		211,962	10/1/2021 - 7/31/2023	173,926	
NJ ARP Stabilization Grant - Rutgers CLC-ELRA	FR-003257		90,000	6/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	173,926	
NJ ARP Stabilization Grant - Rutgers CLC-ELRA	FR-003255		195,000	6/1/2022 - 3/31/2024	47,330	
NJ DMHAS_IEI, TPH, IMR & CSS Projects	40011		1,873,138	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	1,873,138	
NJ Promise for Clinical High Risk for Psychosis - CHRP	C60191		84,894	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	28,019	
NJ Substance Abuse & Mental Health Services/IDP (NJSAMS/IDP)	MOA #104 Renewal		4,502,007	10/1/2020 - 12/31/2023	1,752,309	
Opioid Dependent Pregnant & Parenting Women	2020#166A and Rutgers/RWJMS-OC		622,340	1/1/2020 - 1/1/2024	214,495	
Recovery @ Rutgers: Sustaining an Environment that Supports Successful Recovery and						
Responsible Choices	22-715-ADA-0		245,100	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	31,623	
Recovery @ Rutgers: Sustaining an Environment that Supports Successful Recovery and						
Responsible Choices	23-715-ADA-0		245,100	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	239,728	
Regional Coalition Evaluation Year 8	19-777-ADA-0		140,779	1/1/2019 - 10/31/2022	(3,560)	
Support Team for Addiction Recovery (STAR) Program	22-948-ADA-0		711,957	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	147,090	
Support Team for Addiction Recovery (STAR) Program	23-948-ADA		662,288	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	502,554	
Supporting Students in Recovery @ Rutgers-New Brunswick	23-991-ADA-0		375,000	10/1/2022 - 5/31/2024	162,027	
Supporting Students In Recovery: Recovering Housing And Support To Prevent And Reduce						
Substance Abuse On College Campuses In New Jersey	23-990-ADA-0		450,000	10/1/2022 - 5/31/2024	258,813	
Telephone Recovery Support - STORI (22-947-ADA) - Renewal	22-947-ADA-0		346,160	10/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	91,303	
Telephone Recovery Support - STORI (23-947-ADA) - Renewal	23-947-ADA		341,861	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	268,325	
The Elizabeth M. Boggs Center on Development Disabilities: Technical Assistance, Training &				*****		
Information Dissemination in Developmental Disabilities FY21	04ME23C		3,928,702	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	3,111,212	
University Behavioral Healthcare Centers-Newark Grants In Aid	23-100-054-7700-030		6,251,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	6,251,000	
			0,231,000	,, 1, 2022 - 0, 30, 2023	0,231,000	
University Behavioral Healthcare Centers-Newark Grants In Aid	23-100-054-7700-031		11,945,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	11,945,000	



	Year	ended June 30, 2023				
State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Current Year	Pass-through to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Other Programs, continued:						
Department of Human Services, continued:						
Pass Through - Legal Services of New Jersey  Detention and Deportation Defense Initiative	Gupta 2.16.22	MGZMWV3AFPY5	2,401,535	11/1/2020 - 9/30/2023	996,578	
Subtotal - Department of Human Services	Gupta 2.16.22	IVIGZIVIW V3AFP13	130,130,343	11/1/2020 - 9/30/2023	93,592,047	57,899
Subtotal - Department of Human Services			130,130,343		93,592,047	57,833
Department of Human Services-Division of Developmental Disabilities						
ASD Screening Project	P7GE20N		131,535	7/1/2019 - 11/30/2023	(2,628)	-
ASD Screening Project	P7GE22N		180,043	7/1/2021 - 10/31/2022	29,414	-
Community Living Education Project (CLEP) - FY22 Renewal	05ME22C		545,202	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	13,966	-
Mom2Mom - Grown Up	06ME23C		71,633	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	68,806	-
Mom2Mom Grown Up	06ME21C		88,235	1/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	12,045	-
The Elizabeth M. Boggs Center on Development Disabilities: Technical Assistance, Training & Information						
Dissemination in Developmental Disabilities FY21	04ME22C		3,601,743	7/1/2021 - 12/1/2022	61,468	-
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Developmental Disabilities			4,618,391		183,071	
Department of Human Services-Division of Disability Services						
Public Health - Human Services Learning Collaborative	Wharton 3/24/2023		48,440	2/1/2023 - 11/30/2023	31,093	
Redefining Access: Creating Safe, Inclusive and Equitable Spaces for Youth with Disabilities in Newarks	Wilditoli 3/24/2023		40,440	2/1/2023 - 11/30/2023	31,053	-
PreCollege and Career Pathway Programs	09GIHC		100,000	1/11/2021 - 1/31/2023	36,183	
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Disability Services	OSGINC		148,440	1/11/2021 - 1/31/2023	67,276	
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Disability Services			140,440		07,270	•
Department of Human Services-Division of Family Development						
Grow NJ Kids Training Services	GNJK18001		13,266,461	1/1/2018 - 10/31/2022	280	-
Hiring and Retention Bonus Grant	9366		7,000	2/1/2022 - 9/30/2022	(154)	-
Hiring and Retention Bonus Grant-Coopers Poynt	8892		28,603	3/1/2022 - 5/31/2023	23,603	-
Hiring and Retention Bonus Grant-Dudley Family School	8895		31,682	3/1/2022 - 5/31/2023	23,682	-
New Jerseys 2020 Child Care Market Price Study	MOU 5.22.20		77,800	4/1/2020 - 9/30/2022	(535)	-
NJ ARP Stabilization Grant	CHK #224384832		195,000	9/1/2022 - 3/31/2024	96,751	-
NJ Retention Bonus Grant	8636/8638		31,000	1/31/2022 - 10/31/2022	31,000	-
Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Family Development			13,637,546		174,627	
Department of Human Services-Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services  Northern New Jersey Medications for Addiction Treatment Center of Excellence (NNJ-MATrx-COE)	Zerbo 5/8/19		5,536,121	4/1/2019 - 1/31/2023	56,297	
						-
Northern New Jersey Medications for Addiction Treatment Center of Excellence (NNJ-MATrx-COE)  Subtotal Department of Human Services-Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services	Zerbo 5/8/19 Amend 5 - COE		1,584,581 7,120,702	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	1,549,685 1,605,982	<u>:</u>
Subtotal separation of Haman Services Statistical Assistance and reduct services			7,120,702			
Department of Labor						
Adult ESL and Literacy Certificate Grant	MOU Sept 2022		736,952	9/1/2022 - 11/30/2024	191,914	-
New Jersey Nurse Residency Collaborative	GAINS-R1-FY2021		303,486	6/15/2021 - 3/15/2023	172,120	-
New Jersey Nurse Residency Collaborative	GAINS-R1-FY2022-Rutg		376,754	4/29/2022 - 9/30/2023	364,309	-
New Jersey Nurse Residency Collaborative	FY23 GAINS Program		631,285	1/1/2023 - 9/30/2024	106,440	-
NJFC Food Council Rutgers PD - FY2021	S4J-FY2021-RU-071		149,400	6/1/2021 - 8/31/2022	25,851	-
NJHC Healthcare Consortium Rutgers HC - FY2021	S4J-FY2021-RU-070		149,400	6/1/2021 - 8/31/2022	1,715	-
NJPC Prof Development Consortium Rutgers PD - FY2021	S4J-FY2021-RU-068		149,000	6/1/2021 - 8/31/2022	4,581	-
Subtotal Department of Labor			2,496,277		866,930	-
Department of Law and Public Safety						
NJ Victim Assistance Academy (NJVAA) - FY23	ADM-1-20		300,000	10/1/2022 - 12/31/2023	191,054	-
Resilience Police Officer (RPO) Program	Cop2Cop / MOA 5.10.22		125,213	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022	124,742	-
Resilience Police Officer (RPO) Program FY23	MOA		160,000 585,213	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	124,530 440,326	
Subtotal Department of Law and Public Safety			585,213		440,326	
Department of Law and Public Safety-Office of Emergency Management						
Advancing Climate Change Resilience In New Jersey: Intersecting Science Informed Data Visualization Tools						
With Guidance And Vulnerability Assessment To Inform Resilience And Hazard Mitigation Planning	463198-A		500,000	9/15/2020 - 6/30/2024	22,999	-
Subtotal Department of Law and Public Safety-Office of Emergency Management			500,000		22,999	
			<del></del>			<del></del>
Department of Military and Veterans Affairs	MON Web2Web		202.202	7/1/2021 11/20/2022	22.00	
NJ Vet2Vet NJ Vet2Vet	MOA Vet2Vet VL23P27		383,260 400,000	7/1/2021 - 11/30/2022 7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	32,964 381,527	-
NJ VETZVET  Subtotal Department of Military and Veterans Affairs	VLZ3PZ/		783,260	1/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	414,491	
Subtotal Department of Military and Veterans Affairs			/63,200		414,491	-
Department of State						
Agricultural Experiment Station	21-100-074-2415-001		24,026,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	24,026,000	-
FICA Reimbursements	N/A		99,120,770	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	99,120,770	-
Fringe Benefits Other Than FICA	N/A		110,402,872	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	110,402,872	-
General University Operations Support Cancer Institute Of New Jersey	23-100-074-2410-179		5,000,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	5,000,000	-



	Year er	nded June 30, 2023				
State of New Jersey Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Grant/Reference Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Current Year Expenditures	Pass-through to Subrecipients
Other Programs, continued:  Department of State, continued:						
General University Operations Support New Brunswick	23-100-074-2410-001		194,090,748	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	194,090,748	_
General University Operations Support Child Health Institute	23-100-074-2410-180		1,700,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	1,700,000	-
General University Operations Support School Of Biomedical And Health Sciences	23-100-074-2410-181		132,785,167	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	132,785,167	-
General University Operations Support Special Needs Dental	23-100-074-2410-195		250,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	250,000	-
General University Operations Support Camden	23-100-074-2416-003		33,979,131	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	33,979,131	-
General University Operations Support Newark	23-100-074-2417-003		57,049,058	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	57,049,058	-
Infrastructure Needs Assessment (Phase 1)	DR23205		116,960	4/1/2023 - 6/30/2024	10,544	-
Promise Parent Leadership Academy AmeriCorps 2020-2021	Payne 9.9.2021		82,784	9/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	50,022	-
Subtotal Department of State			658,603,490		658,464,312	<u>-</u> _
Department of State-Business Action Center						
NJ Business Actions Center of the Department of State	BAC22-SBDC-002		894,884	7/1/2021 - 11/10/2022	309,611	296,837
NJ Business Actions Center of the Department of State	BAC23-SBDC-002		1,000,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	999,001	· -
Subtotal Department of State-Business Action Center			1,894,884		1,308,612	296,837
Production of the state of the						
Department of State-New Jersey Historical Commission  NJHC GOS	HC-GOS-2022-00010		120,293	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	2,447	-
NJHC GOS	HC-GOS-2022-00010		120,293	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	120,151	
William Count Basie Archival Processing Project	HC-PRO-2021-025		23,250	10/1/2020 - 3/15/2023	9,981	
Subtotal Department of State-New Jersey Historical Commission	110 1110 2021 023		263,836	10/1/2020 3/13/2023	132,579	
Substati Department of State New Jersey Historical Commission			200,000		102,073	
Department of State-New Jersey State Council on the Arts						
Mastering Theater Arts RCCA AESI Project	C-2215B040006		24,960	7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023	4,771	-
NJSCA FY23	C-2305X020022		183,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	181,096	-
Rutgers Camden Center for the Arts AESI Project	MOA		24,960	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	22,965	-
Rutgers Camden Center for the Arts General Program Support	C-2314X020009		250,100	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	233,675	-
Rutgers-Camden Center for the Arts General Program Support	C-2214X020088		250,073	7/1/2021 - 2/28/2023	42,712	
Subtotal Department of State-New Jersey State Council on the Arts			733,093		485,219	<u> </u>
Department of the Treasury						
Green Stormwater Infrastructure (GSI) Partnership	DPMC GSI		61,981	7/1/2021 - 10/31/2023	2,761	_
New Jersey Powerful Families, Powerful Communities: Creating Child Welfare Change	MOA		439,863	7/1/2021 - 12/31/2023	274,445	17,520
NJ Promise 2.0 - AKMR	22AKMR		1,687,818	10/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	661,058	- ,,,,,,,
NJ Promise 2.0 - AKMR-SOAR	22AKMR		24,544	10/1/2021 - 1/31/2023	14,868	-
NJCAN Technical Assistance and Training 2021-2022	531-20220004		91,744	9/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	33,337	-
Prepare 2022 Farmland Productivity Values as Required Under the Farmland Assessment Act of						
1964 for Division of Taxation	SA 6.10.21		10,000	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	504	-
Subtotal Department of the Treasury			2,315,950		986,973	17,520
Department of Transportation						
Bicycle and Pedestrian Resource Center	TO 381 & 382		1,200,000	1/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	358,687	19,999
Development of Bluebeam Training Materials and Delivery	22-70054		38,491	12/8/2022 - 3/31/2024	10,872	
FHWA Local Highway Finance Reporting 3	21-60174 / Z0E1D00S477		55,000	5/13/2022 - 7/31/2023	18,710	-
New Jersey Department of Transportation 24th Annual Research Showcase	2021RU/ 23-60176		119,552	5/20/2022 - 8/31/2023	103,651	-
Safe Routes to School Support Program 2021-22	TO 381 & 382		1,225,000	1/1/2021 - 3/31/2023	366,728	60,685
Subtotal Department of Transportation			2,638,043		858,648	80,684
Higher Education Student Assistance Authority	2504 400 074 2504 004		4.245.402	7/4 /2022 6 /20 /2022	4 245 402	
Educational Opportunity Fund - Article IV	2601-100-074-2601-001		4,216,492	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	4,216,492	<u> </u>
Subtotal Higher Education Student Assistance Authority			4,216,492		4,216,492	
New Jersey Commission on Science, Innovation and Technology						
NJ Commission on Science and Technology	NJCSIT_12-03-21		40,000	12/3/2021 - 3/31/2023	23,635	-
Subtotal New Jersey Commission on Science, Innovation and Technology			40,000		23,635	-
No. 1						
New Jersey Council on Developmental Disabilities  NJCDD Partners in Policymaking the Boggs Center on Developmental Disabilities FY22	MOU NJCDD/Boggs Center FY2022		62,238	7/1/2021 - 9/30/2022	2,208	
						-
NJCDD Partners in Policymaking the Boggs Center on Developmental Disabilities FY23	MOU NJCDD/Boggs Center FY2023		72,292	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	57,345 <b>59,553</b>	
Subtotal New Jersey Council on Developmental Disabilities			134,530		55,553	<u>-</u>
New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority/Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund						
CIF - Life Sciences Center - Phase II Building	507519		1,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	1,000	
Subtotal New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority/Higher Education Capital			_,550	, ,,,		·
Improvement Fund			1,000		1,000	-



State of New Jersey	Grant/Reference	Pass-through Entity	Award		Current Year	Pass-through to
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster title	Number	Identifying Number	Amount	Grant Period	Expenditures	Subrecipients
,,,,						
Other Programs, continued:						
New Jersey Economic Development Authority						
New Jersey Economic Development Agency: NJ Wind Institute Fellowship Program	MOU EDA		282,000	4/7/2022 - 6/30/2024	239,180	-
NJ Wind Institute Fellowship Program at Rutgers University	MoU WIND Council Fellowship		844,800	2/24/2023 - 1/31/2026	49,482	-
NJ Zero Emission Incentive Program (NJ ZIP)	DR22043		498,041	2/7/2023 - 10/31/2024	59,470	-
NJEDA Wind Institute University Initiatives Program	Brennan 3/24/2022		125,000	3/24/2022 - 6/30/2024	35,342	
Subtotal Treasury-New Jersey Economic Development Authority			1,749,841		383,474	<u> </u>
New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority						
DAYAM-Family Planning Facility Upgrade Forgivable Loan Program AKA Reproductive Health Security						
Grant Program (RHSGP)	485872.1		132,893	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	35,992	-
Subtotal New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority			132,893		35,992	
New Jersey Higher Education Technology Infrastructure Fund						
HETI 047-35 Network Equipment Repl & Refresh	511716		48	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	48	-
Subtotal New Jersey Higher Education Technology Infrastructure Fund			48		48	
New Jersey Transit Corporation						
NJ Job Access Reverse Commute (JARC) Customer Survey	NJ-JARC		190,000	2/1/2023 - 10/31/2024	16,096	
Subtotal New Jersey Transit Corporation			190,000		16,096	<u> </u>
Office of Legislative Services						
Henry J. Raimondo New Jersey Legislative Fellows Program	CK#0012997529; 0013676992		759,000	7/1/2012 - 9/30/2023	69,000	-
State House Express Civics Education Program	CK#A0013382925		510,000	7/1/2005 - 9/30/2023	47,269	-
Subtotal Office of Legislative Services			1,269,000		116,269	
Office of the Secretary of Higher Education (OSHE)						
2020 (FY21) Governors School of Engineering & Technology - New Jersey at Rutgers	FY21 Governor's School		87,625	1/1/2021 - 7/31/2022	(292)	-
Hunger Free Rutgers Camden	FY23 Hunger-Free		74,997	7/1/2022 - 11/30/2023	31,708	-
FY2023 Hunger-Free Campus Grant	OSHE Grant Ltr April 2023		30,000	7/1/2022 - 9/30/2023	24,749	_
New Jersey State Policy Lab	Shapiro 12.11.22		1,000,000	12/21/2022 - 3/31/2024	227,222	-
NJ State Policy Lab	Shapiro 5.13.2021		1,579,733	5/1/2021 - 12/31/2022	945,594	28,797
OSHE: Some College, No Degree statewide partnership with ReUp Education	Leipold 1/30/23-6/30/23		28,000	1/30/2023 - 9/30/2023	20,899	-
Pass Through - Bergen Community College			,	-,,	,	
Bergen Community College Transition Center – Training and Consultation Services	Wharton 3/1/23-6/30/23	Subcontract 6-21-22	15,642	3/1/2023 - 9/30/2023	11,564	-
Subtotal Office of the Secretary of Higher Education (OSHE)			2,815,997		1,261,444	28,797
State of New Jersey/Building Our Future Bonds						
BOF 047-43 Camden Nursing School	5860742400007		60,000	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	60,000	_
Subtotal State of New Jersey/Building Our Future Bonds			60,000	1,2,2022 2,20,2020	60,000	
•						
VA New Jersey Health Care System  VA Airborne Hazards and Burn Pits Center of Excellence	IPA-Parrott 9.14.2021		30,175	9/30/2021 - 12/29/2022	14,457	
	IFA-F8110tt 5.14.2021		30,175	3/30/2021 - 12/23/2022	14,457	
Subtotal VA New Jersey Health Care System						
Subtotal Other Programs			965,779,655		820,884,898	779,744
Total Expenditures of State Awards			\$ 1,178,723,449	\$	963,881,759 \$	7,971,661

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Year ended June 30, 2023

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The purpose of the schedule of expenditures of State financial assistance (the schedule) is to present a summary of those activities of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (the University) for the year ended June 30, 2023, which have been financed by the State of New Jersey (State awards). For purposes of the Schedule, State awards include all State of New Jersey assistance and sub-awards from non-State organizations made under State sponsored agreements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of New Jersey Office of Management and Budget Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the 2023 basic financial statements. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the activities of the University, it is not intended to and does not present either the financial position, changes in financial position, or cash flows of the University. The University has included expenditures and adjustments on prior year grant awards where extensions have been granted from funding agencies or additional funding is expected from funding agencies.

The accounting principles followed by the University in preparing the accompanying schedule are as follows:

- Student Financial Assistance Disbursements are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting for awards made to students and for allowable administrative expenses of running such programs.
- Awards other than Student Financial Assistance Disbursements (expenditures) for direct costs are recognized as incurred using the accrual method of accounting and the cost accounting principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Under those cost principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Moreover, expenditures include a portion of costs associated with general University activities which are allocated to State expenditures under negotiated formulas commonly referred to as facilities and administrative (F&A) costs rates. F&A costs applicable to these cost recoveries are classified as unrestricted expenses in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Credit disbursement amounts typically result from grant or contract closing adjustments or transfers.
- Certain State awards are reported on the Schedule in which the University has not received the
  executed grant award or contract from the State or an extension on a pre-existing award; however, the
  University is required to report to the State the expenditures in the fiscal year in which they are
  incurred.

#### (2) Indirect Cost Rate

The University has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



KPMG LLP Suite 4000 150 John F. Kennedy Parkway Short Hills, NJ 07078-2702

# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Governors
The Board of Trustees
Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2024. The financial statements of Rutgers University Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Rutgers University Foundation.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no



instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Short Hills, New Jersey February 9, 2024



KPMG LLP Suite 4000 150 John F. Kennedy Parkway Short Hills, NJ 07078-2702

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State of New Jersey Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid

The Board of Governors
The Board of Trustees
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State of New Jersey Program

Opinion on Each Major State of New Jersey Program

We have audited Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey Office of Management and Budget *State Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major State of New Jersey programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The University's major State of New Jersey programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State of New Jersey programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State of New Jersey Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* (New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08). Our responsibilities under those standards and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State of New Jersey program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the University's State of New Jersey programs.



#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the University's compliance with the requirements of each major State of New Jersey program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the University's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
  over compliance in accordance with the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-002. Our opinion on each major State of New Jersey program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the University's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University is also responsible for preparing a corrective action plan to address the audit finding included in our auditors' report. The University's response and corrective action plan were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response or the corrective action plan.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.



A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State of New Jersey program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State of New Jersey program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 and 2023-002 to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the University's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University is also responsible for preparing a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in our auditors' report. The University's responses and corrective action plan were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses or the corrective action plan.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards Required by the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

We have audited the financial statements of the University as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2024, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of State of New Jersey awards for the year ended June 30, 2023 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 and is not a required part of the 2023 financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2023 financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 financial statements or to the 2023 financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of State of New Jersey awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2023 financial statements as a whole.



Short Hills, New Jersey March 28, 2024

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

#### (1) Summary of Auditors' Results

- a. Type of report issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles: Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, a component unit of the State of New Jersey (the University), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- b. Internal control deficiencies over financial reporting disclosed by the audit of the financial statements:
  - Material weaknesses: No
  - Significant deficiencies: None reported
- c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements: No
- d. Internal control deficiencies over major programs disclosed by the audit:
  - Material weaknesses: Yes (2023-001 and 2023-002)
  - Significant deficiencies: None reported
- e. Type of report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- f. Audit findings that are required to be reported under New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 for the year ended June 30, 2023: **Yes (2023-001 and 2023-002)**
- g. Major programs:
  - Student Financial Assistance Cluster
  - Child Health Program
  - FICA Reimbursements
  - Fringe Benefits Other Than FICA
- h. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$3,000,000
- i. Auditee qualified as a low risk auditee: Yes
- (2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards

None

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

#### (3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to State of New Jersey Awards

#### 2023-001 Eligibility

Student Financial Assistance Cluster:
Commission on Higher Education
Educational Opportunity Fund – Article III
Higher Education Student Assistance Authority
New Jersey Stars II
Tuition Aid Grant
Urban Scholars – Governor's

Grant Numbers: 2601-100-074-2601-001, 2155-100-082-2160-058, 2150-100-082-2150-007, 2150-100-

082-2150-012

**Statistically valid sample:** No and it was not intended to be.

Repeat finding: Not a repeat finding.

Finding Type: Material weakness

#### Criteria:

In accordance with State of New Jersey requirements, the University shall maintain internal controls over State of New Jersey programs designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in compliance with State of New Jersey statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the State of New Jersey award that could have a direct and material effect on a State of New Jersey program.

During fiscal year 2023, the University implemented a new system called Oracle Student Financial Planning (OSFP) which is used to package the students' financial aid. The system performs the following functions:

- Determines eligibility of students using various inputs, including information obtained from the Federal Student Aid Record and student enrollment and demographic information. This information is also used to calculate the cost of attendance, calculated need and the State of New Jersey award amounts.
- Disburses student financial assistance to students.

The internal controls over these functions are considered automated controls for the applicable compliance requirements.

#### **Condition and Context:**

In order to gain comfort over the automated application controls, we tested the applicable information technology general controls particularly in the areas of logical access and program changes. During our testwork, it was noted that the University did not follow its standard policies and procedures to monitor appropriate user access and program changes to the new OSFP system.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

Related to user access, it was noted that there are thirty-five users assigned to the role System Administrator. With this level of access users have the capability to change configuration, develop scripts and deploy changes. Additionally, we noted that some of the users develop and deploy code indicating there is no segregation of duties between the developer and the implementer.

Related to program changes, it was noted that while changes to OSFP are documented in a project tracking software or a spreadsheet, they are not consistently documented as to which code is deployed to OSFP production, whether the developed code is tested and approved, and who deployed the code. Additionally, any changes that were tracked, were only maintained for 6 months.

#### Cause:

The system was new in fiscal year 2023 and the University's standard policies and procedures were not followed for the system during the fiscal year.

#### Effect:

As the general information technology controls over the OSFP system were determined to be ineffective the related downstream key application controls could not be relied upon or tested. Such key application controls include: calculation of a student's need, calculation and application of cost of attendance, determination of a student's eligibility to receive federal and state awards and calculation of awards based on a student's need and cost of attendance. Additionally, there were no manual controls over these key compliance areas to mitigate the inability to rely upon the application controls.

#### **Questioned Costs:**

No questioned costs were noted as a result of the audit procedures performed as the finding was related only to internal controls and not to non-compliance.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend that the University implement all standard policies and procedures for general IT controls for this system, including those related to logical access, program changes and the retention of documentation of program changes to ensure an effective general information technology control environment.

#### **Views of Responsible Official:**

Management agrees with the finding.

Management has documented and implemented system release management practices for the OSFP system. All change requests, updates and approvals for the OSFP system will be tracked in a project tracking software. A dedicated OSFP administrator was onboarded, to segregate duties within the technical team, with the capability of deploying changes to production. A new access role was also implemented which will limit some of the permissions, and the majority of the thirty-five users were moved to this more limited role. Finally, a recertification process will be developed and a recertification will be completed annually for the OSFP system.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

#### 2023-002 Eligibility

Student Financial Assistance Cluster:
Commission on Higher Education
Educational Opportunity Fund – Article III
Higher Education Student Assistance Authority
Tuition Aid Grant

Grant Numbers: 2601-100-074-2601-001, 2150-100-082-2150-007

Statistically Valid Sample: No, and it was not intended to be

Prior Year Finding: Not a repeat finding.

Finding Type: Material Weakness and Noncompliance

#### Criteria:

Title 9A, New Jersey Administrative Code, Chapter 9, Subchapter 2.9 states that State grants, scholarships and other financial assistance cannot exceed the student's cost of attendance as determined by the institution.

#### **Condition and Context:**

We selected forty students for testwork who received state financial aid disbursements during the year and noted the following:

Two students in our sample were awarded non-need based aid that resulted in the students being
awarded in excess of their cost of attendance. After further analysis provided by the University, it was
determined that a total of ninety-six students were over-awarded by \$437,213. The funds which were
over awarded and also over-disbursed were not State of New Jersey funds.

In addition, as noted in finding 2023-001, the general information technology controls over the new Oracle Student Financial Planning (OSFP) system were determined to be ineffective and as such the related downstream key application controls could not be relied upon. Therefore, controls related to this compliance requirement could not be tested.

#### Cause:

For the students awarded in excess of cost of attendance, the additional non-need based aid was awarded to the student and manually applied to the student's account, which resulted in the cost of attendance to be overridden and the student to be awarded in excess of the student's cost of attendance.

#### Effect:

Ninety-six students were over-awarded, however, none of these students were over-awarded State of New Jersey financial aid.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

#### **Questioned Costs:**

As no students were over-awarded State of New Jersey financial aid, there are no questioned costs.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend that the University implement controls to prevent awards to students in excess of their cost of attendance. The University should ensure that internal controls implemented are functioning as designed.

#### Views of Responsible Officials:

Management agrees with the finding.

The over-awards in the first issue were caused by manual intervention in student packaging when additional financial aid funds were added by staff members. In OSFP, manual awarding overrides the system edits in place to prevent over-awarding from occurring. The aid awarded should have been adjusted downward as to not exceed the total cost of attendance.



Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

# <u>Findings Related to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards</u>

None

#### Findings Related to State of New Jersey Awards

2023-001 Eligibility

Agency: Commission on Higher Education, Higher Education Student Assistance Authority

**Program Titles:** Educational Opportunity Fund – Article III, New Jersey Stars II, Tuition Aid Grant,

Urban Scholars – Governor's

Grant Numbers: 2601-100-074-2601-001, 2155-100-082-2160-058, 2150-100-082-2150-007, 2150-100-

082-2150-012

Contact Person: Ellen Law, AVP OIT Enterprise Application Services, 848-445-5064

**Corrective Action:** Management has documented and implemented system release management practices for the OSFP system. All system change requests, updates and approvals are being tracked in a project tracking software. A dedicated Oracle Student Financial Planning (OSFP) administrator has been onboarded, to segregate duties within the technical team, with the capability of deploying changes to production. A new access role was implemented which limited some of the permissions, and the majority of the 35 users were moved to this more limited role. A recertification process was developed and the recertification was performed in July 2023. In the future, recertifications will be completed annually.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** Completed

2023-002 Eligibility

Federal Agency: Commission on Higher Education, Higher Education Student Assistance Authority

**Program Titles:** Educational Opportunity Fund – Article III, Tuition Aid Grant

**Grant Numbers:** 2601-100-074-2601-001, 2150-100-082-2150-007

Contact Person: Jean McDonald Rash, AVP Enrollment Services, 848-932-2605

Corrective Action: In order to correct the issue of students being awarded in excess of their cost of attendance, a weekly report has been developed to capture any student whose financial aid, from any source, exceeds the assigned cost of attendance. The Financial Aid Processing team in University Enrollment Services receives and resolves the issues in the report weekly to ensure that students are not awarded in excess of their assigned cost of attendance.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** Completed